HWR/ENT MOR 000 501924



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION 7 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

DEC 0 2 2009

Mr. Junior Flowers Full Owner Scott Tie Company Inc. And Missouri Tie and Timber Highway 72 West Reynolds, Missouri 63666

Dear Mr. Flowers:

On September 15, 2009, representatives of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) inspected your facility. The inspection was conducted under the authority of Section 3007 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). A copy of the inspection report is enclosed for your information.

EPA is presently reviewing the findings of the report to determine your facility's compliance with the applicable statutes, permits, or regulations. If it is determined that violations exist, EPA reserves all rights it may have to take appropriate enforcement action, regardless if any violations were subsequently corrected.

If there are any questions regarding this report or actions that you may want to take, please contact me at (913) 551-7887.

Sincerely,

Compliance Officer

RCRA, Enforcement and State Programs Branch

Enclosure

Mr. Dennis Hansen cc: Missouri Department of Natural Resources MDNR Regional Office RECEIVED

DEC 03 2009

Hazardous Waste Program MO Dept. of Natural Resources



REPORT OF RCRA COMPLIANCE SAMPLING INSPECTION

AT

SCOTT TIE COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Highway 49
Vulcan, MO 63675
EPA ID Number: Non-Notifier
and

MISSOURI TIE & TIMBER

Highway 72 West Reynolds, MO 63666 (573) 689 - 2040 EPA ID Number: MOR000501924

> ON September 15, 2009

BY
U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Region VII
Environmental Services Division

1.0 Introduction

At the request of the Air and Waste Management Division (AWMD), I performed a focused Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) compliance sampling inspection at Scott Tie Company, Inc. in Vulcan, MO and at Missouri Tie & Timber in Reynolds, MO on 9/15/09. Both facilities have the same owner and are related. The purpose of the focused inspections was to collect samples at the same locations as the 3/25/04 sampling inspections. The analytical data from both facilities will be used to determine if levels of contamination have diminished at the Scott Tie Company, Inc. facility. I conducted the inspections under the authority of RCRA Section 3007(a), as amended. This report and attachments present the results of both inspections.

2.0 Participants

Scott Tie Co., Inc. (Scott Tie) and Missouri Tie & Timber: Junior Flowers, Full Owner

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):
Dedriel L. Newsome, Environmental Engineer (Lead Inspector)
Jim Aycock, EPA RCRA Compliance Officer

3.0 Inspection Procedures

Upon arrival at the Missouri Tie & Timber facility at about 8:30 A.M., Mr. Aycock and I met Mr. Flowers. I explained the purpose and procedures of the inspections and presented Mr. Flowers with my EPA credentials. He was made aware of their confidentiality rights and informed that a Confidentiality Notice would be provided at the end of the inspections to make any claims. Mr. Flowers was provided with a copy of US Federal Code 1001 and 1002 concerning false statements and documents to read. I reviewed the previous 3/25/04 inspection reports with Mr. Flowers and asked him about changes at both facilities since then. I did not review all waste streams in detail since both inspections were focused sampling inspections. Mr. Aycock and I then collected a sample and duplicate of the wood preservative solution (samples #4544-1 and #4544-1FD) at Missouri Tie & Timber.

Mr. Flowers, Mr. Aycock, and I then drove to the Scott Tie facility in Reynolds, MO. We conducted a visual inspection of the previous 3/25/04 sampling locations. Mr. Aycock and I collected soil samples from the same previous soil sampling locations, plus two additional soil samples of fresh wood preservative drippage (samples #4545-1 through #4545-6). The previous water samples were not repeated since there was insufficient water accumulated on-site.

I collected photographs with a digital camera. They are included as photos 1 through 22 and are listed in the photo log. The Entry/Exit checklist completed for both inspections is included as attachment 1.

At the conclusion of the inspection, I summarized the findings and recommendations with Mr. Flowers. I did not again provide Mr. Flowers with compliance assistance documents since they were provided during the previous inspections. I provided Mr. Flowers with a Confidentiality Notice and a Receipt for Documents and Samples which he signed as acknowledgment of receipt (see attachments 2 and 3). No confidential business claims were made during the inspection.

4.0 Findings and Observations

4.1. RCRA Status / Facility Operations

The wood preserving regulations became effective on 12/6/90, and established the F034 listing which consists of wastewaters, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from plants that use creosote formulations. However, this F034 listing was a non-HSWA provision, and therefore, not applicable in Missouri as the state has not adopted this listing. Therefore, waste meeting this listing description would be a hazardous waste only if it is characteristic.

In general, railroad ties are treated at the Missouri Tie & Timber facility using creosote. They are then transported to Scott Tie, a storage area and rail spur, to be shipped to the customer. The previous 3/25/04 RCRA inspection report for Scott Tie and the previous 3/7/01 and 3/25/04 RCRA inspection reports for Missouri Tie & Timber should be reviewed for a detailed facility

process and waste stream description. A summary of the 3/7/01 and 3/25/04 inspections is as follows:

- The 3/7/01 Missouri Tie & Timber inspection involved sampling the wood preservative waste (a combined waste stream of process drippage, process residues, filter residue, and tank bottoms). The waste was analyzed for TCLP semi-volatiles, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and TCLP metals. The wood treating waste did not exceed the TCLP regulatory limits, although it did contain high levels of PAHs that are also listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. One of the criteria EPA uses to determine if a solid waste is listed as a hazardous waste is to determine if it contains any of the toxic constituents listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. The constituents on the list have been shown in scientific studies to have toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic effects on humans or other life forms. Missouri Tie & Timber continues to manifests their creosote process waste as an F034 hazardous waste (see attachment 4). The waste shipped may also be hazardous if it contains any unused creosote, U051. According to the listing, U051 consists of discarded commercial chemical creosote products or offspecification commercial chemical creosote products. Mr. Flowers stated that they do not generate any unused creosote.
- The 3/25/04 inspections at both facilities involved a complaint investigation regarding crossote wood preservative releases on the roads between Missouri Tie & Timber and Scott Tie and at the Scott Tie facility. The inspections included collecting soil and water samples at Scott Tie and analyzing them for total semi-volatiles, including PAHs. It also included collecting a wood preservative waste sample from Missouri Tie & Timber that was analyzed for total semi-volatiles, including PAHs. The Scott Tie soil sample results were compared to a soil background sample and to the Missouri Tie & Timber wood preservative waste sample to determine if wood preservative releases had occurred. Based on the sampling results, it was determined that crossote releases had occurred.

The focus of this 9/15/09 sampling inspection was to collect samples at the same locations as the 3/25/04 inspections. Based on the levels of contamination in the soil samples previously collected at Scott Tie (i.e., if they have diminished considerably in this current sampling) and if the contaminant levels are now below health-based levels, then EPA can determine whether further action is required.

Missouri Tie & Timber submitted a Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity on 11/13/01. They notified as a small quantity generator (SQG) of F034 hazardous waste. Scott Tie has not submitted a Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity. For the EPA and MDNR RCRA databases, I updated Scott Tie's EPA RCRA Handler Information Report and Missouri Notification and Waste Stream Information sheet which are included as attachments 5 and 6. This RCRA database information was not updated for Missouri Tie & Timber, since it was a focused inspection and I did not review all their waste streams or visually inspect that facility.

4.2. Changes Since the Previous Inspections

I asked Mr. Flowers if they have had any process or chemical changes since the previous RCRA inspections. He noted the following changes, clarifications, and/or additional information:

Missouri Tie & Timber

- The name of the saw mill on-site is Reynolds Wood Products. Missouri Tie owns the green products (untreated wood) stored on-site. Missouri Tie & Timber owns the wood treatment facility on-site.
- There are seven full-time employees in addition to two managers.
- The Missouri Tie & Timber facility is about 40 acres total.
- As of about four to five months ago, Missouri Tie & Timber now uses a 50-50 creosote preservative blend for wood treatment. They purchase P1 Creosote Oil and Heavy Fuel Oil in bulk (see attachments 7 and 8 for MSDS). They then blend the two chemicals in a 50-50 blend (5000 gallons each) on-site.
- The creosote wood preservative waste is being manifested as F034 waste to Clean Harbors in Eldorado, AR (see attachment 4 for latest manifests).

Scott Tie

- The Scott Tie site is about 12 to 12.5 acres.
- The oldest treated ties on-site are about three to four months old.
- Since the previous inspection, there is less treated wood being stored on-site due to the railroad no longer having a large backlog.
- Missouri Tie & Timber last shipped treated wood to Scott Tie the day of the inspection, 9/15/09.
- Scott Tie currently has about 38,707 creosote treated railroad ties on-site.
- Missouri Tie & Timber ships up to six loads of treated wood to Scott Tie per
- operating day.
- Currently there are six railcars on-site and one was in the process of being loaded at the time of the inspection. The other five railcars will not be loaded until they receive clearance from the railroad according to Mr. Flowers. This is because the destination for these railcars is a rail spur in Idaho which is currently unavailable.
- Mr. Flowers stated that they have not had any spills and they have not removed or covered over any sampling areas since the previous inspection. He stated that they have spread the larger type gravel on the driving paths, but not on any of the storage areas. At the time of the inspection, I observed apparent fresh creosote drippage where treated ties were being stored. This was based on the dark stains and/or oil sheens.

5.0 Sampling

5.1. Purpose and Objective

The purpose and objective of the previous sampling inspections was discussed in the Quality Action Project Plan (QAPP) included in the previous inspection reports. As stated above, the purpose of this 9/15/09 focused sampling inspection was to collect samples at the same locations

as the previous 3/25/04 inspections. Based on the levels of contamination in the soil samples previously collected at Scott Tie (i.e., if they have diminished considerably in this current sampling) and if the contaminant levels are now below health-based levels, then EPA can determine whether further action is required.

5.2. Weather Conditions

The weather was warm and cloudy. It had rained the previous day.

5.3. Sampling Procedures

In general, the sampling procedures were as discussed in the QAPP and the samples were collected as stated on the Field Sheets (see attachment 9).

5.4 Samples Collected / Sample Locations

The sample numbers and locations collected previously and during this current inspection are listed in Table #1 below. The current locations are also shown on the layout in attachment 10. The previous and current sampling locations were the same, except that the previous water samples were not repeated due to insufficient available water, the background sample was not repeated due to the use of previous data, and two additional soil samples were collected (samples #4545-5 and 4545-6). The two additional samples were collected because a new type of preservative was being used and fresh drippage was observed with an oil sheen where treated wood was actively being stored.

TABLE #1

3/25/04 SAMPLE #	9/15/09 SAMPLE#	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	3/25/04 PHOTO NUMBERS IN PREVIOUS INSPECTION REPORT	9/15/09 PHOTO NUMBERS
1/1FD	4545-2	Scott Tie - Northwest Soil and Duplicate	20	17, 18
2	4545-1 / 4545-1FD	Scott Tie - Southwest Soil	23	11, 12, 13
3	4545-3	Scott Tie - Southeast Soil	24	4, 7
4	4545-4	Scott Tie - Northeast Soil	25	3, 9, 10
5	Not repeated	Scott Tie - Background Soil	26	N/A
101/101FD	None available to sample.	Scott Tie - North Puddle and Duplicate	2, 21	N/A
102	None available to sample.	Scott Tie - South Puddle	22	N/A
201/201FD	4544-1 / 4544-1FD	Missouri Tie & Timber - Creosote Preservative	(3 and 4 in Missouri Tie & Timber inspection report)	1 and 2
N/A	4545-5	Scott Tie - Southeast Soil 2 (where fresh drippage was observed)	N/A	5, 6, 7, 8
N/A	4545-6	Scott Tie – Northwest Soil 2 (where fresh drippage was observed)	N/A	14, 15, 16

The field sheets which contain the sample descriptions and the Chain-of-Custody forms are included as attachments 9 and 11. Mr. Flowers did not request split samples when I offered, therefore they were not provided.

5.5 Analytical Results

The analytical results are included as attachment 12A and 12B. Attachment 12A includes the total semi-volatile data reported to the Reporting Limits (RL). Attachment 12B includes the total semi-volatile data reported to the minimum detection limits (MDLs) and the calculated TCLP semi-volatiles. To compare the levels of contamination in the samples previously collected on 3/25/04 to the current levels, the analytical results are listed in the table included as attachment 13. The following is a summary of the analytical results.

- The creosote preservative samples collected at Missouri Tie & Timber were less than
 the previous 3/25/04 values, except for the shaded boxes in attachment 13 for the
 creosote preservative samples #4544-1 and 4544-1FD. One constituent was higher
 than the previous 3/25/04 MDL and the remaining were not comparable. The results
 for the constituents that could not be compared were because the detected values or
 MDLs were less than the previous MDLs.
- The 4-methylphenol (p-creosol) constituent was detected in the Missouri Tie & Timber wood preservative samples at 530 and 490 mg/kg (see attachment 12A). This was above the TCLP regulatory limit of 200 mg/L. After receiving this analytical data, I also requested the TCLP semi-volatile results on the samples. The laboratory determined that the TCLP for 4-methylphenol was less than the regulatory limit of 200 mg/L based on laboratory procedures for calculating the TCLP (calculated by dividing the total by 20). However, 40 CFR 261.24 states that where the waste contains less than 0.5% filterable solids, the waste itself, after filtering, is considered to be the extract for TCLP analysis. Since the exact amount of filterable solids in the samples is unknown, I recommend that a TCLP analysis be conducted on the wood preservative wastes at Missouri Tie & Timber. The wood preservative wastes generated at Missouri Tie & Timber are discussed in the previous 3/7/01 inspection report. It should be noted as stated above, that the wood preservative wastes that are shipped off-site are currently being manifested as a F034 hazardous waste (although F034 is not listed for cresol). However, some creosote drippage was observed on the ground during the 3/7/01 Missouri Tie & Timber inspection.
- The soil sample constituents that have diminished since the previous inspection are the
 constituents where the detected values were lower than the previous detected values or
 where the MDLs were lower than the previous detected value.
- The soil sample constituents that have not diminished since the previous inspection are the constituents where the detected values were higher than the previous detected values or the previous MDLs; (See the shaded boxes in attachment 13 for soil samples #4545-1 through 4545-4.)

- For some of the soil sample constituents, it is unknown whether the values have diminished since the previous inspection because the values are not comparable. This would be the case for the following: (1) the detected values or MDLs were less than the previous MDLs; and (2) the MDLs were higher than the previous MDLs. (See the shaded boxes in attachment 13 for soil samples #4545-1 through 4545-4.)
- For the fresh drippage soil samples (4545-5 and 4545-6), all the detected values were higher than the background values by a factor of more than two (see attachment 13). Based on this, creosote releases have occurred at Scott Tie. Also, as stated in the previous 3/25/04 inspection report, one of the criteria used to determine if a solid waste is listed as a hazardous waste is to determine if it contains any of the toxic constituents listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. The detected constituents in attachment 13 that are listed in Appendix VIII have been shown in scientific studies to have toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic effects on humans or other life forms.

5.5 QC Analysis

According to the QAPP, the acceptance limit for the precision assessed via field duplicates will be less than or equal to 50 percent relative percent difference. The precision was calculated for the detected PAHs. The relative percent difference falls within the acceptance limits (see attachment 14).

Deduc Newsome

Dedriel L. Newsome Environmental Engineer

Date: 11/13/09

Attachments

- 1. Entry / Exit Checklist (1 page)
- 2. Confidentiality Notice (1 page)
- 3. Receipt for Documents and Samples (1 page)
- 4. Creosote Waste Manifest (1 page)
- 5. EPA RCRA Handler Information Report (1 page)
- 6. Missouri Notification and Waste Stream Information Sheet (1 page)
- 7. P1 Creosote Oil MSDS (7 pages)
- 8. Heavy Fuel Oil (4 pages)
- 9: Field Sheets for 4544 and 4545 (9 pages)
- 10. Facility Layout With Sampling Locations and Photo Locations (2 pages)
- 11. Chain-of-Custody for 4544 and 4545 (2 pages)
- 12. Analytical Results for 4544 and 4545
 - A. Results for 4544 and 4545 Reported to the RL
 - i. Results for 4544 and 4545 Reported to the RL (6 pages)
 - ii. Results for 4544 and 4545 Reported to the RL (9 pages)
 - B. Results for 4544 Reported to the MDLs (9 pages)
- 13. 3/25/04 and 9/15/09 Sampling Results Comparison Table (1 page)
- 14. QC Data (1 page)

Photo Log (2 pages)

Also see attachment 10, page 2 for photo directions.

Photographs (12 pages / 22 photos)

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3.	Obvious concerns visible from p	public right-of-way (p	photos)? ☐ Yes 🗹	No .		
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SIT	E ENTRY AND INBRIEFING			•		,
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				Title:		
3.	Does representative have Intima	ate knowledge of all	waste management p	ractices? Yes No	How long In position?	
4.	Introduction:			,		•
	Presented credentials Dentiled presence at correct f Description authority to conduct Explained authority to conduct Explained the purpose, scope Dexplained documentation pro photo's, notes, statements Explained facility's right to da	ct inspection (Section e, and order of the in- cess - worksheets, on etc	n 3007 of RCRA) ispection	☐ Explained responsibility provided copies of Soldentified personal safor Completed Multimedia Provided SBREFA hare ☐ Obtained GPS reading	a screening checklist ndout	and facility
5.	Was full access granted?	Yes 🛭 By facilit	ty representative Oti	her (name):		
	□ No - Access denied Nan	me of person denying	p access:		Time of denial:	
	Reason for denial, or limitations	placed on access:			•	
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ĖXI	T BRIEFING			· ·	•	
1.	Reviewed all data collected and	documented all con-	cems or violations?	ÚYes □No	•	•
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i)	☐ Identified/verified violations fr ☐ Addressed all unresolved ins ☐ Summarized findings and obs	pecuon relateo issue	is become analysis	applicable)		
٠,	NOV issued? ☐ Yes E	No 🗆 Violations	s clearly identified and	l explained, including: circu	mstances, location, and applicab	l e
12	☐ Explained the Importance of a ☐ Explained that findings and of ② Explained that compliance of ☐ Explained that recommendatl ② Provided facility with CBI form ☑ Prepared Document Receipt	bservations are base ficer will make the fin lons provided are for n	ed on your current kno	on and that all compliance	he final findings may differ questions should be directed tow a specific actions by the facility)	ard them are a
3.	Specific Information requested f	rom facility? (□ Yes ☑ No			
4.	Facility appears to have awaren		**	vn environmental staff?	IYes 🗹 No	_
5.	Facility has copy of applicable r	egulations? المخرور الم	OYes □No		•	
ė	A 1414	**************************************	DOV DINAN	•		

ATTACHMENT___Page___of___

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

Facility Name	
Scott 112	
Facility Address	
Vulcan MO	
Inspector (print)	
Dedrie Newsome	
U.S. EPA, Region VII, 901 N. 5th St., Kansas City, KS 66101 Date 7/15/09	
The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is obligated, under the Freedom of Information Act, to release information collected during inspections to persons who submit requests for that information. The Freedom of Information Act does, however, have provisions that allow EPA to withhold certain confidential business information from public disclosure. To claim protection for information gathered during this inspection you must request that the information be held CONFIDENTIAL and substantiate your claim in writing by demonstrating that the information meets the requirements in 40 CFR 2, Subpart B. The following criteria in Subpart B must be met: 1. Your company has taken measures to protect the confidentiality of the information, and it intends to continue	
 No statute specifically requires disclosure of the information. 	
 Disclosure of the information would cause substantial harm to your company's competitive position. 	
Information that you claim confidential will be held as such pending a determination of applicability by EPA.	
I have received this Notice and <u>DO NOT</u> want to make a claim of confidentiality at this time.	•
Facility Representative Provided Notice (print) Signature/Date	
Junior Flances Green 7/11/	0
	/
I have received this Notice and DO want to make a claim of confidentiality.	
Facility Representative Provided Notice (print) Signature/Date	
Tacinty Representative Florided Profile (print)	
Information for which confidential treatment is requested:	

ATTACHMENT_2_Page___of___

(Rev:1/19/00)

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY RECEIPT FOR DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES

Į	Scott Tie
	VUICGN, MO
0	Ocuments Collected? YES / (list below) NO
s	Samples Collected? YES // (list below) NO Split Samples: YES NO_//
	Documents/Samples were: 1)Received no charge 2)Borrowed 3)Purchased
	Amount Paid: \$ Method: Cash Voucher To Be Billed
t	The documents and samples described below were collected in connection with the administration and enforcement of the applicable statute under which the information is obtained.
•	*************************
	Receipt for the document(s) and/or sample(s) described below is hereby acknowledged:
	MO Tiet Timber
_	Creusote MSDS (7pgs)
_	Oil MSDS (4pgs)
_	Sample # 1/1FD Crecsote Prestruative
·	" Manifest (Ipg)
GSS	scott Tie
	Sample # 1/1FD Soil (same 95 3/25/04) 17 7/11
_	2 Soil #NIFP 3
	3 501
_	4 50:1
_	5 So.) North Side in Metive Avea
	6 Soil West Sido " 11
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_	
ľ	Facility Representative (print) Signature/Date
	Junior Flowers Christon flower 9/15/04
	Dedriel Newsome Signature/Date Nausomo 9/15/9
	U.S. EPA, Region VII, 901 N. 5th Street, Kansas City, KS 66101
L	(rev: 1/20/93)

ATTACHMENT 3 Page 1 of 1

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20.	. Designated Facility Owner or	r Operator: Certification of receipt of	hazardous materials covers	t od by the manifest excep	x as noted in Nen	n 18a					
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HANDLER INFORMATION REPORT

2009

Procedures for Inspectors performing Site Visits

If the facility wants to make a change, they must complete a Notification of Regulated Waste Activity form # MO780-1164, and send it to the Department of Natural Resources, Waste Management Program, PO Box 176, Jefferson City, MO 65102. The form can be found at http://www.dnr.mo.gov/forms/780-1164.pdf

If during the course of the site visit, the inspector/investigator becomes aware of any changes which should be made to the information printed on this form, please make the corrections and return the form to: Beth Koesterer, AWMD/RESP.

EPA RCRA ID Number:

MORO00518233 - ADMINISTRATIVE ID NUMBER - DO NOT RELEASE

Name of Company/Site:

SCOTT TIE CO INC

Location of Site:

HWY 49 4 MI S OF HWY 49 & K

VULCAN, MO 63675

IRON County

Land Type:

in vate

NAICS:

321114 - Wood Preservation

Mailing Address:

NA Highway 72 West NA, MO NA Reynelds, MO 63666

Site Contact:

UNKNOWN , UNKNOWN JUTHER Flowers

Phone Number: -

573-689-2040

Address:

UNKNOWN UNKNOWN Highway 72 West. UNKNOWN, MO Reynolds, MO 63666

Current Owner of Site:

Address:

Owner Type:

Current Operator of Site:

Address:

Operator Type:

TYPE(S) OF REGULATED ACTIVITY:

None

No known Haz Wester generated at time

Hazardous Wastes Handled:

I 04/12/04 N

Certified by State/EPA

on 04/12/04 by

COLLEEN THOMAS 04/12/04

Date of Site Visit: 9/15

Name of Inspector (Please print): (Check one): Q EPA R7 ENSV

ATTACHMENT.

-pull

Notification And Waste Stream Information

Epa 1D MOR000518233 Missouri 1D 040479 Facility Status Administrative Number Date EPA Id Issued 04/12/2004 Notification Update Was Received: 04/12/2004 Record Add/Changed: Company Name SCOTT TIE CO INC Facility Address - HWY 49 4 MI S OF ANNAPOLIS LOCATED/INTER VULCAN, MO 63675 County IRON Latitude Decimal Format 0.000000 Longitude Decimal Format 0.000000 Collection Site Method Of Collection Mailing Address HAY 49-4 MIS OF ANNAPOLIS LOCATED/INTER Highway 7.2 West
KULCAN, MO 63675
Reyneld, 1906 63666 VLILGAN, MO-63675--Contact Person/Position Junior Flowers/Conser Phone Number 573 - 689 - 2040 Facility.Owner 59m = Facility's Owner Address Highway 70 West Reynolds, MC 63666 Owner's Phone Number 513-181-2040 Owner Type I'mive te Property Owner's Name Scott Tiz Propety Owner's Address -Property Owner Type Property Owner's Phone Number SIC Code 321114 ☐ TSD Facility TSD Identification Number: Generator/Facility Information is Confidential Large Quantity Handler Of Universal Waste RCRA Identification Number: Registered EPA Hazadous Waste Numbers No known haz waste generated at time of inspection

Material Safety Data Sheet

CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

Version: 2

Date Issued: 03/31/08

MSDS No. 614839

SECTION A CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION IS

COMPANY:

KMG-Bernuth, Inc.

10611 Harwin, Suite 402

Houston, Texas 77036

PHONE NUMBER:

800-322-8177

EMERGENCY PHONE:

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

NAME USED ON LABEL:

Creosote Oil

PRODUCT USE:

Wood Preservative

IDENTITY	CAS NUMBER	TYPICAL %	OTHER INFORMATION
Coal Tar Creosote (AWPA P1/P13)	8001-58-9	98.5 %	Mixture of aromatic and
•			heterocyclic hydrocarbons
Phenanthrene	85-01-8	< 14.15	Max. impurity level
Flouranthene	206-44-0	< 7.45	Max. impurity level
Pyrene	129-00-0	< 5.80	Max. impurity level
Acenaphthene .	83-32-9	< 7.80	Max. impurity level
9H-Fluorene	86-73 - 7	<6.60	Max. impurity level
Naphthalene	91-20-3	< 16.15	Max. impurity level
Dibenzofuran	132-64-9	< 4.50	Max. impurity level
Anthracene	120-12-7	< 3.80	Max. impurity level
Benzo (a) anthracene	56-55-3	< 1.50	Max, impurity level
Chrysene	218-01-9	< 1.50	Max, impurity level
Biphenyl	95-52-4	< 1.50	Max, impurity level
Indeno (1,2,3-c,d) pyrene	193-39-5	< 0.10	Max, impurity level
Quinoline	91-22-5	< 0.06	Max. impurity level
Benzo (a) pyrene	50-32-8	< 0.40	Max. impurity level
p-Xylene	106-42-3	< 0.02	Max. impurity level
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	205-99 - 2	< 0.30	Max. impurity level
Benzo (j) fluoranthene	205-82-3	< 0.20	Max. impurity level
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	207-08-9	< 0.20	Max, impurity level

SECTIONS: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store neat heat or open flame. Close container after each use.

HEALTH HAZARDS: WARNING. May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes skin and eye irritation, which is accentuated by sunlight. May cause severe burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breath vapors or spray mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Wash thoroughly after skin contact, before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 4.: FIRST AID MEASURES = CONTINUED.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

1F ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

HOTLINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-322-8177 for emergency medical advice.

NOTE TO PHYSCIAN: Contains petroleum distillate - vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 155° C (> 311° F) ASTM D-93 (Pensky Marten Closed Cup)

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: Product is not self-igniting.

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (STP): Not Determined

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: For small fire, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or foam. For large fire, preferably use water/fog. Alternatively, use foam. Cool containing vessels with water in order to prevent pressure build-up, auto-ignition or explosion. Contain run-off to prevent contamination of surface waters.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke are present.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Noxious fumes (carbon monoxide, acrid smoke) may be emitted under fire conditions. Water sprays may cause frothing or eruption in closed tanks.

HMIS RATING: Health 2 Fire 1 Reactivity 1

NFPA RATING: Health 2 Fire 1 Reactivity 1

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 2

IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE: Wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, rubber boots over shoes and socks, chemical resistant waterproof gloves, protective chemical safety goggles and a NIOSH-approved pesticide respirator or air-supplied respirator. Absorb with sand, earth, etc., sweep up and place in an approved chemical container. Use non-sparking tools and remove ignition sources. Do not allow product to contaminate surface waters and don't flush to sewer systems.

Dispose in accordance with applicable Federal, State ad local regulations. Contaminated materials must be handled and managed as s RCRA Hazardous Waste and treated before disposal in an approved landfill. This waste is

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES CONTINUED

fied in 40 CFR 268,

identified by the EPA as a U051 Hazardous Waste and must meet the treatment standards specified in 40 CFR 268, Subpart D. A RCRA Hazardous Waste Storage Permit is required for storage of wastes beyond 90 days.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep closures tight and upright to prevent leakage. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store above 140° F.

SECTION(8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION)

WARNING: May be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes skin and eye irritation, which is accentuated by sunlight. May cause severe burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breath vapors or spray mist. Use with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Wash thoroughly after skin contact, before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Examples of acceptable materials for protective clothing (e.g., gloves, overalls, jackets, and boots) required during application and handling of creosote are polyvinyl acetate (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), neoprene, butyl rubber, or nitrile.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt (or jacket) and long pants
- · Shoes (or boots) plus socks
- · Chemical resistant gloves
- Protective eyewear
- · Chemical resistant apron or overalls

Additionally, for applicators who manually open pressure treatment cylinder doors, who enter such cylinders or related equipment or who are exposed to wood treatment vapors (see below for more details):

 Properly fitting, well-maintained, NIOSH-approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter.

Individuals must wear gloves impervious to the wood treatment formulations in all situations where dermal contact with creosote is expected (e.g. handling freshly treated wood and manually opening cylinder doors).

Individuals who manually open cylinder doors must wear gloves and a respirator.

Individuals who enter pressure treatment cylinders and other related equipment that is contaminated with wood treatment formulation (e.g., cylinders that are in operation or are not free of the treatment formulation) must wear protective clothing (including overalls, jacket, gloves, and boots) impervious to the wood treatment formulation and a respirator.

Avoid inhaling vapors. If inhalation of vapors cannot be avoided, applicators must wear a properly fitting, well-maintained half-mask cartridge or canister respirator which is NIOSH-approved.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION CONTINUED.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS: Applicators must not eat, drink, or use tobacco products during those parts of the application process that may expose them to the wood treatment formulation (manually opening/closing cylinder doors, moving trams out of cylinders, mixing chemicals, and handling freshly treated wood). Wash thoroughly after skin contact and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products, or using restrooms.

Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Applicators must leave protective clothing and work shoes or boots at the plant. Worn-out protective clothing and equipment must be disposed of in any general landfill, in the trash or in any other manner approved for pesticides.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS:

OSHA TWA (benzene-soluble fraction)

ACGIH TWA (benzene-soluble fraction)

NIOSII recommended TWA 10 hours (cyclohexane-extractable fraction)

0.2 mg/m³
0.1 mg/m³
0.1 mg/m³

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE STANDARDS: Not established

VENTILATION: Use in areas of adequate natural ventilation or provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentration of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

EYE PROTECTION: See PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) above.

BODY PROTECTION: See PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) above.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: See PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) above.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Eyewash station and safety shower in work area.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

FORMULATION: Concentrate

PHYSICAL STATE: Oily, viscous liquid

COLOR: Dark Brown

ODOR: Strong aromatic, tar-like
BOILING POINT: >194° C (>381° F)
MELTING POINT: Not applicable

FREEZING POINT:

VAPOR PRESSURE:

VAPOR DENSITY:

Not available

~13 mm Hg @ 25° C

>1.0 (air = 1.0)

EVAPORATION RATE: <1.0 (Butyl acetate = 1.0) SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.03 - 1.18 (Avg. = 1.09)

BULK DENSITY: 8.60 - 9.85 lbs/gal (Avg. = 9.1 lbs/gal)

SOLUBILITY'IN WATER: Insoluble (~322 ug/mL)

pH VALUE: 7-8

% VOLATILES: 475 g/l (3.96 lbs/gal)

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Excessive heat and open flame

MATERIALS TO AVOID:

Strong acids, especially chlorosulfonic acid

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS:

Oxides of carbon.

Incomplete combustion may lead to formation of carbon

monoxides and/or other asphyxiates.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

SECTION II: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE ORAL LDso:

725 mg/kg (rat)

433 mg/kg (mouse)

ACUTE DERMAL LDso:

7950 mg/kg (species not identified)

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE:

Acute overexposure may be fatal if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin. Causes skin and eye irritation, which is accentuated by sunlight. May cause severe burns. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breath vapors or spray mist. Use with adequate ventilation.

Ingestion: Irritation of the gastrointestinal tract followed by nausea and vomiting, abdominal discomfort, rapid pulse, etc. May be fatal.

Inhalation: May cause irritation to the respiratory tract, dizziness, respiratory difficulty, convulsions. May be fatal.

Eyes: May cause irritation, which is accentuated by sunlight and may cause severe corneal injury, including keratitis, conjunctivitis and corneal abrasion.

Skin: May cause irritation, which is accentuated by sunlight and may cause severe burns.

Cancer Hazard: Prolonged and repeated skin exposure over many years in the absence of recommended hygienic practices may lead to changes in skin pigmentation, benign skin growth and in some cases, result in skin cancer. In addition, prolonged and repeated breathing of product vapor at levels above the recommended exposure level may present a lung cancer risk.

Creosote is listed as and NTB carcinogen, an IRC probable carcinogen.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

MARINE POLLUTANT: This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not apply directly to any body of water or wetlands. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Dispose in accordance with applicable Federal, State ad local regulations. Product wastes must be handled and managed as s RCRA Hazardous Waste and treated before disposal in an approved landfill. This waste is identified by the EPA as a U051 Hazardous Waste and must meet the treatment standards specified in 40 CFR 268, Subpart D. A RCRA Hazardous Waste Storage Permit is required for storage of wastes beyond 90 days.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Bulk Tanks: Triple rinse (or equivalent) and wash with appropriate cleaners before reusing.

TREATED WOOD DISPOSAL: Wood which has been treated with this product should be discarded by burial or ordinary trash collection. Do not burn treated wood in an outdoor fire or in stoves or fireplaces because toxic chemicals may be produced as part of the smoke and ashes.

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: UN 3082, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Creosote), 9, III, Marine Pollutant (Creosote), RQ (Creosote)

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION 1.25G

UNITED STATES EPA: EPA Reg. No. 61483-9

EPA Signal Word - WARNING

OTHER:

SARA 311 Hazards Classification: Immediate, Delayed, Fire

SARA 313 Toxic Chemicals: See Section 2 for list of chemicals, CAS numbers and maximum concentration by % weight.

REPORTABLE QUANTITIES:

Creosote - 8001-58-9: 1 pound

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - Contains chemicals known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity.

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION (CANADA): Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A, very toxic material.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE OIL

(AWPA P1/P13)

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Reason for MSDS Revision: General periodic review and update.

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof KMG-Bernuth, Inc. (Company), makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Company be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon Information. NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS.

MSDS No.: 614839 Revision No.: 2

Supersedes: March 24, 2005 Date: March 31, 2008 Prepared by Scott Hathorn III

Prepared by Scott Hathorn III
Approved by Scott Hathorn III



MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET MSDS # 61-AS4

SINCLAIR HEAVY FUEL OIL

TRADE NAME:

Heavy Fuel Oil

APPLICATIONS:

Fuel in boilers and heaters

SYNONYMS:

Shurry, No. 5 Fuel Oil, decent, Low Sulfur No. 6, High Sulfur No. 6, No. 6 Fuel Oil

CAS REGISTRY#:

64741-82-4

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

Hydrocarbon Mixture

EMERGENCY PHONE:

CHEMTREC - (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887 (collect)

SUPPLIER:

Sinclair Oil Corporation

P.O. Box 30825

Salt Lake City, Utah 84130

TELEPHONE / FAX:

(888) 340-3466 / (801) 524-2740

COMPONENTS:	CAS#	Typical wt.%
Crecked Heavy Oil	64741-62-4	Up to 99
No. 2 Diesel	68478-34-6	0-10
Flux	68512-62-9	0-50
Napihalene	91-20-3	0-2

APPEARANCE: Thick Dark Brown Oil

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

ODOR: Strong Hydrocarbon

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Can cause Eye and Skin Irritation, Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

INHALATION: None expected under normal conditions, use with adequate ventilation

EYE CONTACT: May cause eye irritation.

SKIN CONTACT: Repeated skin contact with components of this material may cause harmful effects.

INGESTION: Based on animal testing, the oral scute toxicity is presumed to be slight to moderate.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if breathing becomes difficult or respiratory imitation persists. If breathing stops, use resuscitation measures

EYE CONTACT: Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention promptly.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash contact areas with soap and water. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather articles.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical assistance promptly.

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FLASH POINT ("F): 150 "F

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: LEL - 1% UEL - 5%

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: 765°F

FLAMMABILTY CLASSIFICATION: Flammable Liquid

GENERAL HAZARD: Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide. Water or foam may cause frothing, which can be violent and endanger fire fighters, especially if sprayed into containers of hot liquids.

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Keep personnel removed from and up-wind of fire. Use CO₂, foam, dry chemical, Helon, or water fog. Cool adjacent structures and storage drums with water spray. Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control dilution from entering streams or drinking water supply.

FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT: HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Use of SCBA in enclosed or confined spaces, or as other wise needed (Bunker gear).

Hazardous Decomposition Products: May produce carbon monoxide with incomplete burning.

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LAND SPILL: Treat spill as an oil spill. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Remove leaking containers to a safe area. Contain and remove by mechanical means. Guard legainst contamination of water supplies. Solidified asphalt can be scraped up from the ground using mechanical dredges or lifts. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard in sewers. Report spills to appropriate authorities. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

WATER SPILL: Solidified asphalt may be removed from water with mechanical dredges or lifts. Runoff may create fire or explosion hazard in sewers. Report spills to appropriate authorities. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations. Avoid breathing the vapors.

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HANDLING / STORAGE: Store away from Ignition sources in a cool area. When material is heated to application temperatures, precautions should be taken to prevent thermal burns.

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ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Provide ventitation sufficient to prevent exceeding recommended exposure limits

PERSONAL PROTECTION:

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Use whole body protection, including impervious gloves, boots. Eye and face protection is recommended when contact with material may occur.

RESPIRATOR: Approved respiratory protection must be used when vapor or mist concentrations are unknown or exceed the TLV. Avoid prolonged or repeated breathing of vapor or mists.

ATTACHMENT S Page 2 of 4

OCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

		LIMIT	TWA	STEL	CEI <u>LING </u>	<u>NOTATION</u>	UINER
COMPONENT Asphalt Vapors		CALL STATE OF THE	Same or part of the	enders Andrew	20-1-19-50	Α4	Salar Salar Salar Salar
MANE NE VENORE STATE OF	/ . " 4 . To ! T OS	SHA PEL	1.0.5mg/M.2	200225252 <u>5</u>	3 (C. 20 - 21) (C. 2)		150 a. 15 (\$4.5) 1243
Agpirant value of the second	21. 1	TOTAL CONTRACTOR	To the seems	为2000年1000	372		**************************************
Asphalt Vapors		MA PEL	To ppin	1.0	K3 F 4K F 4.	3,11	

A1= Confirmed Human Carcinogen

A3= Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

A4= Not Classified as a Human Carcinogen

CNS= Central Nervous System

Skin= Absorption through the skin may contribute to overall exposure

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APPEARANCE/PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

COLOR: Brown

DENSITY/SPECIFIC GRAVITY (g/ml): 0.9 - 1.1

VAPOR DENSITY (alr=1): Greater than 1

VAPOR PRESSURE: NA

BOILING POINT/RANGE: 600 °F

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: No

VISCOSITY: N/A/F

pH: N/A

FREEZING POINT: NA

GENERAL: This product is stable

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid Strong exidizers, acids and alkalis

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: Incomplete burning can produce carbon monoxide.

SYSTEMIC: Petroleum-derived fuels and fuel oits are complex and variable mixtures of hydrocarbons. In general, the more viscous the mixture, the less toxic it will be. At high-level exposures, humans, experience multiple organifatiores, some of which may be due to hypoxia and secondary to the failure of other organ systems. In humans kidney failure has been noted only at high, acute levels of exposures, and appears reversible. Liver enzymes may be transiently elevated. At lower level exposures, most acute health effects are reversible. People can be exposed by inhalation, ingestion and dermal contact. Frequently, people are exposed by combined dermal and inhalation, exposure.

ACUTE: Heavy fuel oil is less acutely toxic than other petroleum derived fuels.

Inhalation: Teadaches, confusion, disorientation, blurred vision occur with inhalation. Higher exposures may cause hallucinations, CNS excitation, drowsiness, CNS depression. Seizure and come occur from very high exposures and death may result from respiratory depression. ECG changes, cardiac arrhythmias, tachycardia, shock and cardiovascular collapse can occur. Pneumonia, pulmonary edema and hemorrhages can occur.

Ingestion: Central nervous system, cardiovascular, and respiratory effects have been reported with acute exposures to various hydrocarbon fuels and cils similar to those reported with inhalation. Nausea, vomiting, cramping and diarrhea may occur.

ATTACHMENT 5 Page 3 of 4

Eye: Conjunctivitis and burning, watery eyes have been reported in acute exposures to various hydrocarbon fuels and

Skin: Mild erythema to full thickness chemical burns have occurred after prolonged exposure to various hydrocarbon fuels and oils.

CHRONIC: Chronic exposure results in kidney damage in male rats. However, this damage appears to be related to a protein produced in large amounts in male rats, but not in humans or female rats. Occupational exposures in petroleum refining are considered Group 2A (probably carcinogenic) by IARC.

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RCRA: Disposal of this product or material contaminated with product may be regulated by RCRA: due to the characteristic of ignitiability.

EPA Hazard Class: Acute Hazard/Chronic Hazard/Fire Hazard.
Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations.

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF

DOT (Department of Transportation):

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Hot Fuel Oil

HAZARD CLASS: 3

IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN 1993 PG III

NAERG98 NUMBER: 128

CERCLA (Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act): Naphthalene is a hazardous substance under CERCLA and therefore subject to emergency notification requirements.

SARA TITLE III (Superfund Amendments and Reguthorization Act): Nephthalene is subject to SARA Title III, Sections 311 and 312, which require MSDS reporting and Hazardous Chemical Inventory reporting. Naphthalene is also subject to SARA Title III, Section 313, which requires Chemical Release reporting.

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NFPA 704/HMIS:

Health = 0 Flammability = 2 Reactivity = 0 (0 = insignificant, 1 = slight, 2 = moderate, 3 = high, 4 = extreme)

REVISION SUMMARY:

Complete review of MSDS, December 2005.

THIS PRODUCT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PROVIDES HEALTH AND SAFETY INFORMATION. THE PRODUCT SHOULD BE USED IN APPLICATIONS CONSISTENT WITH THIS PRODUCT LITERATURE. FOR ANY OTHER USES, EXPOSURES SHOULD BE EVALUATED SO THAT APPROPRIATE HADLING PRACTICES AND TRAINING PROGRAMS CAN BE ESTABLISHED TO ENSURE SAFE WORKPLACE OPERATIONS.

THIS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET IS PROVIDED IN GOOD FAITH AND MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HAZARDOUS COMMUNICATION PROVISIONS OF SARA TITLE III AND 29CFR1910.1200(g) OF THE OSHA REGULATIONS. THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS BASED ON REVIEW OF AVAILABLE INFORMATION SINCLAIR BELIEVES IS RELIABLE AND IS SUPPLIED FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY, SINCLAIR DOES NOT GUARANTEE ITS COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY. SINCE CONDITIONS OF USE ARE OUTSIDE THE CONTROL OF SINCLAIR, SINCLAIR DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND ANY LIABILITY FOR DAMAGE OR INJURY WHICH RESULTS FROM THE USE OF THE ABOVE DATA. NOTHING HEREIN IS INTENDED TO PERMIT INFRINGEMENT OF VALID PATENTS AND LICENSES:

ASR Number:	4544	Sample Number	: 1 QC Co	de: Matr	ix: Waste Tag	ID: 4544-1
City:	Scott Reyno	Tie Company, Inc.				
		souri Tie- En			for Treatme	nt Cylinder# 1
Storet ID:			External Samp		1,0000	
Expected Conc	:	(or Circle One:	: Low Medium	(High) Crecke	te "Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude:		·		ection: Start:	9/15/09	<u>9:35</u> 9:36
Longitude:	—			End:	<u> </u>	<u>ι: 3</u> φ
Laboratory Ar Container 1 oz glass		S: Preservative 4 Deg C	Holding Time 14 Days	Analysis 1 Semi-Volatile	´. Organic Compound:	s in Hazardous Waste
Sample Comm	ents:					
treat Meni Cotch Jat of creasu	cy tell	below east of linder #1. Sinder #	melled lik 2" (Mr. Floo of samplin	e eversur vers snyer in, jan by dif ing into d	pingit - Bozjans	N
photos 14				C. J.	2) = \$ 200	AI/IFD
Sample Collec	ted B	v. Dry Jim Ay	cock 1 of 1		Rail Drip Pads	
•	AT	TACHMENT_4_Pa	geLot	ĺ		

ASR Number:	4544 Sample Number:	A QC Cod	le: <u>F</u> D Matri	ix: Waste Tag I	D: 4544-2-FD
Project ID: Project Desc: City:	DNSTCORMO Scott Tie Company, Inc Reynolds RCRA Enforcement	Proj	ject Manager: cility (Reynolds	Dedriel Newsom	e , , , , ,
Location Desc:	Field Duplicate	e of #1			
Storet ID:		External Samp	le Number: _	<u> </u>	
Expected Conc	: (or Circle One:	Low Medium	High)	Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude: Longitude:		Sample Colle	ection: Start: End:	9/15/69 9/15/69	<u>9:3</u> 6 9:36
Laboratory An Container 1 - 7 oz glass	nalyses: Preservative 4 Deg C	Holding Time 14 Days	Analysis 1 Semi-Volatile C	Organic Compounds in	Hazardous Waste
Sample Commo	ents:				
(N/A)					
see f	ield Sheet # 1				

Sample Collected By: DN Jim Aycuck

ATTACHMENT_1_Page_2_of_9

ASR Number: 4545 Sample Numb	」 ber: 卢加) QC Code: Matrix: Solid Tag	ID: 4545-2-
Project ID: DNSTCOVMO Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Ir City: Vulcan Program: RCRA Enforcement	Project Manager: Dedriel Newsonc Woodtreater facility Inspection State: Missouri	me
Location Desc: Scott Tie-	Southwest Soil	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Storet ID:	External Sample Number:	
Expected Conc: (or Circle O	one: Low (Medium) High) (PAHs) Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude: Longitude:	Sample Collection: Start: 1/15/09 End: 1/15/09	<u>11 : 5</u> 8 <u>11 : 5</u> 9
Laboratory Analyses: Container Preservative 1 · 8 oz glass 4 Deg C 0 · 4 Deg C	Holding Time Analysis 14 Days 1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds 0 Days 1 Percent Solid	in Soil
Sample Comments:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 1. ,
(N/A) Dark black growed sand dir Moist; Removed come ~ O-1" due to gravel, in	nt with some dead vegetation tall grass	\\ \times \\ \t
SSSpoon - Alpan ->	• }	
photos Hthru 13 AM		545'
	= 35	
Sample Collected By: DN 5, m A	yeock	

ATTACHMENT 9 Page 3 of 9

ASR Number: 45	45 Sample Numbe	r: 1/ALA QC Code: FD Matrix: Solid Tag	ID: 4545-17- FI
City: V	cott Tie Company, Inc.	Project Manager: Dedriel Newson - Woodtreater facility Inspection State: Missouri	ne
Location Desc:	Scott Tie- Sou	th west Soil	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Storet ID:		External Sample Number:	
Expected Conc:	(or Circle One	E: Low Medium High) (PAHs) Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude:		Sample Collection: Start: 9/15/09	<u>II :58</u>
Longitude: _		End: <u>1/15/09</u>	<u>II</u> : <u>5</u> 9
Laboratory Anal	yses:		
Container	Preservative	Holding Time Analysis	
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C	14 Days 1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds	in Soil
0 -	4 Deg C	0 Days 1 Percent Solid	
Sample Commen	ts:		•
(N/A)	•		
	• .		
See fiel	d sheet #1.		

Sample Collected By: Dr Jim Aycock

ATTACHMENT 9 Page 4 of 9

City: Vu	ott Tie Company, Inc		cility Inspectio	: Dedriel Newson n : Missouri	ne .
Location Desc: \subseteq	cott Tie - Nor	thwest S	01		
Storet ID: _		External Samp	le Number:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Expected Conc:	(or Circle One:	Low Medium	High) PAUS	Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude: _ Longitude: _		Sample Coll	ection: Start: End:	9_/15/ <u>0</u> 9 9_/15/09	12:18
Laboratory Analy	/ses:		:'		
· Container	Preservative	Holding Time	Analysis	•	
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C	14 Days		Organic Compounds i	in Soil
0 -	4 Deg C	0 Days	1 Percent Solid		
Sample Comment	s:		,		
0 - 12", Ju	rock taravel (black) soil e to gravel, in	(a ≈ 1' 5	guare av	٠٤٠٠)	N 1
SS spoon -	Alpan - 80	2) 94			
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	By: Dr Jim Aye				2

1 of 1

ATTACHMENT 1 Page 5 of 9

ASR Number: 4545	Sample Number: 3	QC Code	e: Matri	ix: Solid Tag	ID: 4545-3
Project ID: DNST Project Desc: Scott City: Vulca Program: RCRA	Tie Company, Inc W n	_	ility Inspection	Dedriel Newsor N Missouri	me
Location Desc: S_{c}	ett Tie - Sout	heast S	oil		
Storet ID:	Ext	ternal Sampl			· ·
Expected Conc:	(or Circle One: L	.ow Medium	۷۷ ونځي (۲۸۹ ک) (High	र Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude:		Sample Colle	ction: Start:	<u>9/15/09</u>	<u>11:3</u> 3
Longitude:		•	End:	9/15/09.	م <u>ا3 : ۱۱</u>
1 - 8 oz glass	Preservative H 4 Deg C	olding Time 14 Days 0 Days	Analysis 1 Semi-Volatile C 1 Percent Solid	Organic Compounds	in Soil
Sample Comments:					
Dark black so Removed lare :O-l'in a ≈	il with rocks se pieces of gr I'square area	o. pebbles avel. due +o gv	, + sand revel	; moist	~
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SS spoon ->	Alpan - 800 mix	722			//
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Sample Collected By	1: DK Jim Ayeod	:_k			*78

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ATTACHMENT 9 Fage 6 of 9

ASR Number: 4	545 Sample Numi	ber: 4 QC Co	ode: Mati	rix: Solid Tag	ID: 4545-4
City:	Scott Tie Company, Ir		•		me
Location Desc:	Scott Tie-1	Jortheast S	انع		
Storet ID:	·	` External Sam	· .	•	
Expected Conc:	(or Circle C	ne: Low Mediun	C/マロシー (PAHs) (PAHs)	Date .	Time(24 hr)
Latitude:		Sample Col	lection: Start:		<u>11:2</u> 3
Longitude:			End:	<u>4/15/09</u>	<u>11: 2</u> 7
Laboratory Ana Container 1 - 8 oz glass 0 -	Alyses: Preservative . 4 Deg C 4 Deg C	Holding Time 14 Days 0 Days	Analysis 1 Semi-Volatile 1 Percent Solid	Organic Compounds	s in Soil
Sample Comme	nts:			,	
(N/A) Dark blac Removed	k soil with e	ily residu	e; moist		1
	a x 1' square	•	vel .		
55 spoon	Alpan -> 8 mix	302 jan			
photos 3	, 9410			1/	(=10' X
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Sample Collect	ed By: DN Sim F	hy coek			

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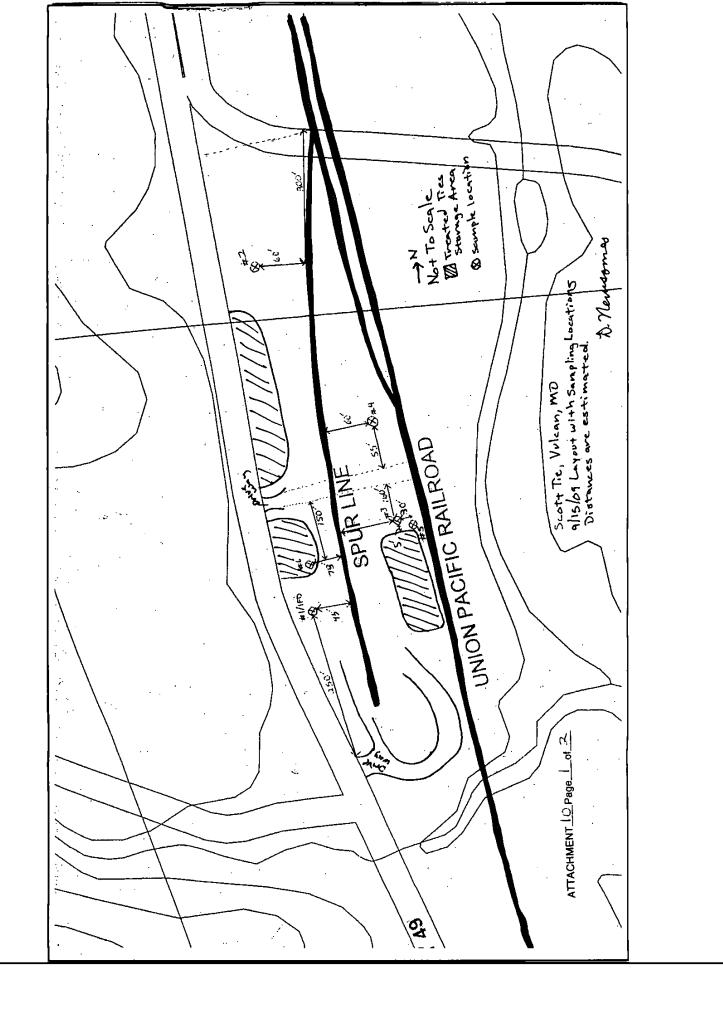
ATTACHMENT 9_Page 7 of 9

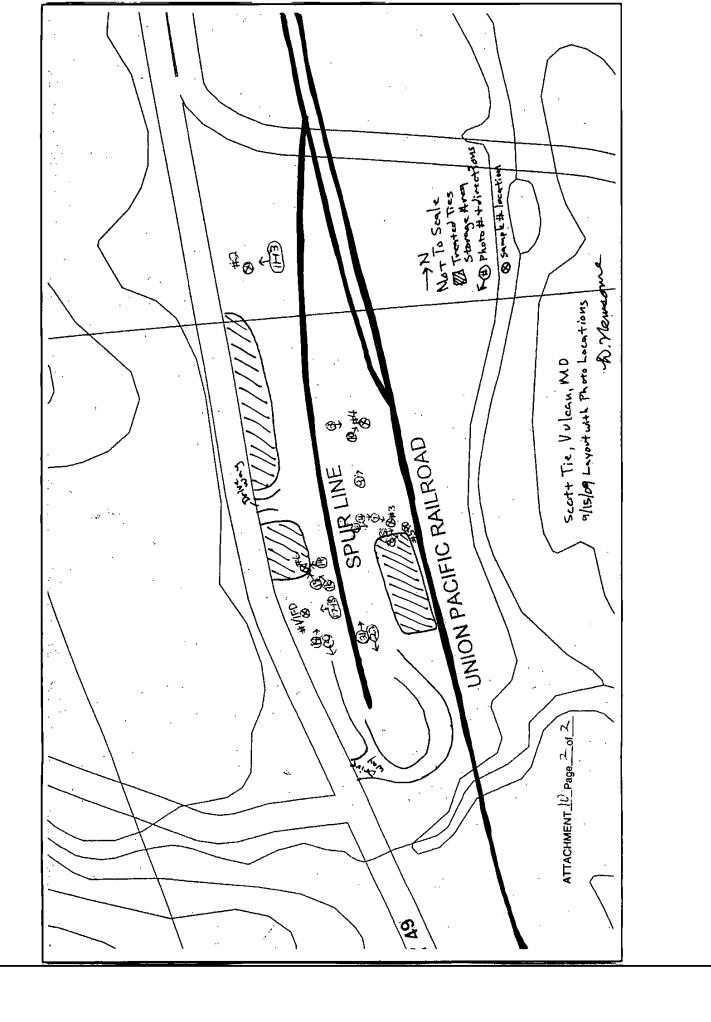
ASR Number: 454	5 Sample Number:	5 QC Code:	Matrix: Solid	Tag ID: 4545-5
City: Vul	ott Tie Company, Inc \	-	anager: Dedriel N spection State: Missouri	ewsome
Location Desc: S	cott Tie - Sou-	theast Soil	#2	
Storet ID:	Ex	xternal Sample Nun		· ,
Expected Conc:	(or Circle One:	Low (Medium High)	Crausote (PAHs) Date	Time(24 hr)
Latitude: Longitude:	- 	Sample Collection:	Start: <u>9/15/0</u> End: <u>9/15/0</u>	
Container 1 - 8 oz glass 5 - Sample Comments	Preservative 4 Deg C 4 Deg C	•	sis -Volatile Organic Comp ent Solid	oounds In Soil
•	dark oily soil	with rucks - 14" black soi	, pebbles. H I and then	tad an ail she brown soil
≈0-1/2 due	to gravelin a	al'square	·.	·
55 spoon -	Alpan -	Buz jar		
photos 5 th	~~ 8			
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Sample Collected By: Dr Jim Aycack

ASR Number: 4545	Sample Number: .6	QC Code:	Matrix: Solid Tag	J ID: 4545-6
Project ID: DNST Project Desc: Scott City: Vulca Program: RCRA	Tie Company, Inc Woo n		anager: Dedriel Newsonspection State: Missouri	ome
Location Desc: 54	ott Tie- North	west Soil	# ス	·
Storet ID:	Exte	rnal Sample Num		
Expected Conc:	(or Circle One: Lo		Creosote (PAHs) Date	Time(Ž4 hr)
Latitude:	Sa	imple Collection:	Start: 9/15/09	1 3 :11
Longitude:		•	End: 1/15/09	13:12
1 - 8 oz glass	_		sis -Volatile Organic Compound ent Solid	s in Soil
oily smell	soil with oily			el ; slight
20-14" to 13"	in a 21'squar	e due togr	nu el	
•	I pan -> 802 ja	· •		
photos 14 4h	nu 16		•	-

Sample Collected By: DN Jim Aycock





CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VII

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VII

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CONTENTS OF SHIP	MENT		•									
SAMPLE	 	<u> </u>	PE OF CONTAIN	ERS		VOA SET	S	AMP		MED	Olher Olher	RECEIVING LABORATORY REMARKS/OTHER INFORMATION
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VII

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CONTENTS OF SHIP	MENT				. <u> </u>		•				
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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VII

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SAMPLE	CUBITAINER	SOTILE BOTTLE			-	VOA SET	-	AMP	₹.ED	MEC	other	RECEIVING LABORATORY REMARKS/OTHER INFORMATION				
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United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

Date:

OCT 2 3 2009

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 4544

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Description: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.)

Inspection

From: Michael F. Davis, Chief

Chemical Analysis and Response Branch, Environmental Services Division

To:

Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

Enclosed are the analytical data for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR) and Project. The Regional Laboratory has reviewed and verified the results in accordance with procedures described in our Quality Manual (QM). In addition to all of the analytical results, this transmittal contains pertinent information that may have influenced the reported results and documents any deviations from the established requirements of the QM.

Please contact us within 14 days of receipt of this package if you determine there is a need for any changes. Please complete the enclosed Customer Satisfaction Survey and Data Disposition/Sample Release memo for this ASR as soon as possible. The process of disposing of the samples for this ASR will be initiated 30 days from the date of this transmittal unless an alternate release date is specified on the Data Disposition/Sample Release memo.

If you have any questions or concerns relating to this data package, contact our customer service line at 913-551-5295.

Enclosures

cc: Analytical Data File.

Attachment 12A; Page 1 of 6

Project Manager: Dedriel Newsome

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: 913-551-7049

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

Location: Reynolds State: Missouri Program: RCRA Enforcement

Purpose: Site Characterization GPRA PRC: 501E50C

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of sample for quality control purpose. Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

__ = Field Sample

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram

FD = Field Duplicate

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

. (Blank) = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

U = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit.

UJ = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. The reporting limit is an estimate.

Sample Information Summary

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

				The state of the last parties to the last part					
Sample No	QC Code	Matrix	Location Description	External Sample No	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
1	_	Waste	Missouri Tie - East catch vat tank for Treatment cylinder #1 (NE		09/15/2009	09:35	09/15/2009	09:36	09/16/2009
1 - F	FD .	Waste	Door) Missouri Tie/Field Duplicate of	•	09/15/2009	09:35	09/15/2009	09:26	09/16/2009

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds,

MO.) Inspection

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardous Waste

Lab: Region 7 EPA Laboratory - Kansas City, Ks.

Method: EPA Region 7-RLAB Method 3230.2F

Samples: 1-__ 1-FD

Comments:

Laboratory Control Standards:

These hazardous samples were prepared by dilution, gpc clean-up, and analyzed. As there was no extraction efficiency to monitor, there was no Laboratory Control Standard prepared. Note the gel permeation column check standard was used to qualify analyte recoveries post gpc and sample processing, and a Laboratory Duplicate was used to assess repeatability.

4-Nitrophenol was UJ-coded in samples <1, and 1-fd>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to the continuing calibration check not meeting accuracy specifications. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether was UJ-coded in samples <1, and 1-fd>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to low recovery of this analyte in the gel permeation control sample. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

Analysis/ Analyte

Units

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 	
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in	Hazardous Waste		
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	15000	14000
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	. 340 U	320 U
Anthracene	mg/kg	8600	. 8100
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	4200	3900
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	1900	1800
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	- 2200	2100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	· . mg/kg	770	680-
Benzolc acid	mg/kg	840 U	800 U
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	. mg/kg	340 U	320 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/k g	340 U ·	320 U
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	mg/kg	340 U)	320 UJ
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg	340 Ų	320 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Carbazole	mg/kg	6500	`6100
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
4-Chloroaniline .	mg/kg	340 U	· 320 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	mg/kg	340 U	. 320 U
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg [*]	340 U _.	320 U
Chrysene	mg/kg ·	4600	4500
Di-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
DI-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg	` 340 U	320 U
√ Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	. 340 U	320 U
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg ·	10000	8800
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	. mg/kg	340 U	320 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	340 U	_ 320 U
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg	510	470
Dimethylphthalate	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg	840 U	800 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg	1700 U	1600 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	21000	20000
Fluorene	mg/kg	15000	14000
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg	. 340 U	320 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
Hexachloroethane	mg/kg	340 U	320 U
•	,		

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

analysis/ Analyte
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene
Isophorone ,
2-Methylnaphthalene
2-Methylphenol ,
4-Methylphenol
Naphthalene
2-Nitroaniline
3-Nitroaniline
4-Nitroanillne
Nitrobenzene
2-Nitrophenol
4-Nitrophenol
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine
N-nitrosodiphenylamine
Pentachlorophenol
Phenanthrene
Phenol
Pyrene
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol

Units	1	1-FD
•		
mg/kg	430	370
mg/kg	340 U	320 U
mg/kg	24000	22000
mg/kg	. 340 U	320 U
'mg/kg	530	490
mg/kg	26000	24000
·mg/kg .	340 U	320 U
mg/kg	340 U	320 U
mg/kg	840 U	800 U
mg/kg	340 U	320 U
m g/kg	340 U	320 U
m g/k g	840 U)	800 UJ
. mg/kg	340 U	320 ⊍
mg/kg	340 U	320 U
mg/kg	840 U	800 U
mg/kg	46000	43000
mg/kg	400	370
mg/kg	12000	12000
mg/kg	340 U	320 U
mg/kg	· 340 U	320 U
mg/kg	340 U	320 U

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

OCT 26 2009

Date:

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 4545

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Project Description: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility Inspection

From: Michael F. Davis, Chief

Chemical Analysis and Response Branch, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

. ENSV/ARCM

Enclosed are the analytical data for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR) and Project. The Regional Laboratory has reviewed and verified the results in accordance with procedures described in our Quality Manual (QM). In addition to all of the analytical results, this transmittal contains pertinent information that may have influenced the reported results and documents any deviations from the established requirements of the QM.

Please contact us within 14 days of receipt of this package if you determine there is a need for any changes. Please complete the enclosed Customer Satisfaction Survey and Data Disposition/Sample Release memo for this ASR as soon as possible. The process of disposing of the samples for this ASR will be initiated 30 days from the date of this transmittal unless an alternate release date is specified on the Data Disposition/Sample Release memo.

If you have any questions or concerns relating to this data package, contact our customer service line at 913-551-5295.

Enclosures

cc: Analytical Data File.

Attachment DA Page 1 of 9

Summary of Project Information

10/26/2009

Project Manager: Dedriel Newsome

ASR Number: 4545

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: 913-551-7049

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility Inspection

Location: Vulcan State: Missouri Program: RCRA Enforcement

Purpose: Site Characterization GPRA PRC: 501E50C

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of

Units: Specific units in which results are

sample for quality control purpose. report

reported.

__ = Field Sample

% = Percent

FD = Field Duplicate

ug/kg = Micrograms per Kilogram

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank) = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

J = The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.

U = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit.

UJ = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. The reporting limit is an estimate.

· Sample Information Summary

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO Project Des

Samp! No		Matrix	Location Description	External Sample No	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
1		Solid	Scott Tie - Southwest soil sample		09/15/2009	11:58	09/15/2009	11:59	09/16/2009
1	- FD	Solid	Scott Tle - Southwest soil/Fleld Duplicate of sample 1		09/15/2009	11:58	09/15/2009	11:59	09/16/2009
2	·— ·	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soil sample		09/15/2009	12:18	09/15/2009	12:18	09/16/2009
3		Solid	Scott Tie - Southeast soil sample		09/15/2009	11:33	09/15/2009	11:36	09/16/2009
4		Solid	Scott Tie - Northeast soll sample		09/15/2009	11:23	09/15/2009	11:27	09/16/2009
· 5	-	Solid	Scott Tie - Southeast soil sample #2		09/15/2009	11:42	09/15/2009	11:45	09/16/2009
6	· —	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soil sample #2		09/15/2009	12:11	09/15/2009	12:12	09/16/2009

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Project Desc Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility Inspection

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

1 Percent Solid

Lab: Region 7 EPA Laboratory - Kansas City, Ks.

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3142.9E

Basis: N/A

Samples: 1-__ 1-FD 2-_ 3-_ 4-_ 5- 6-

Comments:

Samples 4 & 6 were J-coded due to cracked/broken sample jars. The jars were put into plastic bags to aid in the preservation of the sample.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil

Lab: Region 7 EPA Laboratory - Kansas City, Ks.

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2F

Basis: Dry

Samples: 1-__ 1-FD 2-__ 3-__ 4-__ 5-__ 6-__

Comments:

Additional Comments:

Note all results were adjusted for % moisture and dilutions as needed.

Naphthalene was J-coded in sample <3>. Although the analyte in question has been positively identified in the samples, the quantitation is an estimate (J-coded) due to the continuing calibration check not meeting accuracy specifications. The actual concentration for this analyte may be lower than the reported value.

4-Nitrophenol was UJ-coded in samples <1, 1-fd, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to the continuing calibration check not meeting accuracy specifications. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

Benzoic Acid was UJ-coded in samples <1, 1-fd, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to low recovery of this analyte in the laboratory control sample. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether was UJ-coded in samples <1, 1-fd, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to low recovery of this analyte in the gel permeation control sample. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

Slight Diethylphthalate contamination was found in the laboratory method blank. Only samples containing this analyte at a level greater than ten times the contamination level of the blank are reported without being qualified. All samples that contained this analyte but at a level less than ten times the contamination in the blank have the result U-coded

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Project Desc Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility Inspection

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

indicating that the reporting limit has been raised to the level found in the sample. Samples affected were: <1>.

Acidic compounds were UJ-coded in sample <2>. These analytes were not found in the sample at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to low recovery of the acidic surrogate analytes. The actual reporting limit for the analytes may be higher than the reported value.

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

					•
Analysis/ Analyte	Units 🤫	1	1-FD	2	3
1 Percent Solid	·				
Solids, percent	% .	92.9 .	92.9	70.6	93.6
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil	•	•	•		
Acenaphthene	ug/kg	. 690 U	· ` 690 U	. 900 N	1500
Acenaphthylene	'ug/kg	₋ 690 U	, 690 U	900 U	730
Anthracene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	4100
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/kg	690,U	์ 690 ป	900 U	19000
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg	. 6 9 0 U	690 U	1000	11000
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg	940	1000	3200	21000
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	, 2000
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	950	22000
Benzoic acid	ug/kg	1700 UJ	1700 UJ	2300 UJ	1700 UJ
Benzyl alcohol	ug/kg	690 ป	690 U	900 UJ	680 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/kg	690 ป	. 690 U	900 U	680 U
bis(2-Chloroethyi)ether	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether .	ug/kg	690 ŅJ	690 UJ	900 U)	680 U)
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/kg	· 690 U	690 U	2500	680 Ń
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
Carbazole	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	. 680 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg	690 U [.]	690 U	עט 900 י	680 U
4-Chloroaniline	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 UJ	. 680 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	690 U	900 U	680 U
Chrysene	ug/kg	810	840	2000	21000
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/kg	· 690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
·Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	υg/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	970
Dibenzofuran	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	1500
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U.	680 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	_ ug/kg	690 U .	690 U	900 U	680 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	· ug/kg	690 U	690 U	500 nj	680 U
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg	750 U	690 U	, 900 U	680 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg 1	690 U	690 U	900 U)	680 U
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg _.	1700 U	1700 U	2300 UJ	1700 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg	3400 ∪	3400 U	4500 UJ	3400 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg	690 U ·	690 U	1 900 U	680 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg	690.U	690 U	900 U	680 U
Fluoranthene	ug/kg	690 U	690	1900	83000
Fluorene	ug/kg	690 U	690 Ú	. 900 U	1300
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/kg	690°U	. 6 90 U	900 U	680 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	690 U	690'U	900 U	680 U

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	1:	1-FD	2	3
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	690 U	· 690 U	900 U	680 U
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	. 980	4200
Isophorone	ug/kg .	690 U	, 690 U	900 U	680 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	690 U	690 Ú	900 U	. 680 U
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 UJ	680 U
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 UJ	680 U
Naphthalene :	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	1400 J
2-Nitroanlline	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg .	1700 U	17 00 U	2300 U	1700 U
Nitrobenzene .	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
2-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	. 690 U	690 U	900 U)	680 U
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	1700 UJ	1700 UJ	2300 U)	1700 UJ
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	· ug/kg	690 U	√ 690 U	·900 U	680 U
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg	1700 U	.1700 U	2300 UJ	1700 U
Phenanthrene	ug/kg	710	710 ·	1500	5400
Phenol	· ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 UJ	. 680 U
Pyrene	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	1600	91000 .
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	. · 690 U	690 U	900 U	680 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 UJ	680 U
2,4,6·Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	690 U	690 U	900 U)	680 Ń

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

			•	
Analysis/ Analyte	Units	4	5	6
1 Percent Solid		•		•
Solids, percent	.%	90.0 J	86.6	90.1 J
1 .Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil			•	•
Acenaphthene	ug/kg	710 U	48000	5600
Acenaphthylene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Anthracene '	ug/kg	71 0 U	29000	7400
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/kg	710 U	76000	6300
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg	710 U	43000	3600
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg	1400	73000	6900
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/kg .	710 U	8200	920
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	· ug/kg	710 U	22000	1900
Benzoic acid	ug/kg	1800 UJ	9200 UJ	1800 U)
Benzyl alcohol	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U .	710 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
bis(2-Chloro(sopropyl)ether	ug/kg	710 UJ	3700 UJ	710 UJ
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/kg	710 Ü	3700 U	. 710 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	710 U	3700∙U	710 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Carbazole	ug/kg	710 U	3700 บ	4400
. 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
4-Chloroanitine	ug/kg	710 U	. 37 0 0 Ú	710 U
2-Chioronaphthalene	ug/kg	· 710 U	3700 U	710 U
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	. 710 U 1	3700 U	710 U
Chrysene	ug/kg	1100	93000	9600
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Dibenzofuran	ug/kg	710 U	7200	4800
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/kg	· 710 U	3700 U	710 U
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg	. 710 U	3700 U	710 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg	710 U	. 3700 U	710 U
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg	71 0 U	3700 U	710 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg	1800 U	9200 U	1800 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg	3500 U	18000 U	3600 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	71 0 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	· ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
fluoranthene	ug/kg	1500	450000	36000
Fluorene	ug/kg	710 U	24000	10000
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/kg	710 U	. 3700 U	710 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	⁻710 U	3700 U	710 U
•				

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/26/2009

Project ID: DNSTCOVMO

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	4- — .	5	6
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg	· 710 U	15000	1400
Isophorone ·	ug/kg	71 0 U	3700 U	710 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U ·
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg	710 U	ั37 0 0 ป	710 U
4-Methylphenol	' ug/kg	710 U	3700 U 🕝	710 U
Naphthalene	ug/kg	. 710 U	37 0 0 U	710 U
2-Nitroaniline	· ug/kg	[→] 710 U	3700 U	. 710 U
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	1800 U	≥ 9200 U	1800 U
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
2-Nitrophenol .	ug/kg	710 U	37 0 0 U	710 U
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	1800 UJ	9200 ບຸນ	1800 U)
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg	. 710 U	3700.U	71 0 U
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kgʻ	`1800 U	9200 U .	1800 U
Phenanthrene	ug/kg	1100	58000	58000
Phenol	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
Pyrene	ug/kg .	1300	350000	24000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	. 710 U	3700 U	710 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	u g /kg	710 U	3700 U	710 U



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

NOV 0 2 2009

MEMORANDUM

Subject:

Modified Data Transmittal for ASR #4544

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Description: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility

(Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

From:

Michael F. Davis, Chief /

Chemical Analysis and Response Branch

Environmental Services Division

To:

Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

Attached is the modified data transmittal for ASR #4544.

After review, verification and transmittal of the subject data, the Project Manager (Dedriel Newsome) requested that data be reported to the Method Detection Limit (MDL) instead of the Reporting Limits (RL) for all Semi-Volatile analytes. Analytes detected between the MDL and the RL were J-coded, analytes not detected were reported at the MDL with a UJ-code and analytes without an MDL determination were reported to the RL with a U-code.

In addition, the PM requested that sample 1 be reanalyzed and reported for TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous waste.

Please contact Margie St. Germain (ext. 5154) with any questions or concerns.

Attachment



United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

Date:

NOV 0 2 2009

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 4544

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Description: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.)

Inspection

· From: Michael F. Davis, Chief

Chemical Analysis and Response Branch, Environmental Services Division

To:

Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

Enclosed are the analytical data for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR) and Project. The Regional Laboratory has reviewed and verified the results in accordance with procedures described in our Quality Manual (QM). In addition to all of the analytical results, this transmittal contains pertinent information that may have influenced the reported results and documents any deviations from the established requirements of the QM.

Please contact us within 14 days of receipt of this package if you determine there is a need for any changes. Please complete the enclosed Customer Satisfaction Survey and Data Disposition/Sample Release memo for this ASR as soon as possible. The process of disposing of the samples for this ASR will be initiated 30 days from the date of this transmittal unless an alternate release date is specified on the Data Disposition/Sample Release memo.

If you have any questions or concerns relating to this data package, contact our customer service line at 913-551-5295.

Enclosures i

cc: Analytical Data File.

Summary of Project Information

10/23/2009

Project Manager: Dedriel Newsome

ASR Number: 4544

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: 913-551-7049

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

Location: Reynolds . State: Missouri

Program: RCRA Enforcement

Purpose: Site Characterization GPRA PRC: 501E50C

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of sample for quality control purpose.

Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

= Field Sample FD = Field Duplicate mg/L = Milligrams per Liter mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank)= Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

- J = The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.
- K = The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value may be biased high. The actual value is expected to be less than the reported value.
- O = Parameter not analyzed.
- U = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit.
- U) = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. The reporting limit is an estimate.

Sample Information Summary

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

				HAND THEFT	LIGHT				
Sample No	QC Code	Matrix	Location Description	External Sample No	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
1 -	-	Waste	Missouri Tie - East catch vat tank for Treatment cylinder #1 (NE Door)		09/15/2009	09:35	09/15/2009	09:36	09/16/2009
1 -	FD	Waste	Missouri Tie/Field Duplicate of sample 1		09/15/2009	09:35	09/15/2009	09:26	09/16/2009

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

10/23/2009

· Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds,

MO.) Inspection

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardous Waste

Lab: Region 7 EPA Laboratory - Kansas City, Ks.

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2F

Samples: 1-___ 1-FD

Comments:

These data have been amended to correct the reporting limits, and report down to the method detection limits. Analytes detected between the MDL and the reporting limit were J coded. Analytes not detected were reported at the MDL with a UJ code. Analytes without an MDL determination were reported to the reporting limit with a U code. (Note MB is in ug/kg, ASR4454-1, 1-Id, and 1-fd are in mg/kg.) KTJ added 290CT09

Laboratory Control Standards:

These hazardous samples were prepared by dilution, gpc clean-up, and analyzed. As there was no extraction efficiency to monitor, there was no Laboratory Control Standard prepared. Note the gel permeation column check standard was used to qualify analyte recoveries post gpc and sample processing, and a Laboratory Duplicate was used to assess repeatability.

4-Nitrophenol was UJ-coded in samples <1, and 1-fd>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to the continuing calibration check not meeting accuracy specifications. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether was UJ-coded in samples <1, and 1-fd>. This analyte was not found in the samples at or above the reporting limit, however, the reporting limit is an estimate (UJ-coded) due to low recovery of this analyte in the gel permeation control sample. The actual reporting limit for this analyte may be higher than the reported value.

1 TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous

Lab: Region 7 EPA Laboratory - Kansas City, Ks.

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2F applied to TCLP extracts

Samples: 1-__

Comments:

The original viscous liquid sample 4544-1 was visually determined to contain less than 5% solids. The TCLP sample data are reported as theoretical tumble values, based on data from Semivoa Hazardous sample determinations. See attached worksheets for data conversions and regulatory limits.

The results for this TCLP analysis of sample were K-coded at the RCRA TCLP action level of the analytes. The analyses of the total analytes in these samples determined that the RCRA action level could not have been exceeded for any of the TCLP analytes.

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds,

MO.) Inspection

Analysis

Comments About Results For This Analysis

The results for this TCLP analysis of sample were O-coded in cases where the RCRA action level was below that of the method reporting limit.

The sample was not assessed for Pyridine.

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	1	1-FD
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Ha	zardous Waste		
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	15000	14000
Acenaphthylene	m g /kg	. 72 J	68 J
Anthracene	mg/kg	. 8600	8100
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	4200	3900
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	1900	1800 -
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	2200	2100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	230 J	300)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	770	680
Benzoic acid	mg/kg	1000 UJ	960 UJ
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg	240 UJ	220 UJ
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	mg/kg	. / 100 UJ	96 UJ
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/kg	140 U)	140 UJ
bis(2-Chlorolsopropyl)ether	mg/kg	110 UJ +	100 UJ
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg	100 UJ	96 UJ
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	84 UJ	80 UJ
Butylbenzylphthalate	mg/kg 	67 UJ	. 64 UJ
Carbazole	mg/kg	6500	6100
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	340 UJ	320 UJ
4-Chloroanlline	mg/kg	530 UJ	500 UJ
2-Chloronaphthalene	mg/kg	110 UJ	100 U)
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	130 UJ	120 U)
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	110 UJ	110 UJ
Chrysene	mg/kg	4600	4500
Di-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg	92 UJ	88 UJ
Di-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg	160 UJ	150 UJ
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	340 U	320 U 8800
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg	10000 110 UJ	100 UJ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	160 U)	150 UJ
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kĝ	170 UJ	. 160 UJ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene .	mg/kg mg/kg	. 760 UJ	720 UJ
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg	430 UJ	410 U)
2,4-Dichlorophenol	. mg/kg	200 J	180)
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg	. 510	470
2,4-Dimethylphenol Dimethylphthalate	mg/kġ	. 88 U)	84 UJ
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg	460 UJ	. 440 UJ
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg	1700 U	1600 U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	190 UJ	180 UJ
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	80 UJ	80 UJ
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	21000	20000
Fluorene	mg/kg	15000	14000
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg	88 UJ	84 UJ
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg	130 UJ	120 UJ
Hexachlorocyclopentadlene	mg/kg	180 UJ	170'UJ
Hexachloroethane	mg/kg	130 UJ	120 U)
- Acyactrol occurate	ייישו ופייי	150 03	

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RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

10/23/2009

Project ID: DNSTCORMO

Project Desc: Scott Tie Company, Inc. - Woodtreater facility (Reynolds, MO.) Inspection

·	MO.) Inspe	ction	
Analysis/ Analyte	Units	1	1-FD
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene '	. mg/kg	430	370
Isophorone	mg/kg	100 UJ	່ 100 ປປ
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg ·	24000	22000
2-Methylphenol	mg/kg	· 110 UJ	100 UJ
4-Methylphenol	mg/kg	530 J	490 J
Naphthalene	mg/kg	26000	24000
2-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	710 UJ	680 UJ
3-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	670 U)	. 640 UJ
4-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	1000 U)	960 UJ
Nitrobenzene	mg/kg	140 UJ	130 U)
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	140 U)	130 UJ
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	וַט 1300 עַן	12 00 UJ
N-nitrosò-di-n-propylamine	mg/kg	290 U)	280 UJ
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	mg/kg	. 76 J	72 UJ
Pentachiorophenol	mg/kg	410 UJ	390 UJ
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	46000	43000
Phenol	· mg/kg	400	370
Pyrene	. mg/kg	12000	12000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg	ຸ 100 ບຸ	100 UJ
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	370 UJ 1	360 U)
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	ຸ 130 ບັນ	130 U)
1 TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous	: •	•	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	N/A O	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L	N/A O	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	N/A O	•
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L	. N/A O	
Hexachloroethane	mg/L	N/A O	
2-Methylphenol	mg/L	200 K	
3 and/or 4-Methylphenol	mg/L	200 K	
Nitrobenzene .	mg/L	N/A O	•
Pentachlorophenol	m g /L	, 100 K	
Pyridine	mg/L	N/A O	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenal	mg/L	400 K	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	N/A O	

SCOTT TIE 3/25/04 AND 9/15/09 SAMPLING RESULTS COMPARISON TABLES

23 Pyrene	22 Phenoi	21 Phenanthrene	20 Naphthalene (U165)	19	4-Methylphenol	18 2-Methylnaphthalene	17 (U137)	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	16 Fluorene	15 Fluoranthene (UI20)	14 2,4-Dimethylphenol	13 Dibenzofuran	12 (U063)	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	11 Chrysene (U050)	10 Carbazole	9	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	8 Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6 Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5 Benzo(a)pyrene (U022)	4 Benz(a)anthracene (U018)	3 Anthracene	Acenaphthylene 2	1 Acenaphthene	(mg/kg)		
34000/35000	800U/800U	85000/86000	44000/44000		2000U/2000U	37000/37000	2300/2300		27000/28000	58000/59000	2000U/2000U	24000/25000	800U/800U		8100/8200	6700/6600		20001/20001	1700/1800		£096/F086	4800/5100	3100/3200	9000/9100	6000U/6000U	8000/8000	39000/39000		Creosote	3/25/04 #201/201FD
12000/12000	400/370	46000/43000	26000/24000	(530/490)	530J/490J	24000/22000	430/370		15000/14000	21000/20000	510/470	10000/8800	340U/320U	,	4600/4500	6500/6100	(320U/340U)	rn96/rn001	770/680	(340U/320U)	2301/3001	2200/2100	1900/1800	4200/3900	8600/8100	72J/68J (340U/320U)	15000/14000		Creosote	9/15/09 4544-1/45441FD
0.7	.32U	1.6	.32U		.8∪	.32U	0.67		0.36	1.1	.8U	.32U	.32U		.32U	.8∪		.8∪	.32U		.32U	.32U	.32∪	.32U	.32U	.320	.32U			3/25/04 #5 Bkg Soil
64/62	.8U/.8U	35/35	2.4/2.8		2U/2U	2.9/3.3	3.7/3.4		13/14	100/100	20/20	6.3/7.1	1.1/1.1		14/14	4.6/4.0		2U/2U	3/2.8		2.9/2.3	8.7/8.8	3.5/3.4	9.9/10	. 11/10	.80/.80	13/14		-	3/25/04 9/15/09 #1/1FD NW Soil 4545-2 NW Soil
_	901		.9U		rn6' :	<u>9U</u>	0.98		N6 ⁻	1.9	.9UJ	∩6 ·	90			.9U	M. Sec.	2.5	0.95		N6'			.9		90				9/15/09 4545-2 NW Soil
1.6 2100	J J 20U	.5 4000	U 20			U : 20U	98 84		U 1100		J U 50U	U 580	U 30		2 470	U 100			95 100		U 51		1 180	.9U 480	.9U 390	200	.9U 1100			3/25/04 9/15/09 #2SW Soil 4545-1 /
P. 1	J .69U/.69U	ı	0 .69U/.69U	1			4 .69U/.69U	-	0 .69U/.69U	0 .69U/.69	J .69U/.69U	0 .69U/.69U	0 .69U/.69U		.81/.84	0 .69U/.69U	·	.	0 .69U/.69U		.69	0 .94/1.0	0 .69U/.69U	o .69U/.69U	0 .69U/.69U	.69U/.69U	0 .69U/.69U	SW Soil	4545-1FD	
4800	400U	11000	400U		A0001	400U	780		3300	7400	1000U	1900	400U		1100	100U		10001	400U		100U	570	400U	990	930	4000				3/25/04 #3 SE Soil
91	.68U	5.4	1.4J		.68U	.68U	4.2		1.3	83	.68U	1.5	0.97		21	.68U		68∪	22		2	21	11	19	· 4.1	0.73	1.5		SE Soil	
92	20U	33	20U		50U	20 <u>U</u>	20U		20U	140	SOU	20U	20U		24	sou		J0S	20U		20U	20U	20U	20 <u>.</u>	20U	2017	20U			3/25/04 9/15/09 #4 NE Soil 4545-4
1.3	.710	1.1	.710		.710	.710	.710		710	1.5	.710	.710	.710		1.1	<i>3</i> 1U		.7IU	.71U		.71U	1.4	.710	.710	.710	.710	.710		NE Soil	9/15/09 4545-4
350	3.7U	58	3.7U	3.70		3.7U	15		24	450	3.7U	7.2	3.7U		93	3.70	3.7U		22	8.2		73	43	.76	29	3.7U	48	Fresh Drip	SE Soil 2	
24	.71Ū	58.	.710		.710	.7IU	1.4		10	36	.710	4.8	.710		. 9.6	4.4		.710	1.9	0.92		6.9	3.6	6.3	7.4	.710	5.6	Fresh Drip	NW Soil 2	9/15/09 · 4545-6



SAMPLE #	4544-1	4544-1FD	REL STD DEV	4545-1	4545-1FD	REL STD DEV
	(mdd)	[(шdd)	. %	(mdd)	(mdd)	*
Acenaphthene	15000	14000	4.88		******	
Anthracene	8600	8100	4.23			
Benzo(a)anthracene	4200	3900	5.24			-
Benzo(a)pyrene	1900	1800	3.82			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2200	2100	3.29	046.	1000	4.374
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	170	089	8.78			
Carbazole	0059	0019	4.49			
Chrysene	4600	4500	1.55	810	840	2.571
Dibenzofuran	10000	8800	9.03			-
2,4-Dimethylphenol	. 510	470	5.77		.	
Fluoranthene	21000	20000	3.45		******	
Fluorene	15000	14000	4.88	 -		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	430	370	10.61	*******		•
2-Methylnaphthalene	24000	22000	6.15			
4-Methylphenol	530	490	5.55	i		
Naphthalene	26000	24000	5.66	******		
Phenanthrene	46000	43000	4.77	110	710	0000
Phenol	400	028	5.51	-		
Pyrene	12000	12000	00.0	•		

A 1509 Park Strange Constraint Co

ATTACHMENT 14 'age Lot

ATTACHMENT ._Page_

PERCENT REL STD DEV=2(RANGE)/{[SQRT(2)]*(SUM)}*100

PHOTO LOG

Facility Name / City: Scott Tie Co., Vulcan, MO and Missouri Tie & Timber, Reynolds, MO

Facility ID #: Non-notifier and MOR000501924

Date: September 15, 2009

Photographer: Dedriel Newsome

Type of Camera: Olympus Stylus 720 SW, Serial #: A93671407

Digital Recording Media: Flashcard

All digital photos were copied by: Dedriel Newsome on [0/24/01]

All digital photos were copied to: CD-R

Original copy is stored in: CD-R. Digital photos were downloaded to CD-R all by Dedriel Newsome.

No changes were made in the original image files prior to storage on the CD-R.,

Report			Approx.	File Name	Description
Photo #	Photographer	Date	Time	(Pxxxxxxx.jpg)	•
-	Dedriel Newsome	09/15/09	9:23 AM	9150001	Missouri Tie & Timber - East catch vat tank for Treatment Cylinder #1 (northeast
		,			door). Sample #4544-1/4544-1FD.
7	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	9:23 AM	9150002	Missouri Tie & Timber - East catch vat tank for Treatment Cylinder #1 (northeast
		•		•	door). Close-up of photo #1 Sample #4544-1/4544-1FD
ო	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:19 AM	9150003	Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on NE side of the facility. Sample #4545-4.
4	Dedriel-Newsome	09/11/00	11:28 AM	9150004	Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-3.
တ	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:36 AM	9150005	
i					Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-5.
9	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:37 AM	9120006	Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-5.
7	Dedriel Newsome	60/11/60	11:44 AM	9150007	Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility after samples collected. Sample
·					#4545-3 and #4545-5.
&	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:44 AM	9150008	Scott Tie (facing SE) - Soil on SE side of the facility after sample collected. Sample
	•				#4545-5.
တ	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:47 AM	9150009	Scott Tie (facing NE) - Soil on NE side of the facility after sample collected. Sample
					#4545.4.
5	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:47 AM	9150010	Scott Tie (facing NE) - Soil on NE side of the facility after sample collected. Sample
					#4545-4. Close-up of photo 9.
7	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:53 AM	9150011	Scott Tie (facing W) - Soil on NW side of the facility. Sample #4545-2.
12	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:58 AM	9150012	Scott Tie (facing NW) - Soil on NW side of the facility after sample collected. Sample
					#4545-2.
13	Dedriel Newsome	09/12/09	11:59 AM	9150013	Scott Tie (facing W) - Soil on NW side of the facility. Sample #4545-2.

_	_					_	_	_
Scott Tre (facing W) - Soil on NW side of the facility. Sample #4545-6.	Scott Tie (facing NW) - Soil on NW side of the facility. Sample #4545-6.	Scott Tie (facing NW) - Soil on NW side of the facility after sample collected. Sample #4545-6.	Scott Tie (facing W) – Soil on SW side of the facility. Sample #4545-1/4545-1FD.	Scott Tie (facing W) – Soil on SW side of the facility after samples collected. Sample #4545-1/4545-1FD.	Scott Tie (facing N) – Overview of facility on W side of site.	Scott Tie (facing S) - Overview of facility on far SW side of site.	Scott Tie (facing N) - Overview of facility on E side of site.	Scott Tie (facing S) - Overview of facility on far SE side of site.
9150014	9150015	9150016	9150017	9150018	9150019	9150020	9150021	9150022
12:04 PM	12:04 PM	12:09 PM	12:13 PM	12:21 PM	12:22 PM	12:22 PM	12:37 PM	MG 25:31
09/15/09	09/15/09	09/12/09	09/15/09	. 60/11/60	09/15/09	09/15/09	09/15/09	09/11/00
Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome	Dedriel Newsome
14	15	16	17	18	19.	50	21	22

Vulcan, MO and Reynolds, MO Scott Tie and Missouri Tie & Timber Photos 9/15/09

Photos taken by Dedriel Newsome



Photo 1 – Missouri Tie & Timber – East catch vat tank for Treatment Cylinder #1 (northeast door). Sample #4544-1/4544-1FD.

D. Newsome

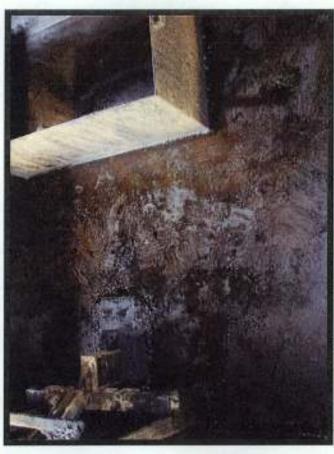


Photo 2 – Missouri Tie & Timber – East catch vat tank for Treatment Cylinder #1 (northeast door). Close-up of photo #1. Sample #4544-1/4544-1FD.

D. Newsome



Photo 3 - Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on NE side of the facility. Sample #4545-4.



Photo 4 - Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-3.

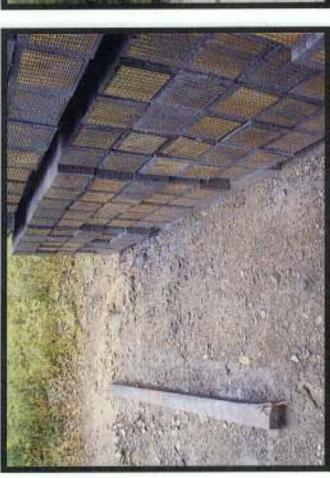


Photo 5 - Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-5. D. Newsome



Photo 6 - Scott Tie (facing E) - Soil on SE side of the facility. Sample #4545-5.



Photo 15 – Scott Tie (facing NW) – Soil on NW side of the facility. Sample #4545-6.

D. Newsome, Charles of the facility of th



9-546+

Photo 16 – Scott Tie (facing NW) – Soil on NW side of the facility after sample collected. Sample #4545-6.

D. Newsome



Photo 17 – Scott Tie (facing W) – Soil on SW side of the facility. Sample #4545-1/4545-1FD.

D. Newsome



Photo 18 – Scott Tie (facing W) – Soil on SW side of the facility after samples collected. Sample #4545-1/4545-1FD

D. Newsome



Photo 19 – Scott Tie (facing N) – Overview of facility on W side of site.

D. Newsome



Photo 20 – Scott Tie (facing S) – Overview of facility on far SW side of site.

D. Newsome



Photo 21 – Scott Tie (facing N) – Overview of facility on E side of site.

D. Newsome



Photo 22 – Scott Tie (facing S) – Overview of facility on far SE side of site.

D. Newsome



+ HW/ENFE

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

May 18, 2004

Mr. Junior Flowers, Owner Missouri Tie and Timber Highway 72 West Reynolds, MO 63666 RECEIVED

MAY 2 4 2004

Hazardous Wasto Program MO Dept of Natural Resources

RE: Transmittal of Analytical Results
CMissouri Tie and Timber
Highway 72 West
CReynolds, MO 63666
RCRA ID No. MOR000501924

Dear Mr. Flowers

Enclosed you will find copies of analytical results from the waste samples that were collected during a compliance sampling inspection at the referenced facility on March 25, 2004 by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact me at (913) 551-7049.

Sincerely,

Dedriel Newsome

Environmental Engineer

Environmental Services Division Air & RCRA Compliance Branch

Enclosures

cc: Kathy Flippin, MDNR

Amy Baker, MDNR Southeast Regional Office

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

Date:

0 3 MAY 2004

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 2322

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Project Description: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

From: Dale I Bates, Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

Enclosed are the analytical data for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR) and Project. The Regional Laboratory has reviewed and verified the results in accordance with procedures described in our Quality Manual (QM). In addition to all of the analytical results, this transmittal contains pertinent information that may have influenced the reported results and documents any deviations from the established requirements of the QM.

Please contact us within 14 days of receipt of this package if you determine there is a need for any changes. Please complete the enclosed Customer Satisfaction Survey and Data Disposition memo for this ASR.

If you have any questions or concerns relating to this data package, contact our customer service line at 913-551-5295.

Enclosures

cc: Analytical Data File.

Sample Information Summary

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Sample No		Matrix	Location Description	External Sample No	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
1 -	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soil sample		03/25/2004	14:30	03/25/2004	14:37	03/26/200
	FD	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soll/Field Duplicate of sample 1		03/25/2004	14:30	03/25/2004	14:37;	03/26/200
	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Southwest soil sample		03/25/2004	15:04	03/25/2004	15:07	03/26/200
3 -	<u> </u>	Solid	Scott Tie - Southeast soil sample		03/25/2004	15:14	03/25/2004	15:19	03/26/200
	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Northeast soll sample		03/25/2004	15:25	03/25/2004	15:30	03/26/200
5 -	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Background soil sample		03/25/2004	16:18	03/25/2004	16:22	03/26/200
101 -	-	Water	Scott Tie - North Puddle water sample		03/25/2004	13:57	03/25/2004	14:05	03/26/200
101 -	FD	Water	Scott Tie - North Puddle/Field Duplicate of sample 101		03/25/2004	13:57	03/25/2004	14:05	03/26/200
102 -	_	Water	Scott Tie - South Puddle water sample	,	03/25/2004	14:08	03/25/2004	14:12	03/26/200
201 -	_	Waste	MO Tie - West catch vat tank for treatment cylinder #1 (NW door)	•	03/25/2004	11:42	03/25/2004	11:47	03/26/200
201 -	FD	Waste	MO Tie - West catch vat tank/Field Duplicate of sample 201	•	03/25/2004	11:42	03/25/2004	11:47	03/26/200

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR Project Desc: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

For CCAL 04/26/04 the results for Benzo(g,h,i)perylene were biased high. Since this analyte was detected in samples 2322-201 and 2322-201-FD, the results are "J"-coded to indicate tha the results may be blased high.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Water

Lab: Region 7 ESAT Contract Lab (In-House)

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2C

Samples: 101-101-FD 102-___

Comments:

Reporting Limits are higher than Typical Reporting Limits as a reduced sample volume wa extracted to reduce the effect of interferences.

For the Continuing Calibration sample the %D exceeded 30% for 2,4-Dinitrophenol (34.9%) Since the %D was >30% for 2,4-Dinitrophenol and the results were biased low, all data will be qualified. Since the analyte was not detected in samples 2322-101, 2322-101-FD, and 2322 102 the results were "UJ"-coded, indicating that the actual reporting limits may be higher than the value reported.

For sample 2322-950-LFB the recoveries for Benzoic Acid 17% (22 - 105%), 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol 69% (78 - 106%), 2,4-Nitrophenol 28% (30 - 123%), 4,6-Dinitro-2 methylphenol 37% (74 - 121%), and Pentachlorophenol 47% (86 - 115%) were below the lower control limit. Data for 2,4-Dinitrophenol has previously been qualified. Since the result for these other compounds were biased low, data for these analytes were 'UJ"-coded fo samples where the analyte was not detected, indicating that the reporting limit may be highe than the value reported. Samples 2322-101, 2322-101-FD, and 2322-102 were affected.

- 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol, 4-Nitrophenol, and Pentachlorophenol had low recoveries for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol had a low recovery for the matrix spike duplicate only. Data for 4,6-Dinitrophenol, Pentachlorophenol, and 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol have already been qualified. Data for 4-Nitrophenol was 'U)"-coded indicating that the reporting limit may be higher than the value reported. Samples 2322-101, 2322-101 FD, and 2322-102 were affected.
- 4,6-Dinltro-2-methylphenol (52% PCL 32%), Pentachlorophenol (72% PCL 35%), 2,4,5 Trichlorophenol (34% - PCL 33%), and 2,4,6-Trichlorphenol (50% - PCL 33%) exceeded the Precision Control Limits (PCL) for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. Data for 4,6 Dinitro-2-methylphenol, Pentachlorophenol, and 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol has previously been qualified. Data for 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol was "UJ"-coded indicating that the reporting limit wa an estimate.

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units.	1	1-FD	2	3
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg	3700	3400	84000	780000
Isophorone	ug/kg	, 800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	2900	3300	20000 U	400000 U
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg ,	2000 U	2000 ∪	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg	2000 บ	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Naphthalene	ug/kg	2400	2800	20000	′ 400000 U
2-Nitroaniline	υg/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	20 00 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Nitroaniline	ប g/kg	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	800 บ	20000 U	400000 U
2-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	20 00 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 ປ
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	4000 U	4000 Ų	100000 ປ	2000000 U
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/k g .	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U ·
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Phenanthrene	ug/kg _	35000	35000	4000000	11000000
Phenol ·	ug/kg ,	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Pyrene	ug/kg	64000	62000	2100000	4800000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	ປ 008	20000 U	. 400000 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	4	5	101	101-FD
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg	20000 U	670	,	
Isophorone	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		r
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		-
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
Naphthalene	ug/kg	20000 U	-320 U		
2-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U	·	
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	100000 U	1600 U		
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		. '
2-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	100000 U	1600 U		
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
Phenanthrene	ug/kg	33000	1600		
Phenol	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Pyrene	ug/kg	92000	700		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	, ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		•
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		•
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Water				•	-
Acenaphthene	ug/L			200	200
Acenaphthylene	u g/ L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Anthracene	ug/L			39	32
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L			17	16
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L			20	16
Benzo(g,h,l)perylene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzoic acid	ug/L			40 UJ	40 U3
Benzyl alcohol	ug/L			20 U	20 U
bls(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	u g/ L			8.0 ∪	8.0 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 Ú
bis(2-Chiorolsopropyl)ether	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 ∪
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L			20 U	` 20 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	ر	1	8.0 U	8.0 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L			20 U	20 U
Carbazole	ug/L			36	36
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L .			20 U	20 U
4-Chloroanlline	ug/L '			40 U	40 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
2-Chlorophenot	ug/L			20 U	20 U

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	102	201	201-FD
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Haza	ardous Waste			
Acenaphthene	mg/kg		39000	39000
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Anthracene	mg/kg		6000	6000
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg		9000	9100
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg		3100	3200
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg		4800	5100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg		980)	960)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg		1700	1800
Benzoic acid	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	mg/kg		800 U	8 00 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/kg		800 U	. 800 U
bis(2-Chlorolsopropyl)ether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Butylbenzylphthalate .	mg/kg		2000 U	20 00 U
Carbazole	mg/kg		6700	6600
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Chloroaniline	mg/kg		4000	4000 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	mg/kg '		800 U	800 U
2-Chlorophenoi	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Chrysene	mg/kg		8100	8200
Di-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Di-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg		24000	25000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	•	800 U	800 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	. mg/kg		800 U	800 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Dimethylphthalate	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg		4000 UJ	4000 U)
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Fluoranthene	mg/kg		58000	59000
Fluorene	mg/kg		27000	28000
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachloroethane	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
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05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Unițs	102	201	201-FD
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/L	20 U	,	
Di-n-octylphthalate :	ug/L	20 U		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Dibenzofuran	ug/L	8.0 U		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	· ug/L	8.0 U		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/L	40 U		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L	20 U		
Diethylphthalate	ug/L	8.0 U		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/L	22		
Dimethylphthaiate	ug/L	· 8.0 Ų		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/L	40 UJ		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/L	40 UJ		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	8.0 ∪		
Fluoranthene	ug/L	120		
Fluorene	ug/L	16		
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Hexachiorobutadiene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Hexachloroethane	ug/L	8.0 Ų	• •	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L	15		
Isophorone	ug/L	8.0 U		
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2-Methylphenol	ug/L	43 •		
4-Methylphenol	ug/L	20 υ		
Naphthalene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2-Nitroaniline	ug/L	20 U		
3-Nitroaniline	ug/L	20 U		
4-Nitroanlline	ug/L	40 U		
Nitrobenzene	υg/L	8.0 U		
2-Nitrophenol	ug/L	20 U		•
4-Nitrophenol	ug/L	40 UJ	•	
N-nltroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/L	20 U		
N-nltrosodiphenylamine	ug/L	8.0 U		
Pentachlorophenol	ug/L	20 UJ		
Phenanthrene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Phenol	ug/L	8.0 ∪		
Pyrene	ug/L	66		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	20 UJ		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenoi	ug/Ľ	20 U3		



+ HW/ENF

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

May 18, 2004

Mr. Junior Flowers, Owner Missouri Tie and Timber Highway 72 West Reynolds, MO 63666

RECEIVED

MAY 2 4 2004

Hazardous Wasto Program MO Dept of Natural Resources

RE: Transmittal of Analytical Results CMissouri Tie and Timber Highway 72 West CReynolds, MO 63666 RCRA ID No. MOR000501924

Dear Mr. Flowers

Enclosed you will find copies of analytical results from the waste samples that were collected during a compliance sampling inspection at the referenced facility on March 25, 2004 by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact me at (913) 551-7049.

Sincerely,

Dedriel Newsome

Environmental Engineer Environmental Services Division Air & RCRA Compliance Branch

Enclosures

Kathy Flippin, MDNR cc:

Amy Baker, MDNR Southeast Regional Office

United States Environmental Protection Agency Region 7 901 N. 5th Street Kansas City, KS 66101

Date:

0 3 MAY 2004

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 2322

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Project Description: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

From:

Dale 1. Bates, Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

Enclosed are the analytical data for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR) and Project. The Regional Laboratory has reviewed and verified the results in accordance with procedures described in our Quality Manual (QM). In addition to all of the analytical results, this transmittal contains pertinent information that may have influenced the reported results and documents any deviations from the established requirements of the QM.

Please contact us within 14 days of receipt of this package if you determine there is a need for any changes. Please complete the enclosed Customer Satisfaction Survey and Data Disposition memo for this ASR.

If you have any questions or concerns relating to this data package, contact our customer service line at 913-551-5295.

Enclosures

cc: Analytical Data File.

3 Summary of Project Information -

05/03/2004

Project Manager: Dedriel Newsome

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: 913-551-7049

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Project Desc: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

Location: Reynolds

State: Missouri

Program: RCRA Enforcement

Purpose: Site Characterization

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of sample for quality control purpose. Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

= Field Sample

FD = Field Duplicate

% = Percent

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram

ug/L = Micrograms per Liter

ug/kg = Micrograms per Kilogram

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value. . .

(Blank = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

J = The identification of the analyte is acceptable; the reported value is an estimate.

U = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit.

UJ = The analyte was not detected at or above the reporting limit. The reporting limit is an estimate.

Sample Information Summary

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Sample No ———		Matrix	Location Description	External Sample No	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
1 -	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soil sample		03/25/2004	14:30	03/25/2004	14:37	03/26/200
1 -	FD	Solid	Scott Tie - Northwest soil/Field Duplicate of sample 1		03/25/2004	14:30	03/25/2004	14:37:	
2 -		Solid	Scott Tie - Southwest soil sample		03/25/2004	15:04	03/25/2004	15:07	03/26/200
3 -	<u> </u>	Solid	Scott Tie - Southeast soil sample		03/25/2004	15:14	03/25/2004	15:19	03/26/200
4 -	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Northeast soil sample		03/25/2004	15:25	03/25/2004	15:30	03/26/200
5 -	_	Solid	Scott Tie - Background soll sample		03/25/2004	16:18	03/25/2004	16:22	03/26/200
101 -	_	Water	Scott Tie - North Puddle water sample		03/25/2004	13:57	03/25/2004	14:05	03/26/200
101 -	FD	Water	Scott Tie - North Puddle/Field Duplicate of sample 101		03/25/2004	13:57	03/25/2004	14:05	03/26/200
102 -	_	Water	Scott Tie - South Puddle water sample		03/25/2004	14:0 8	03/25/2004	14:12	03/26/200
201 -	_		MO Tie - West catch vat tank for treatment cylinder #1 (NW door)	•	03/25/2004	11:42	03/25/2004	11:47	03/26/200
201 -	FD	Waste	MO Tie - West catch vat tank/Field Duplicate of sample 201	•	03/25/2004	11:42	03/25/2004	11:47	03/26/200

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Project Desc: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

Analysis	 Comments	About	Results	For Thi	s Analysi	S,

1 Percent Solid

Lab: Region-7 ESAT Contract Lab (In-House)

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3142.9C

Samples: 1-__ 1-FD 2-__ 3-

Comments:

(N/A) -

1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil.

Lab: Region 7 ESAT Contract Lab (In-House)

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2C

Samples: 1-_ 1-FD 2- 3- 4-

Comments:

Reporting Limits were higher than Typical Reporting Limits as dilutions were necessary due to high analyte concentrations, and also to reduce the effects of interferences. Also, samples were cleaned by Gel Permeation Chromotography, and this clean-up introduced another dilution factor.

For CCAL 04/23/04 the results for 2,4-Dinitrophenol were biased low so all data for this analyte will be qualified. Since the 2,4-Dinitrophenol was not detected in samples 2322-1, 2322-1-FD 2322-2, 2322-4, and 2344-5, the results were "UJ"-coded, indicating that the actual reporting limits may be higher than the value reported.

1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardous Waste

Lab: Region 7 ESAT Contract Lab (In-House)

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2C

Samples: 201-__ 201-FD

Comments:

Reporting Limits were higher than Typical Reporting Limits as dilutions were necessary due to high analyte concentrations, and also to reduce the effects of interferences. Also, samples were cleaned by Gel Permeation Chromotography, and this clean-up introduced a nother dilution factor.

For CCAL 04/23/04 the results for 2,4-Dinitrophenol were biased low so all data for this analyte will be qualified. Since the 2,4-Dinitrophenol was not detected in samples 2322–201 and 2322 201-FD, the results were "UJ"-coded, indicating that the actual reporting limits may be highe than the value reported.

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Project Desc: MO Tie/Scott Tie Woodtreating

Analysis Comments About Results For This Analysis

For CCAL 04/26/04 the results for Benzo(g,h,i)perylene were biased high. Since this analyte was detected in samples 2322-201 and 2322-201-FD, the results are "J"-coded to indicate that the results may be biased high.

1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Water

Lab: Region 7 ESAT Contract Lab (In-House)

Method: EPA Region 7 RLAB Method 3230.2C

Samples: 101-___ 101-FD 102-__

Comments:

Reporting Limits are higher than Typical Reporting Limits as a reduced sample volume wa extracted to reduce the effect of interferences.

For the Continuing Calibration sample the %D exceeded 30% for 2,4-Dinitrophenol (34.9%) Since the %D was >30% for 2,4-Dinitrophenol and the results were biased low, all data will be qualified. Since the analyte was not detected in samples 2322-101, 2322-101-FD, and 2322 102 the results were "UJ"-coded, indicating that the actual reporting limits may be higher than the value reported.

For sample 2322-950-LFB the recoveries for Benzoic Acid 17% (22 - 105%), 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol 69% (78 - 106%), 2,4-Nitrophenol 28% (30 - 123%), 4,6-Dinitro-2 methylphenol 37% (74 - 121%), and Pentachlorophenol 47% (86 - 115%) were below the lower control limit. Data for 2,4-Dinitrophenol has previously been qualified. Since the result for these other compounds were biased low, data for these analytes were 'UJ"-coded fo samples where the analyte was not detected, indicating that the reporting limit may be higher than the value reported. Samples 2322-101, 2322-101-FD, and 2322-102 were affected.

- 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol, 4-Nitrophenol, and Pentachlorophenol had low recoveries for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol had a low recovery for the matrix spike duplicate only. Data for 4,6-Dinitrophenol, Pentachlorophenol, and 2,4,6 Trichlorophenol have already been qualified. Data for 4-Nitrophenol was 'UJ"-coded indicating that the reporting limit may be higher than the value reported. Samples 2322-101, 2322-101 FD, and 2322-102 were affected.
- 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol (52% PCL 32%), Pentachlorophenol (72% PCL 35%), 2,4,5 Trichlorophenol (34% PCL 33%), and 2,4,6-Trichlorphenol (50% PCL 33%) exceeded the Precision Control Limits (PCL) for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate. Data for 4,6 Dinitro-2-methylphenol, Pentachlorophenol, and 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol has previously been qualified. Data for 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol was "UJ"-coded indicating that the reporting limit wa an estimate.

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	1	1-FD	2	3
1 Percent Solid		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•
Solids, percent	%	87	88	~ - 86	86
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil					
Acenaphthene	ug/kg	13000	14000	1100000	2900000
Acenaphthylene	ug/kg	800 U.	. 800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Anthracene	ug/kg	11000	10000	390000	930000
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/kg	9900	10000	480000	990000
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg	3500	3400	180000	400000 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg	8700	8800	290000	570000
Benzo(g,h,l)perylene	ug/kg	2900	2300	- 51000	400000 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/kg	3000	2800	100000	400000 U
Benzoic acid	ug/kg -	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
Benzyl alcohol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U -	1000000 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	: 20000 U	400000 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
bis(2-Chlorolsopropyl)ether	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U,	400000 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Carbazole	ug/kg	4600	4000	100000	1.1000000 U
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Chloroaniline	ug/kg	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/kg	80 0 U	U,008	_ 120000 U	400000 U
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	800 บ	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Chrysene	ug/kg	14000	14000	470000	1100000
DI-n-butylphthalate	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	` 50000 U	1000000 บ
DI-n-octylohthalate	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/kg,	1100	1100	30000°	400000 U
Dibenzofuran	ug/kg	6300	7100	580000	1900000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	- ug/kg	- 800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg	. 800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/kg	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg	. 800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 Ú	50000 U	1000000 U
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	- 400000 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg	4000 UJ	4000 UJ	100000 UJ	2000000 U
2,4-Dinitrotoiuene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg	800 U	, 800 ∪	20000 U	400000 U
Fluoranthene	ug/kg	100000	100000	3200000	7400000
Fluorene	ug/kg	13000	14000	1100000	3300000
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/k g	. 800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U

ASR Number: 23,22

REAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	1	1-FD	2	.3
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg	3700	3400	84000	780000
Isophorone ,	ug/kg .	. 800 U	800 ↓	20000 U	400000 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	2900	3300	20000 U	400000 U
2-Methylphenol , .	ug/kg . ,	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Naphthalene	ug/kg	2400	2800	20000	1 400000 U
2-Nitroanlline	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 ↓	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	4000 U	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
2-Nitrophenol	υg/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	4000 ប	4000 U	100000 U	2000000 U
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg .	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U -
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
Phenanthrene	ug/kg ,	35000	35000	4000000	11000000
Phenol	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	400000 U
Pyrene	ug/kg	64000	62000	2100000	4800000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg	800 U	800 U	20000 U	. 400000 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	2000 U	2000 U	50000 U	1000000 U

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte	Units	:	4	5	101- <u>`</u>	101-FD '
1 Percent Solid						
Solids, percent	%	-	77	76		•
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil					,	
Acenaphthene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Acenaphthylene	ug/kg	1,4	20000 U	320 U		
Anthracene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		•
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		· .
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg	-	20000 U	320 U	•	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg		20000 U	, 320 U		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Benzoic acid			100000 U	1600 U		
Benzyl;aicohol	ug/kg 🐉	-	50000 U	800 U		
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/kg /		20000 U	320 U		• .
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		à
bis(2-Chloroisopropy!)ether		٠	20000 U	320 U		
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/kg '		50000 U	800 U		
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
Carbazole	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg .		50000 U	800 U		
4-Chloroaniline	ug/kg		100000 U	1600 U	•	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/kg .	•	20000 U	. 320 U		
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg		20000 U .	320 U		
Chrysene	ug/kg		24000	320 U		
Dl-n-butylphthalate	ug/kg		50000 U	. 800 U		
DI-n-octylphthalate	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Dibenzofuran	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/kg		100000 U	1600 U		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg		50000 U	800 U		
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg		100000 U	1600 U		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg		100000 UJ			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg			1600 UJ		
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			20000 U	320 U		
Fluoranthene	ug/kg ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
Fluorene	ug/kg		140000	1100		
Hexachlorobenzene -	ug/kg		20000 U	360		
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg		20000 U	320 U		
ABUTIO COOLEGICIE	ug/kg	1	20000 U	320 U		•

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

05/03/2004

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte.	Units	4	5	101	101-FD
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	u g/k g	20000 U	670	•	
Isophorone	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
4-Methylphenol '	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
Naphthalene	ug/kg	20000 U	-320 U		
2-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
4-Nitroanillne	ug/kg	100000 U	1600 U		
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		•
2-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg	100000 U	1600 U		
N-nltroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg	50000 บ	800 U		
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	u g/ kg	20000 U	320 U		
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg .	50000 U	800 U		
Phenanthrene	ug/kg	33000	1600		•
Phenoi	ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
Pyrene	ug/kg	92000	700		
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	. ug/kg	20000 U	320 U		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	50000 U	800 U		
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Water			•		
Acenaphthene	ug/L			200	200
Acenaphthylene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Anthracene	ug/L			39	32
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L			17	16
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L			20	16
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
Benzoic acld	ug/L			40 U)	40 UJ
Benzyl alcohol	ug/L -			20 U	20 U
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 Ų
bls(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L			20 U	20 υ
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L		,	8.0 U	8.0 U
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L			20 Ų	20 U
Carbazole	ug/L			36	36
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L .			20 U	20 U
4-Chloroaniline	ug/L '			40 U	40 U
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L			8.0 U	8.0 U
2-Chlorophenol	ug/L			20 U	20 U

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

Q5/03/2004 F

Project ID: DNMTUPRR

Analysis/ Analyte		<i>:</i>	Units		4	5	101	101-FD
4. Chlorochanul abandathar			ua/t		-		8.0 U	·· 8.0 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether Chrysene		•	ug/L ug/L		•		29	· - 23
•			ug/L ug/L	,			20 U	20 U
Di-n-butylphthalate		•	ug/L				20 U	20 U
Di-n-octylphthalate Dibenz(a,h)anthracene			ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U
Dibenzofuran		. •	ug/L	•			92	89
1,2-Dichlorobenzene			ug/L				8.0 U	. B.O U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	•		ug/L				8.0 U	6.0 U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		•	ug/L	•.			8.0 U	8.0 U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	• •		ug/L	,			40 U	40 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol			ug/L				20 U	20 U
Diethylphthalate	11 Oak 1	•	ug/L				8.0 U	· 8.0 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol			ug/L	•			48	49
Dimethylphthalate	••		ug/L				8.0 บ	8.0 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol		•	ug/L				40 UJ	40 UJ
2,4-Dinitrophenol		t	ug/L				40 U)	, 40 UJ
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			ug/L	-			8.0 U	8:0 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U
Fluoranthene		•	ug/L				210	180 -
Fluorene			ug/L				110	100
Hexachlorobenzene	• •		ug/L				8.0 U	8.0.U
Hexachlorobutadiene	1		ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			ug/L		•		8.0 U	. 8.0 U
Hexachloroethane			ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene			ug/L				16	15
Isophorone			ug/L				8.0 Ú	8.0 U
2-Methylnaphthalene			ug/L				- 71	69
2-Methylphenol			ug/L				84 ⁻	90 -
4-Methylphenol			ug/L				120	120
Naphthalene			ug/L				130	130
2-Nitroanlline			ug/L				. 20 U	20 U * '
3-Nitroaniline			ug/L				20 U	20 U
4-Nitroaniline			ug/L				40 U	40 U
Nitrobenzene	•		ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U °
2-Nitrophenol			ug/L	•			20 U	20 U`
4-Nitrophenol			ug/L				40 UJ	40 UJ
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine			ug/L				20 U	20 U 8.0 U
N-nitrosodiphenylamine			ug/L				- 8.0 U	
Pentachlorophenol			ug/L				20 UJ	20 UJ
Phenanthrene			ug/L	-			130.	120
Phenol			ug/L	-		`	190 120	180 110
Pyrene			ug/L				8.0 U	8.0 U
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			ug/L u g/L				20 U)	20 UJ
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol				-			20 UJ	20 UJ
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol			ug/L			_	20 01	20.01

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Analysis/ Analyte	Units :	102	201	201-FD
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardou	s Waste			
Acenaphthene	mg/kg		39000	39000
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Anthracene	mg/kg		6000	6000
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg		9000	9100
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg		3100	3200
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg		4800	5100
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg		980 J	960 J
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg		1700	1800
Benzoic acid	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
bls(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	mg/kg		Ų 008	800 U
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg .		2000 U	2000 U
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Butylbenzylphthalate .	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Carbazole -	mg/kg		6700	6600
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg ·		2000 U	2000 U
4-Chloroaniline	mg/kg		4000	4000 U
2-Chioronaphthalene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Chrysene	mg/kg		8100	8200
Di-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Di-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg		24000	25000
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U 1
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	U 008
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
2,4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Dimethylphthalate	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg		4000 UJ	4000 UJ
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Fluoranthene	mg/kg		58000	59000
Fluorene	mg/kg		27000	28000
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Hexachloroethane	mg/kg		800 บ	800 U

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Analysis/ Analyte	Units	102	201	201-FD
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg		2300	2300
Isophorone	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg		37000	37000
2-Methylphenol	mg/kg	•	2000 U	2000 U
4-Methylphenol	mg/kg .		2000 U	2000 U
Naphthalene	mg/kg		44000	43000
2-Nitroanlline	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
3-Nitroanlline	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Nitroaniline	mg/kg		4000 U	4000 U
Nitrobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	•	4000 U	4000 U ' "
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	mg/kg	•	2000 U	2000 U
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	mg/kg		800 U	800 U .
Pentachlorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
Phenanthrene	mg/kg		85000	86000
Phenol	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
Pyrene	mg/kg		34000	35000
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg		800 U	800 U
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
2,4,6-Trichiorophenol	mg/kg		2000 U	2000 U
1 Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Water	,			•
Acenaphthene	ug/L	57		
Acenaphthylene	ug/L	8.0 U	•	
Anthracene	u g/L	13		
Benzo(a)anthracene	ˈug/L	8.0 ∪		
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L	16		•
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ugʻ/L	8.0 U		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Benzoic acid	ug/L	40 UJ		•
Benzyl alcohol	ug/t	20 U		•
bls(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/L	8.0 U		•
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/L	8.0 U		
bls(2-Chlorolsopropyl)ether	ug/L	8.0 U		
bls(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L	20 U		•
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L .	8.0 U		
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L	20 U		
Carbazole	ug/L	20 U		
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L	20 U		
4-Chloroaniline	ug/L	、 40 U		
2-Chloronaphthalene	ს ე/L	. 8.0 U		
2-Chlorophenol	ug/L	20 U		
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	8.0 U		•
Chrysene	ug/L	21		•

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Analysis/ Analyte	Units	102	201	201-FD
Di-n-butylphthalate	υg/L	20 U		
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/L	20 U	•	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Dibenzofuran	ug/Ļ	8.0 U		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	· ug/L	8.0 U		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/L	40 U		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L	20 U	_	
Diethylphthalate	ug/L	8.0 U		
2,4-Dimethylphenol		22		
Dimethylphthalate	ug/L ug/L	· 8.0 U		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/L	· 40 U)		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/L	40 UJ		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene				
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Fluoranthene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Fluorene	ug/L	120		
Hexachlorobenzene	, ug/L	16		
	ug/L	8.0 U		
Hexachiorobutadiene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/L	8.0 U	* 1	
Hexachloroethane	ug/L :	8.0 U		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L	15		
Isophorone	ug/L	8,0 U		
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2-Methylphenol	ug/L	43	•	
4-Methylphenol	ug/L	20 υ		
Naphthalene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2-Nitroaniline	ug/L	20 ∪		
3-Nitroaniline	ug/L	20 U		
4-Nitroaniline	ug/L	40 U		
Nitrobenzene	ug/L 	8.0 U		
2-Nitrophenol	ug/L	20 U		
4-Nitrophenol	ug/L 	40 UJ		
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/L 	20 U		
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/L	8.0 U		
Pentachlorophenol	ug/L	20 UJ		
Phenanthrene	ug/L	8.0 U		
Phenol	ug/L	8.0 U		
Pyrene	. ug/L	65		
1,2,4-Trichiorobenzene	ug/L	8.0 U		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	20 UJ		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/Ľ	20 UJ		



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

RECEIVED

June 6, 2001

Junior Flowers
Missouri Tie and Timber
Highway 72 West
{Reynolds, MO 63666

JUN 1 4 2001

MAZARDOUS WASTE PROGRAM MINNOURI DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Re: Transmittal of Analytical Results

Missouri Tie and Timber

RCRA ID No. Non-notifier

Dear Mr. Flowers:

Enclosed you will find copies of the analytical results from the waste, soil, drinking and surface water samples that were collected at the above-referenced facility on March 7, 2001, by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. In addition, I have enclosed a copy of Missouri Department of Natural Resources *Used Oil and Oil-Contaminated Waste* Technical Bulletin for your information.

If you have any questions regarding this information, please contact me at (913) 551-7049.

Sincerely, Deduil Newsome

Dedriel Newsome Environmental Engineer

Air and RCRA Compliance Branch Environmental Services Division

Enclosure

cc: K. Flippin, MDNR (w/ encl)

Gary Gaines, MDNR Southeast Regional Office



MOTRETIMBER

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region 7 Laboratory 25 Funston Road Kansas City, KS 66115

Date: 4/6/2001

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 827

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Description: Missouri Tie and Timber

From: Michael Thomas, Associate Laboratory Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

This is the sample analysis results transmittal for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR). The data contained in this transmittal have been approved by the Regional Laboratory. This transmittal contains all of the sample analysis results for this ASR. The Regional Laboratory should be notified within 14 days if any changes are needed to the contents of this report. If you have any questions, comments or data changes, please contact the Laboratory Customer Service Department at 913-551-5295.

cc: Analytical Data File

Summary of Activity Information

4/6/2001

Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: (913) 551-7049

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Location: Bunker

State: Missouri

Type: RCRA

Purpose: Enforcement

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report.

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of

sample for quality control

= Field Sample FD = Field Duplicate Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

= Degrees Celsius Deg C

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram = Milligrams per Liter mg/L Şυ = Standard Units (pH)

= Micrograms per Kilogram ug/kg = Micrograms per Liter ug/L

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information

on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank) = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

K = Actual value of the sample is less than the value reported.

L = Actual value of the sample is greater than the value reported.

U = Not detected at or above the reportable level shown.

Activity Number: DLN14

ASR Number: 827

Sample Information Summary

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Sample QC Numbe Code	Matrix	Location	External Sample No.	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Recelpt Date
100	Hazardous	Drip pad waste from drip pad collection system taken near		03/07/2001	13:45	•		03/08/2001
		South wall near RR tracks on West side		•	•			
101	Soil	T-Building wood storage area sample taken in drop areas		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
101 -FD	Soil	T-Building wood storage area/Duplicate of sample 101		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
. 102	Soil .	Background soil sample taken approx. 100 yds. South of office bldg.		03/07/2001	14:20	03/07/2001	14:25	03/08/2001
205	Water	Collection Pond water sample		03/07/2001	16:05	03/07/2001	16:18	03/08/2001
208	Water	Drinking water from on-site well near boiler		03/07/2001	15:50	03/07/2001	15:57	03/08/2001

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

Activity Number: DLN14

ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis

Comments About Results For This Analysis

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3- - - - - methylphenol is not reported individually.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP

Slight chromium contamination was found in the laboratory method blank. Only samples containing this compound at a level greater than five times the contamination level of the blank are reported without being qualified. All samples that contained this compound but at a level less than five times the contamination in the blank have the result "U-coded" indicating the method reporting limit has been raised to the level found in the sample. Samples affected were 827-101 and 827-101FD.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Hazardous Waste

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Solids

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

TCLP Metals in Soil

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

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Analysis / Analyte		Units	100		101	101-FD	102- <u></u>
Flashpoint of Hazardous S	Samples			,			
Flashpoint		Deg C	79 L	•		*	
pH of Hazardous Sample							,
	<i>3</i>	SU	6.7				
рH		30	0.7				
TCLP Metals in Haz. Was	ste '						
Arsenic		mg/L	0.025 1	J			
Barium		mg/L	0.08				
Cadmium		,mg/L	0.005		: •.		
Chromium	,, ,	mg/L		U			
Lead		mg/L	0.025				
Selenium	طارية بعدها والع	mg/L	0.05		م رو ده		. 4•
Silver	•	mg/L	0,005	U			
TCLP Semi-Volatiles in F	łazardous						• :
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	,	mg/L -	0.00064	U			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	-	mg/L	0.00073	υ			•
Hexachlorobenzene		mg/L	0.0005	υ	-		
Hexachlorobutadiene		mg/L	0.00059	U			
Hexachloroethane		mg/L		U	•		-
2-Methylphenol		mg/L	0.014	U	•		
4-Methylphenol		mg/L	0.18				
Nitrobenzene		mg/L	0,00075				
Pentachlorophenol		mg/L	0.0012				
Pyridine		mg/L	•	U			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		mg/L	0.0017				
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		, mg/L	0,0017	υ			
Total Metals of TCLP in	Hazardous Sampl	les by ICAP					
Arsenic		mg/kg	125	Ų			
Barium		mg/kg	50	U			
Cadmium		mg/kg	25	U			
Chromium		mg/kg	25	U			
Lead		mg/kg	125	U			
Selenium		mg/kg	250	U	,		_
Silver		mg/kg	25	U	* •		
Total Semivolatiles of T	CLP compounds i	n Hazardous V	/ast e		•		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		mg/kg	11.8	U			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene		mg/kg	9.1	U			
Hexachlorobenzene 1		mg/kg	13.6	U			
Hexachlorobutadiene		mg/kg	10.9				
Hexachloroethane		mg/kg		υ		•	•
2-Methylphenol		mg/kg	43.1				
4-Methylphenol		mg/kg		! U	•		
Nitrobenzene		mg/kg	12.9	U			
Pentachlorophenol		mg/kg		U			
Pyridine		mg/kg		3 U			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		mg/kg	21.3	7 U			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		mg/kg	21.1	1 U			

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Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Units		101- <u> </u>	101-FD	102
mg/L		5.0 K	5.0 K	<u>.</u> -,
mg/L		100 K	100 K	-
mg/L	• .	1.0 K	1.0 K	
mg/L		5.0 K	5.0 K ,	
mg/L		5.0 K	5.0 K	•
mg/L	Ť	1,0 K	1.0 K	
mg/L		5.0 K	5.0 K	•
	•			
rng/L		0.00064 U	0.00064 U	
mg/L	•	0.00073 U	0.00073 U	•
mg/L	•	0.0005 U	0.0005 U	
mg/L		0.00059 U	0.00059 U	1
. mg/L	1.74	0.00071- U	0.00071 U	
mg/L	•	0.0014 U	0.0014 U	
mg/L	•	0.0013 U	0.0013 U	
mg/L		0.00075 U	0.00075 U	
mg/L	•	0.0012 U	0.0012 U	
mg/L		0.0021 U	0.0021 U	
mg/L	•	0.0017 →U	0,0017 U	•
mg/L	r	0.0017 U	0.0017 U	· -
als in Soil by ICAP	•			
mg/kg		2.6 U	2.6 U	5.2
mg/kg		15	15.2	124
mg/kg	, .	0,52 U	0.52 U	0.67 U
mg/kg	* -	5,5 U	4.2 U	11.4
mg/kg		3.1	6.1	27.6
mg/kg		5.Ž U	5.2 U	6.7 U
mg/kg		-0.52 U	€ 0.52 U 1	0.67 U
ounds in Solids	-1			
ug/kg		200 U	200 U	26 U
ug/kg	1)	160 U	160 U	20 U
ug/kg		Ž230 U	230 U	30 U
	•	190 U	190 U	24 U
	•	260 U	260 U	33 U
		740 U	740 U	96 U
·	•	7 1610 U	610 U	78 U
ug/kg		220 U	220 U	29 · U
ug/kg		, 410 U	410 U	54 U
ug/kg	-	3400 U	3400 U	440 L
		370 U	370 U	48 U
			360 U	47 L
	-	**		٠,
	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L	mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L mg/L

4/6/2001

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205		208	
Metals in Water by ICP		,		-	
Aluminum	ug/L	10900		100 -U	
Antimony	·ug/L	20 U	l	20 U	. •
Arsenic	ug/L	25 U	l	25 U	
Barium	ug/L	86.3		30	•
Beryllium	ug/L	1 U)	1 U	
Cadmium	ug/L	¹5 U)	5 U	
Calcium	mg/L	12.7		48.6	
Chromium	ug/L .	13.6		5.2	
Cobalt	ug/L	5 L	1	5 U	
Copper	ug/L	10 U	J	10 U	
Iron	ug/L	8980		50 U	
Lead	ug/L	25 L	j	25"· U	fore and substitute
Magnesium	mg/L	6.4		26.7	
Manganese	ug/L	130		5 U	
Molybdenum	ug/L	10 \	J	10 U	
Nickel	ug/L	15 (J	15 U	
Potassium	mg/L	3.6		2 U	
Selenium	ug/L	50	J	50 U	
Silver	υg/L	5	J	5 ป	
Sodium	mg/L	5.4		3.2	
Thallium	ug/L	30	U	30 U	
Titanium	ug/L	139		5 U	
Vanadium	ug/L	23.8		5 U	
Zinc	ug/L	22.9		72	
pH of Water					-,
pH	su	7.2		7.5	•
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds i	n Water	,			
Acenaphthene	ug/L	0.16	υ	0,16 U	
Acenaphthylene	ug/L	0.2		0.2 U	
Anthracene	ug/L	0.14		0,14 U	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L	0.099		0.099 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L	0.1		0.1 U	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.13		0.13 U	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/L	0,11		0.11 U	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.12		Q.12 U	
Benzoic acid	ug/L	1.3		1.3 U	,
Benzyl alcohol	. ug/L	0.96		0.96 U	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	υg/L	0.32	υ	0.32 U	
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/L	0.4	U	- 0.4 U	
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	υg/L	0.33	Ų	.0.33 U	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L	0.83	U	0.83 U	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.35		0.35 U	:
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L	0.94		0.94 U	
Carbazole	ug/L		U	2 U	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L	1,2		1.2 U	
4-Chloroaniline	ug/L	1.2		1.2 U	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L	0.69		0.69 U	
2-Chlorophenol	u g/ L	1.3		1.3 U	

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ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

nalysis / Analyte	Units	205	208	
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.28 U	0.28 U	
Chrysene	ug/L	0.11 U	0.11 U	
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/L	0.31 U	0.31 U	•
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/L	0.31 U	0.31 U	,
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	0.13 U	0.13 U	
Dibenzofuran	ug/L	0.6 U	0.6 U	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.86 U	0.86 U	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	υg/L	10.54 U	0.54 U	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.64 U	0.64 U	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/L	1.4 U	1.4. U	
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L 1	1.2 U	1.2 U	
Diethylphthalate	ug/L	0.3 U	0.3 U	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/L	1.5 U	1.5 U	
Dimethylphthalate	·ug/L	0.23 U	0.23 U	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/L	2 U	2 U	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/L	2.4 U	2.4 U	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug∕L	0.73 U	0.73 U	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	0.89 ป	0.89 U	
Fluoranthene	ug/L	1.3	0.12≔ U	
Fluorene	ug/L	0.17 U	0.17 U	
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/L	0.5 U	0.5 U	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/L	- 0.59 U	0.59 U	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	' ug/L	0.6 U	0.6 U	
Hexachloroethane	ug/L	0.71 U	0.71 U	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L	0.15 U	0.15 U	
Isophorone	ug/L	0.81 U	0.81 U	
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	0.72 U	0.72 U	
2-Methylphenol	ug/L	1.4 U	1.4 U	
4-Methylphenol	ug/L	1.3 U	1.3 U	
Naphthalene	ug/L	0.18 U	0.18 U	
2-Nkroaniline	ug/L	0.78 U	0.78 U	•
3-Nitroaniline	ug/L	. 0.53 U	0.53 U	
4-Nitroanlline	'ug/L	0.86 U	0.86 U	,
Nitrobenzene	ug/L	0.75 U	0.75 U	
2-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1.3 U	1.3 U	
4-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1,4 U	1.4 U	
N-nitroso-dl-n-propylamine	ug/L	0.41 U	0.41 U	~
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	·υg/L	0.33 U	0.33 U	: .
Pentachlorophenol	t ug/L	ي 1.2 U	1.2 U	
Phenanthrene	ug/L	1 / 0.11 U	0.11 U	
Phenol	ug/L	1.1 U	1.1 U	
Pyrene	ug/L .	· 0.092 U	0.092 U	•
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.7 U	0.7 U	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/l,	1.7 U	1.7 U	1
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	∵ ug/L	1.7 U	. 1,7 U	



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION **REGION 7**

25 FUNSTON ROAD

Date:

MAY 2 4 2001

KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66115

RECEIVED JUN I 4 2001 HAZARDOUS WASTE PROGRAM MIEBOURI DEPARTMENT

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT:

Data Transmittal for ASR #:

Site Description: M

Dale Bates, Program Manager 6

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

TO:

FROM:

Attached is the data transmittal for the above referenced site. This is a Modified Data Transmittal; these data are modified and differ from data previously transmitted. If you have any questions or comments, please contact Dee Simmons at 551-5129.

Attachment

cc: Primary Data File

MODIFIED DATA: Data were modified for the following reason(s):

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region 7 Laboratory 25 Function Road Kansas City, KS 66115

Date: 5/24/2001

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 827

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Description: Missouri Tie and Timber

From: Michael Thomas, Associate Laboratory Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

This is the sample analysis results transmittal for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR). The data contained in this transmittal have been approved by the Regional Laboratory. This transmittal contains all of the sample analysis results for this ASR. The Regional Laboratory should be notified within 14 days if any changes are needed to the contents of this report. If you have any questions, comments or data changes, please contact the Laboratory Customer Service Department at 913-551-5295.

cc: Analytical Data File

ASR Number: 827

Summary of Activity Information 4/6/2001

Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: (913) 551-7049

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

[Location: Bunker

State: Missouri

Type: RCRA

Purpose: Enforcement

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualiflers used on this report.

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of

FD

sample for quality control

= Field Sample

= Field Duplicate

Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

Deg C = Degrees Celsius

mq/L SU

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram

= Milligrams per Liter

= Standard Units (pH) = Micrograms per Kilogram

ug/kg = Micrograms per Liter ug/L

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank) = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

K = Actual value of the sample is less than the value reported.

L = Actual value of the sample is greater than the value reported.

U = Not detected at or above the reportable level shown.

ASR Number: 827

Sample Information Summary

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Sample QC Numbe Cod	Mainy	Location .	External Sample No.	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
100 - <u>^</u>	Hazardous	Drip pad waste from drip pad collection system taken near South wall near RR tracks on West side		03/07/2001		03/07/2001	13:46	03/08/2001
101	Soil	T-Building wood storage area sample taken in drop areas		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
101 -FD	Soil	T-Building wood storage area/Duplicate of sample 101		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
102	Soil	Background soil sample taken approx, 100 yds. South of office bldg.	,	03/07/2001	14:20	03/07/2001	14:25	03/08/2001
205	Water	Collection Pond water sample		03/07/2001	16:05	03/07/2001	16:18	03/08/2001
208	Water	Drinking water from on-site well near boller		03/07/2001	15:50	03/07/2001	15:57	_03/08/2001 .

ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis

Comments About Results For This Analysis

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardous Waste

The compounds previously reported in the original transmittal under the "Total Semi-Volatiles of TCLP Compounds in Hazardous" are not reported again in this data set. See the original transmittal for these compounds and associated results.

As requested by the EPA Project Leader, the laboratory was requested to analyze the above samples for the complete list of routine BNA compounds after they had previously been analyzed, and data reported, for the totals of TCLP semivolatiles and TCLP semivolatiles. The laboratory proceeded with the analysis as requested. Although no data were qualified based on holding times, it is possible that the actual concentrations may have been higher than the reported results.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil

Sample 827-102 was not re-extracted with the other samples due to the fact that none of the target compounds exceeded the linearity in the initial analysis. The initial analysis of this sample (and all others) was analyzed in conjunction with a valid calibration for all target compounds. Therefore, the submitted data for this sample contained all target BNA compounds as requested. Also, the compounds previously reported in the original transmittal under the "Total Semi-Volatiles of TCLP Compounds in Solids" are not reported again in this data set. See the original transmittal for these compounds and associated results.

As requested by the EPA Project Leader, the laboratory was requested to analyze the above samples for the complete list of routine BNA compounds after they had previously been analyzed, and data reported, for the totals of TCLP semivolatiles and TCLP semivolatiles. The laboratory proceeded with the analysis as requested. Although no data were qualified based on holding times, it is possible that the actual concentrations may have been higher than the reported results.

Due to matrix interferences and very high native concentrations, MS/MSD recoveries of the phenolic compounds ranged from 0% - 7%. Based on the nature of the samples and the observed MS/MSD results, it is possible that the reported results for the phenolic compounds may be biased low.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP

Slight chromium contamination was found in the laboratory method blank. Only samples containing this compound at a level greater than five times the contamination level of the blank are reported without being qualified. All samples that contained this compound but at a level less than five times the contamination in the blank have the result "U-coded" indicating the method reporting limit has been raised to the level found in the sample. Samples affected were 827-101 and 827-101FD.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Hazardous Waste

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Solids

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Activity Number: DLN14 ASR Number: 827
Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100	101	,101-FD	102
Flashpoint of Hazardous Samples		+			
Flashpoint	Deg C	,79 L	• `		
pH of Hazardous Sample	• .				
· •	641				
pН	SU	6.7			
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in I	Hazardous Waste			5	
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	10670			
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	64.6	· ·		
Anthracene	mg/kg	14710			
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	3130			
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	957	Р.		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1070			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	233	• •	-	<i>.</i>
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	- mg/kg	983	•		
Benzoic acid	mg/kg	- 149 U		•	
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg	≠ 49.8 U	•	•	p.7.
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	mg/kg	16.8 U			
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/kg	14.9 U		4	
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	mg/kg	21.8 U	•		
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg	18,8 U			
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	13.2 U			
Butylbenzylphthalate	mg/kg	14.1 U		1. 1	,
Carbazole	mg/kg	11650			
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol ,	mg/kg	35,3 U	€.		
4-Chloroaniline	mg/kg	. 53 U			
2-Chloronaphthalene	mg/kg	±25,4 √U =		•	
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	63.3 U		,	25 x 5
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	15.3 U	· ·	•	
Chrysene	mg/kg	3770	4 A*		
Di-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg	17.6 U			:
Di-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg	15.9 U -		~	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	8.1 U		•	•
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg	8300	•		•
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg -	→ 33.8 U	ı		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	36.5 U	•	1	_
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg	186 U			_
2,4-Dichlorophenol	- mg/kg	55.5 U		<u> </u>	
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg	11.6 U		•	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg	296 U			
Dimethylphthalate	ng/kg · →	6.6 U			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg	63.9 U			
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg	112 U			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	33.9 U		n	
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	22330	• •		
Fluorena	mg/kg	14240			
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/kg	28.5 U			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	264			
Isophorone	mg/kg	27.6 U			
2-Methylnaphthalene	mg/kg	2080	·		
Naphthalene	mg/kg	4170			

ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100		101	101-FD.	102
2-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	29,9	U _.	-		* -
3-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	71.9	υ [`]			
4-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	66.3	Ų			•
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	50.4	U			
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	61.1	U			
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	rng/kg	24.8	U			
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	mg/kg	13.1	U			
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	53280				
Phenol	mg/kg	57.6	U	-		
Pyrene	mg/kg	15690				,
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg	24.5	U	-		
CLP Metals in Haz. Waste						
Arsenic '	mg/L	0.025	υ	p- 144 #		to the state of
Barium ^	mg/L	0.08				
Cadmium	mg/L	0.005	U	•		
Chromium	mg/L	0.005	U			*
Lead	mg/L	0.025	U			
Selenium	mg/L	0.05	U			
Silver	mg/L	0.005	U			
CLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardou	s					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0.00064	U			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L	0.00073	U			
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0005	U			
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L	0.00059	U			
Hexachloroethane	mg/L	0.00071	U			
2-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.014	U			
4-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.18				
Nitrobenzene	mg/L	0.00075	U			i
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	0.0012	U			
Pyridine	mg/L	0.0021	U			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.0017	υ			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.0017	U			
Total Metals of TCLP in Hazardo	us Samples by ICAP					-
Arsenic	mg/kg	125	υ			.
Barium	∽mg/kg	50	U	•		*
Cadmium	mg/kg	25	U			
Chromium	mg/kg	25	U			
Lead	mg/kg	125	U			
Selenium	mg/kg	250	U			
Silver	mg/kg	25	Ü	145		
Total Semivolatiles of TCLP con	npounds in Hazardous ^v	Waste				•
Pyridine	mg/kg	198	3 U			
Semi-Volatile Organic Compour	ds in Soil					
Acenaphthene	ug/kg			117000	86500	· 7.2
Acenaphthylene	ug/kg			3020		
Anthracene	ug/kg			127000	99200	4.9
Benzo(a)anthracene	uġ/kg			50200	38400	3.7
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg			2940		

ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

nalysis / Analyte	Units	100	101		101-FD		102
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg		4720 L	,	4720	υ	· 8.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/kg		3870 L	J	3870	U	6.7
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	սց/kg		3940 U	j	3940	U	6.8
Benzoic acid	ug/kg		76500 L	J	76500	U	132
Benzyl alcohol .	ug/kg	2	25700 t	J	25700	U	44.3
ois(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/kg	U.	8660 U	J	8660	U	14.9
pis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/kg		7650 U	J	7650	U	13.2
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ug/kg		11200 l	J	11200	U	19.3
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/kg		9660 l	J	9660	U	16.7
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg	•	6800 U	J	6800	U	11.7
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg			J	7270	U	12.5
Carbazole	ug/kg		86400		60700	•	78.7
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg		18200	J	18200	U	31.3
4-Chloroaniline	ug/kg			j	27300	Ū ''	47.1
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/kg	3		j	13100	Ū	22.5
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg	Ü		J	32600	Ū	56.3
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg			J	7890	U	13.6
Chrysene	ug/kg		70500	-	62200	_	4.3
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/kg	1		U	9050	U	15,6
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/kg			Ü	8200	Ū	14.1
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/kg			บ	4180	_	7.2
Dibenzoluran	ug/kg		64300	•	37100	-	22.4
1,2-Dichtorobenzene	ug/kg	* 5		u	17400	U	30
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg			u	18800		32.4
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/kg			U	95900	Ü	165
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/kg	1		υ	28600	U	49.3
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg			U	. 5950	Ü	10.3
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg	10 m		Ū	152000	Ü	263
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg			υ	3400	Ü	· 5.9
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg			Ü	32900	Ŭ	56.8
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg	τ,	•	Ü	57700	Ü	99.5
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg			Ü	17500	Ü	30.1
Fluoranthene	ug/kg		363000	•	297000	•	106
Fluorene	ug/kg		159000	•	120000	,	6.5
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg		14700	u·	14700	u	25.3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg		·2550		2550		4.4
Isophorane	ug/kg	• ,	-	Ü	14200		24.5
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg	·	13400		13400		23.1
Naphthalene	ug/kg		3250		3250		5.6
2-Nitroaniline	ug/kg		15400	Ü	15400		26.5
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	•	37000	Ü	37000		20.3 63.9
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg	-	34200		34200		
2-Nitrophenol		•	26000	U.			58.9
	ug/kg			-	26000		44.8
4-Nitrophenol	ug/kg		31500		31500		54.3
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg		12800	U	12800		22
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg		. 6730	U .I			11.6
, Phenanthrene	ug/kg		648000		486000		195
Phenol . ,	' ug/kg		29700	U	29700		51.2
Pyrene ,	_ ug/kg		277000		233000		75
.;1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	, ug/kg		12600	U	12600	U	2

ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100	101	•	101-FD		102	
TCLP Metals in Soil					- -	•		
Arsenic	mg/L		5.0 K	:	5.0	ĸ		
Barium	mg/L		100 H	ζ	100			
Cadmium	mg/L		1.0 H	(1.0	ĸ		
Chromium	mg/L		5.0 H	(5.0			
Lead	mg/L		5.0 H	<	5.0	κ		
Selenium	~ mg/L		1.0 H	(1.0	ĸ		
Silver	mg/L		5.0 F	(5.0	ĸ		
CLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil							-	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L,		0.00064 L	į	0.00064	U		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L	-	0.00073	J	0.00073	U		
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L		0.0005	J	0.0005	U		
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L		0.00059 (J	0.00059	υ		
Hexachloroethane	mg/L		0.00071	J	0.00071	U		
2-Methylphenol	mg/L		0.0014	Ú	0.0014	U		
4-Methylphenol	mg/L		0.0013	U	0.0013	U		
Nitrobenzene	mg/L		0.00075	U	0.00075	U		
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L		0.0012	U	0.0012	U		
Pyridine	mg/L	•	0.0021	Ų	0.0021	U		
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L		0.0017	U	0.0017	U		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L		0.0017	U	0.0017	υ		
Total Metals Analysis of TCLP M	etals in Soil by ICAP							
Arsenic	mg/kg		2.6	υ	2.6	U	5.2	
Barium	mg/kg		15		15.2		124	
Cadmium	mg/kg		0.52	υ	0.52	U	0.67	
Chromium	mg/kg		5.5	U	4.2	U	11.4	
Lead	mg/kg		3.1 、		6.1		27.6	
Selenium	mg/kg		5.2	U	5,2	U	6.7	
Silver	mg/kg		0.52	U	0.52	U	0.67	
Total Semivolatiles of TCLP com	pounds in Solids		•					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		200	U	200	U	<u> </u>	i
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg		160	υ	160	U	20)
Hexachlorobenzene	u g/kg		230	U	230	U	30	ì
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg		190	U	190	Ų	24	ı
Hexachloroethane	ug∕kg		260	U	260	U	33	3
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg	L	740		740			
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg		610		610		78	
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	<u>-</u> '	220		220		29	
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg		410		410		54	
Pyridine	n8\k8		3400		3400		44(
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	'ug/kg		370		370		41	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg	•	360	υ	360	U	4	7

ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

4/6/2001

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Anatysis / Analyte	Units	205		208	
Metals in Water by ICP				-	*
Aluminum	ug/L	10900		100 U	, -· ;
Antimony	ug/L	20 1	IJ	20 U	
Arsenic	ug/L	25		25 U	**
Barium	ug/L	86.3	_	30	
Beryttium	ug/L	1 1	U	וֹ ט	•
Cadmium	ug/L		U	5 U	
Calcium	mg/L	12.7	-	48.6	
Chromium	ug/L	13.6		5.2	
Cobalt	ug/L		U.	5 U	• • /
Copper	ug/L		U	10° U	
Iron	ug/L	8980	-	50 U	•
Lead •	(', ug/L	, 25 (U	25 U	•
Magnesium -	mg/L	6.4	•	26.7	
Manganese ,	ug/L	130		.5 U	_
Molybdenum	ug/L		υ	10 U	
Nickel	. ug/L		U	15 U	•
Potassium	' mg/L	3.6	•	2 U	
Selenium	ug/L		U	50 U	
Silver	ь д/ Г.	5		- 5 U	
Sodium	mg/L	5.4	•	3.2	
Thallium	ug/L	30	П	30 U	
Titanium	ug/L	139	•	.5 U	
Vanadium	ug/L	23.8		.5 U	•
Zinc	ug/L	22.9		, 72	· A
pH of Water		11.0			The r
pH ·	su	7.2		• •	,
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds i		1.2		7.5	٠.
Acensphthene	· •				
1	ug/L	0.16		0.16 U	e,
Acenaphthylene Anthracene	ug/L	0.2		0.2 U	•
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L		U	0.14 U	
	u g/L		U	0.099 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.1		0.1 U	·
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/L	0.13		0.13 U	
Berizo(k)fluoranthene	- ug/L aa	. 0.11		0.11 U	* * ** *
Benzoic acid	ug/L	0.12		1 0.12 U	
Benzyl alcohol	. ug/L	1.3		⁶ 1.3 U	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/L	0.96		0.96 U	•
bis(2-Chloroethyf)ether	úg∕L a	0.32		0.32 U	
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ug/L	0.4		0.4 U	•
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate.	ug/L	0.33		' 0.33 U	
	, ng/L	0.83		0:83 U	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Rutulheanylethelate	ug/L	0.35		0.35 U	
Butylbenzylphthalate Codonale	ug/L	0.94		0.94 U	
Carbazole	ug/L _	2		2 U	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L,	1,2		1.2 U	
4-Chloroaniline	ug/L	1.2		1.2 U	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L	0.69		0.69 U	
2-Chlorophenol	ug/L	1.3	D	1.3 U	

1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene

2,4,5-Trichlorophenol

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205	208	
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.28 U	0.28	U
Сhryseпе	ng/L	0.11 U	0.11	Ų
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/L	0.31 U	0.31	U
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/L	0.31 U	0.31	U
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	0.13 U	0.13	U
Dibenzofuran	ug/L	0.6 U	0.6	U
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.86 U	0.86	υ
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.54 U	0.54	U
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.64 U	0.64	U
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/L	1.4 U	1.4	Ų
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L	1,2 U	1.2	U
Diethylphthalate	ug/L	0.3 U	0.3	U
2,4-Dimethylphenol	°ug∕L	1.5 U	1.5	U
Dimethylphthalate	ug/L	0.23 U	0.23	U
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/L	2 U	2	U
2,4-Dinkrophenol	ug/L	2.4 U	2.4	U
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	0.73 U	0.73	U
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	υg/L	0.89 U	0.89	U
Fluoranthene WIQU	υg/L	1,3	0.12	U
Fluorene	ug/L	0.17 U	0.17	U
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/L	0.5 U	0.5	U
Hexachlorobutadiene	υg/L	0.59 U	0.59	υ
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/L	0,6 U	0,6	Ų
Hexachloroethane	ug/L	0.71 U		Ų
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L	0.15 U	0.15	U
Isophorone	ug/L	0.81 U	0.81	U
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	0.72 U	0.72	Ų
2-Methylphenol	ug/L	1.4 U	J 1,4	U
4-Methylphenol	ug/L	1.3 U	J 1.3	3 U
Naphthalene	ug/L	0.18 U	0.18	U
2-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.78 L	J 0.7	3 U
3-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.53 L	0.5	3 U
4-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.86 U		3 U
Nitrobenzene	ug/L	0.75 L		5 Ų
2-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1,3 (3 U
4:Nitrophenol	- ug/L	1.4 1		4 U
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/L	0.41	U 0.4	1 U
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/L	0.33	U 0.3	3 U
Pentachlorophenol	u g/ L	1,2	U 1	.2 U
Phenanthrene	ug/L	0.11	U 0.1	1 L
Phenol	ug/L	1.1	U 1	.1 L
Pyrene	ug/L	0.092	U 0.09	12 L

0.7 U

1.7 U

1.7 U

ug/L

ug/L

ug/L

0.7 U

1.7 U

. 1.7 U



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

JUN 1 2 2001

MEN	4OR	ANI	<u>DUM</u>
TATTATA	101	4 24 74	

SUBJECT:

Transmittal of Inspection Report - RCRA

FROM:

Betty Berry, Chief

ENSV/ARCM

TO:

Cecilia Tapia, Chief

ARTD/RESP

This memorandum transmits the following inspection report conducted by the Environmental Services Division:

FACILITY: MO Tie & Lumber	INSPECTION DATE: 03/07/2001 INS INSPECTOR: Newsome- D ID N	PECTION TYPE: R-CSI IUMBER: Non Notifier
ADDRESS: Highway 72 West		TIVITY NUMBER:
Reynolds MO 63666 PRELIMINARY INSPECTION FINDINGS:	NOV/NOPF ISSUED - Yes	SNC - Yes
Hazardous waste determination, creosote rel	eases.	
COMMENTS: Appeared to have creosote s	pills greater than the reportable quantity o	! 1lb (0.11 gallon).
MULTIMEDIA: 1) Screening done - Yes 2) Inspection was part of a	Screening forwarded - Yes Forv	varded to" - E/T participating programs" - C,U-I=UIC, S=SPCC, Wet.=Wetland, All

SMALL BUSINESS REGULATORY ENFORCEMENT ACT (SBREFA): Information provided - Yes

Attachments



REPORT OF RCRA COMPLIANCE EVALUATION AND SAMPLING INSPECTION: '

AT

MISSOURI TIE AND TIMBER

Highway 72 West Reynolds, MO 63666 (573) 689 - 2040

EPA ID Number: Non-Notifier

ON

March 7, 2001

BY .

U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
Region VII
Environmental Services Division

1.0 Introduction

At the request of the Air, RCRA and Toxics Division (ARTD), a Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) compliance evaluation and sampling inspection was performed at Missouri Tie and Timber, Reynolds, MO, on March 7, 2001. The inspection was conducted under the authority of Section 3007 of RCRA, as amended. This report and attachments present the results of the inspection. This inspection was conducted as a Level C Multi-media Inspection. The two media were RCRA and SPCC. A Multi-Media Screening Checklist was also completed and is included as attachment 1.

2.0 Participants

Missouri Tie and Timber (Missouri Tie): Junior Flowers, President/Part-Owner David Brawley, Part-Owner

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):
Dedriel L. Newsome, Environmental Engineer
Trevor Urban, Environmental Scientist
Dave Williams, On-Scene Coordinator

3.0 Inspection Procedures

Upon arrival at the facility, Mr. Urban, Mr. Williams and I met Mr. Flowers. I explained that I was there to conduct a RCRA inspection. Mr. Flowers stated that he had scheduled that morning for a tour for the Water Shed group. The Water Shed group consisted of various regional companies. Also along to tour with the group was a local newspaper and a representative from the Missouri Department of Natural Resources (MDNR) Popular Bluff office. While they were arriving, Mr. Flowers spent some time with us going through the entry briefing and facility description. I explained the purpose and procedures of the inspection to Mr. Flowers and presented him with my EPA credentials. I made him aware of their confidentiality rights and informed him that a Confidentiality Notice would be provided at the end of the inspection to make any claims. I provided him with a copy of US Federal Code 1001 concerning false statements to read. Mr. Flowers provided a facility description, process information and waste stream information. Once the Water Shed group had all arrived and were ready, we accompanied them on their tour of the facility. This also included a tour of a charcoal kiln (same owners as Missouri Tie) located about a mile east of the facility. Once Mr. Flowers was finished with the group, he took us on another visual inspection of specific areas of the facility. Samples were collected of wastes, soil, drinking water and surface water. I also reviewed pertinent documents that were made available by Mr. Flowers. Mr. Flowers stated that he handles the process and that his partner, Dave Brawley, handles the paperwork. He stated that Mr. Brawley's wife was having surgery that morning and he did not know where the records were located or what type of records they had. He also stated that they had just recently moved into this new office and a lot of the paper work was still in boxes. Mr. Flowers asked that I leave a list of the records I wanted to review. I provided him with attachment 2, and asked that if they had any of these types of records, then send copies of them to me. On 3/26/01, I received the additional records which are included as attachment 3. Photos were taken during the inspection using a digital camera (see photos 1 through 25). A video survey was also conducted at this site and the video tape is enclosed with this report.

At the conclusion of the inspection, an exit interview was held with Mr. Flowers where I reviewed our preliminary findings and observations. During the exit interview, Mr. Flowers acknowledged receipt of the following with his signature: a Confidentiality Notice, a Receipt for Documents and a Notice of Violation (NOV), see attachments 4 through 6. No confidential business claims were made during the inspection.

I phoned Mr. Brawley on 6/1/01 to obtain additional information, which he provided.

4.0 Findings And Observations

4.1. General Information

Missouri Tie is located in a rural area surrounded by farmland. Mr. Flower stated that this facility was built on farmland that he and Mr. Brawley used to farm. The facility was built around 1998 and they started operating it in 1999. There are six full-time employees and the

company is operated 24 hours, seven days a week. The size of the site the company sits on is unknown, but the company actually uses about seven to eight acres. On-site is also a saw mill, Brawley and Flowers Saw Mill, that operates as a separate company. In the past, Mr. Flowers and Mr. Brawley treated rail ties at their Scott Tie facility located in Ellington, MO. This facility is currently closed. Mr. Flowers stated that he was not sure at this time if they were going to restart that facility or not. There were residences about 1500 feet northeast of the new facility. Missouri Tie has two drinking water wells on-site, one near the boiler and one near the office. A layout of the facility is shown in Figures 1 and 2.

Missouri Tie is owned by Mr. Flowers and Mr. Brawley. They also own Scott Tie and the charcoal kiln about a mile east down the road. I asked Mr. Flowers if they owned any other wood treating facilities and he stated "no."

4.2. Facility Operations

Missouri Tie manufactures railroad ties by preserving red and black oak with creosote. Mr. Flowers stated that the creosote is not mixed and is 100% creosote. The type of creosote used is a mixture of polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) as shown in the attached MSDS (see attachment?). The creosote is purchased from KMG Bernuth, Granite City, IL (formerly Allied Signal) and is currently stored in one of three heated 30,000 gallon above ground storage tanks (see attachment 8 for latest two shipping documents). There are actually four storage tanks, but Mr. Flowers stated that only three are currently being used (see Figure 2). The wood treating process is as follows as explained by Mr. Flowers:

 Receive cut wood. About 15% is cut by Brawley and Flowers Saw Mill and the other is purchased from off-site.

• Stack the wood outside for air drying which takes about seven months to a year. Prior to or after air drying, the ties are sent through a machine that makes perforated holes in them to help the creosote penetrate the wood. The ties are then end trimmed and an anti-split end plate is added to the ties prior to being re-bundled. Mr. Brawley stated that they do not use the cylinder to dry any wood prior to treatment.

• Load the wood on a tram to be treated in a treatment cylinder. The treatment cylinder is 6'D x 125'L. Missouri Tie treats about two loads a day (see attachment 9 for latest treatment log). About 14 trams of wood fit in the cylinder at a time. Mr. Flowers stated that sometimes they do not treat at all, such as during the winter months when business is slow.

• Steam is added to the cylinder to heat the wood prior to treatment (the creosote is stored at about 200°F and therefore the wood is heated up to about this temperature and also to aid in the creosote penetration). There is a boiler on-site that burns saw dust and provides steam for the treatment process and to heat the buildings.

 The cylinder is filled with creosote and pressure is applied using pressure pumps for about four to 18 hours depending on whether the wood being treated is green or air dried.

• The pressure is released and the creosote is returned to the working tanks. Mr. Flowers stated that there is a metal mesh filter that the creosote goes through prior to being returned to the storage tanks.

- A vacuum is then pulled on the cylinder for about two hours using steam injection pumps. Mr. Brawley stated that exhaust vents are located on the storage tanks and are vented to the atmosphere. The wood is pulled out of the cylinders on either side and is stored on the drip pad 12 to 24 hours to drip dry.
- The treat wood is then placed in a "T-Building" (a concrete pad with a small berm and a roof) prior to being shipped off-site. Some treated wood may also be stored on the ground prior to being shipped off-site. Mr. Flowers stated that there was no specific ground area used and that it could be anywhere. At the time of the inspection, treated wood was being stored on the ground on the south side of the facility. Mr. Flowers stated that this wood has been stored on the ground for less than two weeks (the exact time was unknown other than less than two weeks).

4.3. RCRA Status

Missouri Tie has not submitted a Notification of Hazardous Waste Activity. During the inspection, I was not able to determine if any hazardous waste is generated on-site as no hazardous waste determination had been made on the process waste. None had been shipped off-site for disposal to date. Mr. Flowers stated that they have not cleaned out their process system since they started operating at this site. He stated that next week they will have their system (cylinder, vats, T-Buildings) cleaned. I asked that he send me a copy of the shipping papers for this waste which he agreed. I received the waste profile with the additional information on 3/26/01 which states that the creosote residue is an F034 hazardous waste (see attachment 3 page 29).

The wood preserving regulations became effective on 12/6/90, and established the F034 listing which consists of wastewaters, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from plants that use creosote formulations. However, this F034 listing was a non-HSWA provision, and therefore, not applicable in Missouri as the state has not adopted this listing. Therefore, waste meeting this listing description would be a hazardous waste only if it is characteristic. The waste shipped may also be hazardous if it contains any unused creosote, U051. According to the listing, U051 consists of discarded commercial chemical creosote products or off-specification commercial chemical creosote products. I informed Mr. Flowers that if he generates any unused creosote with this waste then it would be a U051 hazardous waste, otherwise it is only hazardous if it is characteristic. Samples were collected of the process waste and analyzed for TCLP semi-volatiles, polyaromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) and metals. Based on the analytical results of the samples collected during the inspection, it appears that Missouri Tie is a non-generator of RCRA hazardous waste.

During the inspection, I asked Mr. Flowers about 40 CFR Subpart W Drip Pad requirements in case the wastes were determined to be hazardous based on analytical results. As stated above in Section 3.0, Mr. Flowers stated that his partner, Dave Brawley, handles the paperwork and he handles the process. He stated that Mr. Brawley's wife was having surgery that morning and he did not know where the records were located or what type of records they have. He also stated that they had just recently moved into this new office and a lot of the paper work was still in boxes. He asked that I leave a list of the records I wanted to review. I provided him with the list

in attachment 3, and asked if they had any of these types of records, then send copies of them to me. However, as discussed below in the waste stream section, Section 4.4, Missouri Tie is a non-generator of hazardous waste. Therefore, none of these records would be required. Even though the process wastes are determined to be non-hazardous based on the TCLP analytical results, there appears to have been releases of the crossote preservative. This is based on the soil PAH analytical results in comparison to the background soil. Three of the PAHs detected in the soil are listed in the 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. One of the criteria EPA uses to determine if a solid waste is listed as a hazardous waste is to determine if it contains any of the toxic constituents listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. The constituents on this list have been shown in scientific studies to have toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic effects on humans or other life forms.

4.4 Waste Management and Waste Streams

To better understand the following waste streams and waste management practices discussed below, a layout of the treatment area is shown in Figures 1 and 2. A video of the facility is attached and photos of the facility are also included as photos 1 through 25.

4.4.1 Process Drippage, Process Residues, Filter Residue, Tank Bottoms

As discussed above, Mr. Flowers stated that they have not cleaned out their treatment system and generated any hazardous waste since they have started operating at this facility. He also stated that they have not shipped any waste off-site to date. He stated that they will be cleaning the treatment system (including the three vats in the east and west drip pad containment sump, the vat under the filter screen, the retort, etc.) next week. He stated that Rineco Chemical (Rineco), Dupo, IL, will be doing the cleaning and removing any waste. Mr. Flowers had a quotation from Rineco as shown in attachment 10. Based on the setup and operation of the treatment system, solid waste (process drippage, process residues, filter residue and tank bottoms) is generated in the vats, in the east and west containment sumps, and also in the vat used to collect the filter residue (see Figure 2). This is based on the following:

Mr. Flowers stated that the drippage is squeegeed from the east and west drip pads into their respective vats (see photos 1 through 6 and 11, and 12). He stated that the waste accumulating in these two east and west vats is not reused and will all be collected in drums and shipped to Rineco next week for disposal. The two vats are 18ft x 3.5ft x 2.5ft. The west vat contained about 18 inches of creosote drippage/residue and the east vat contained about 22 inches.

I observed about 20 5-gallon pails on the west side of the treatment cylinders that contained various levels of creosote drippage/residue (see photo 13). Mr. Flowers stated that this waste would be the same type of creosote drippage/residue that was in the two east and west vats. He stated that sometimes instead of the workers squeegeeing drippage from the far ends of the drip pads all the way down to the vats, they take a bucket to the drip pad area to be squeegeed and collect the drippage in the bucket. He stated that eventually this waste is added into the vats.

Mr. Flowers stated that the drippage collected in the vats under the cylinder doors is pumped back into the treatment system. He stated that any bottoms remaining in these

vats will also be cleaned out next week to be shipped to Rineco.

As the creosote is returned to the working tank after leaving the retort, it is sent through a

metal filter screen to remove any residue. The metal filter screen is periodically cleaned and the residue is collected in a vat under the treatment cylinder (about 10ft x 2ft x 8in). It contained about six inches of residue that has not been cleaned to date.

If this combined waste is hazardous, then it would have been stored over 90 days in the drip pad vats since it has been accumulating in the vats since operations began in 1999. Since the unrecycled waste accumulating in the drip pad vats did not appear to be a listed waste (i.e. F034 is not applicable in the state of Missouri and no unused creosote was stated as being added to the vats), this waste is hazardous only if it is characteristic. Mr. Brawley stated that no unused creosote is added to the waste. No hazardous waste determination had been made on this waste. Failure to make a hazardous waste determination is in violation of 10 CSR 25-5.262(1)—40 CFR 262.11. (NOV #1) A sample was collected of this waste from the west vat, Sample #100, and it was analyzed for TCLP semi-volatiles, PAH, and metals. Based on the results, it was determined to be a non-hazardous waste. However, it did contain high levels of PAHs that are also listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII (see Section 5.5.1 for further discussion).

After the wood is treated, it is either put on a concrete pad under a roof (a.k.a. T-Building) or is stored on the ground. I observed drippage puddled on the T-Building concrete pads (see photos 7 and 9). Mr. Flower stated that they have not cleaned these buildings to date. He stated that they will clean them next week when they clean the treatment system. There was also some drippage right along the edge of the pad (see photo 10). Mr. Flowers stated that they have not removed any of the soil from around these T-Buildings. He stated that they did pack more dirt/gravel on top of it. He stated that these areas around the T-Buildings will be cleaned next week also. A sample and a duplicate were collected from some of the stained soil near one of the T-Buildings; Sample #101/101FD, and they were analyzed for TCLP semi-volatiles, PAH, and metals. Based on comparing the analytical results to background levels (Sample #102), it was determined that creosote releases have occurred (see Section 5.5.2 for further discussions).

4.4.2 Other Wastes

The following table identifies other waste streams.

#	WASTE NAME	GENERATION PROCESS	HAZARDOUS WASTE DETERMINATION	ESTIMATED GENERATION RATE	ON-SITE MANAGEMENT	OFF-SITE MGMT/ DISPOSAL
	Spent Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	During the treatment process, PPE (rubber gloves) becomes contaminated with creosote.	Non-hazardous based on knowledge	1 to 2 pair of each / week	Collect with the creosote residue	RinecoChemical
7	Used Oil	Vehicle maintenance. (Mr. Flowers stated that they have not brought over their parts washer from Scott Tie yet.)	Used Oil	10 to 20 gallons/weck	Collect in 55-gallon drums and used on the rollers and chains as a tubricant at the saw mill.	N/A
е е	Used Oil Filters	Vehicle maintenance. The spent oil filters are drained.	Non-Hazardous Based on knowledge	Varies	The used oil filters are drained and disposed with the general trash.	Sanitary Landfill
4	Scrap Bandings	Some bandings break during the treatment process.	Non-hazardous based on knowledge	Varies	Splice and reuse on the bundles	N/A

. ;

4.5 Other Requirements

The checklists completed during the inspection are included as attachment 11

5.0 Sampling

5.1. Purpose and Objective

The purpose and objective of this sampling activity are discussed in the attached Quality Action Project Plan (QAPP) included as attachment 12.

5.2. Weather Conditions

The weather was cool and partly sunny.

5.3 Samples Collected and Sample Locations

The following sample locations are shown in Figures 1 and 2.

SAMPLE #	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION 4	PHOTO NUMBERS		
100	Waste - Drip Pad Waste from west drip pad collection system	12		
101/101D	Soil - T-Building Wood Storage Area	14, 20		
102	Soil - Background	23		
205	Surface Water - Collection Pond	25		
208	Drinking Water - Well near boiler	24	•	

The field sheets which contain the sample descriptions and Chain-of-Custody form are included as attachments 13 and 14. Mr. Flowers did not request split samples when I offered, therefore, none were provided to him.

5.4. Sampling Procedures

In general, the sampling procedures were as discussed in the QAPP and the samples were collected as stated on the field sheet (see attachment 13).

5.5. Analytical Results

The analytical results are included as attachment 15 and 16. There are two sets of data because the original set did not include all the PAHs. These PAH constituents were requested again and the results were sent over separately.

5.5.1. Hazardous Waste Determinations

According to the QAPP, any waste exceeding the regulatory thresholds is determined to be a hazardous waste. No samples collected and analyzed exceeded the regulatory limits. However, one of the criteria used to determine if a solid waste is listed as a hazardous waste is to determine if it contains any of the toxic constituents listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. The constituents on this list have been shown in scientific studies to have toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic effects on humans or other life forms. The drip pad waste, Sample #100, contains high levels of various PAHs that are on the Appendix VIII list. They are as follows:

CHEMICAL NAME	RCRA CODE	ANALYTICAL RESULTS (mg/kg)
Benzo(a)anthracene	U018	3130
Benzo(a)pyrene	U022 .	957
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No code	1070
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	No code	983
Chrysene	U050	3770
Fluoranthene	U120	22330
Indeno(1,2,3-ed)pyrene	U137	264
Naphthalene (U165)	U165	4170

5.5.2. Hazardous Release Determinations

According to the QAPP, soil sample data will be compared to the background sample data. A release will be deemed to have occurred if the soil sample exceeds background levels by more than a factor of two, assuming reasonable background levels. A background level is reasonable if it does not exceed the soil action levels established by EPA Region III. The following is a comparison of the soil background levels to the EPA Region III Risk-Based Concentrations, 10/5/00.

TCLP	Sample #102 BACKGROUND	RISK-BASE	SOIL INGESTION (mg/kg)	
CONSTITUENTS	SOIL (mg/kg)	PARAMETER	INDUSTRIAL	RESIDENTIAL
Arsenic	5.2-	Arsenic	3.8	0.43
Barium	124,	Barium	140000	5500
Cadmium	ND at 0.67	Cadmium - Water	1000	39
Cadinum		Cadmium - Food	2000	- 78
Chromium	11.4	Chromium III	3100000	120000
Cidonium		Chromjum VI	6100	230
Lead	27.6	Lead*	400*	400*
Selenium	ND at 6.7	Selenium	10000	390
Silver	ND at 0.67	Silver	10000	390
Benzo(a)anthracene (PAH)	ND at 0.0037	******	N/A	N/A
Chrysene (PAH)	ND at 0.0043		N/A	N/A
Fluoranthene (PAH)	0.106		N/A	N/A

^{* -} According to the EPA Region III Risk-Based Table there are no calculated values for lead. It states that an EPA OSW Directive recommends that soil lead levels less than 400 ppm be considered safe for residential use, therefore the de facto lead soil number would be 400 mg/kg.

As shown by the table above, except for arsenic, all the background levels are determined to be reasonable. The metals constituents levels in the soil background exceeded the levels in the soil samples #101 and 101FD. However, three PAH constituents listed on the 40 CFR 261 Appendix VIII list detected in the soil sample and its duplicate exceeded the soil PAH background levels by a factor of more than two. Based on this, creosote preservative releases have occurred. The three PAH constituents are benzo(a)anthracene -U018, chrysene - U050 and fluoranthene - U120. As 7 stated above, one of the criteria used to determine if a solid waste is listed as a hazardous waste is to determine if it contains any of the toxic constituents listed in 40 CFR Part 261 Appendix VIII. The constituents on this list have been shown in scientific studies to have toxic, carcinogenic, mutagenic or teratogenic effects on humans or other life forms. It should also be noted that according to the MSDS (attachment 7), the Reportable Quantity (RQ) for creosote is one pound. One pound is about 0.11 gallon (about seven ounces) based on the density of 9.1 lbs/gallon listed on the MSDS. It appeared that over seven ounces of creosote drippage were observed on the ground as I observed a one foot diameter spill (see photo 15). When a spill occurs greater than the RQ, an immediate notification is made to the National Response Center, the State Emergency Response Commission and the Local Emergency Planning Committee. I asked Mr. Brawley if they have ever reported any spills to any of these committees and he stated "no."

ND - Non Detect

[&]quot;---" - Not Listed

N/A - Not Applicable

Missouri Tie has two drinking water wells on-site. One is located near the office (about 300 feet deep) and one is located near the Boiler Building (about 400 feet deep). A drinking water sample, Sample #208, was collected from the well near the boiler. According to the QAPP, groundwater data will be compared to EPA's Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories concentrations. The detected TCLP metal constituents (barium and chromium) were less than the maximum contaminant level (MCL) in drinking water, 2 mg/L and 0.1 mg/L, respectively. No PAHs were detected.

Missouri Tie has an on-site pond located between the treatment area and the office (see Figure 1). A sample, Sample #205, was collected from this pond. The surface water analytical results were compared to the NOAA Screening Quick Reference Tables. Two TCLP metals were detected: barium and chromium. There were no freshwater screening concentrations for barium and total chromium. The one detected PAH (fluoranthene) was less than the freshwater screening acute concentration for fluoranthene (3980 ppb).

5.6 QC Analysis

According to the QAPP, the acceptance limit for the precision assessed via field duplicates will be less than or equal to 50 percent relative percent difference. The field duplicates fall within the acceptance limits as defined in the QAPP (see attachment 17).

Dedriel L. Newsome Environmental Engineer Date:

Figures

- 1. Facility Layout
- 2. Treatment Area Layout

Attachments

- 1. Multi-Media Screening Checklist (2 pages)
- 2. Request For Information (2 pages)
- 3. Additional Information Received (31 pages)
- 4. Confidentiality Notice (1 page)
- 5. Document of Receipt (1 page)
- 6. NOV (1 page)
- 7. Creosote MSDS (9 pages)
- 8. Latest Two Creosote Shipments (2 pages)
- 9. Latest Treating Log (2 pages)
- 10. Rineco Quotation (3 pages)
- 11. Checklists (9 pages)
- 12. Wood Treaters QAPP (29 pages)
- 13. Field Sheets (6 pages)
- 14. Chain-of-Custody (1 page)
- 15. First Set of Analytical Results (8 pages)
- 16. Second Set of Analytical Results (11 pages)
- 17. QC Calculations (1 pages)

Photo Log (1 page)
Photographs (13 pages/25 photos)
Video Tape (1 tape)

Cachief Newsone

Dedriel L. Newsome

Environmental Engineer

Date: 4/1/61

Figures

1. Facility Layout

2. Treatment Area Layout

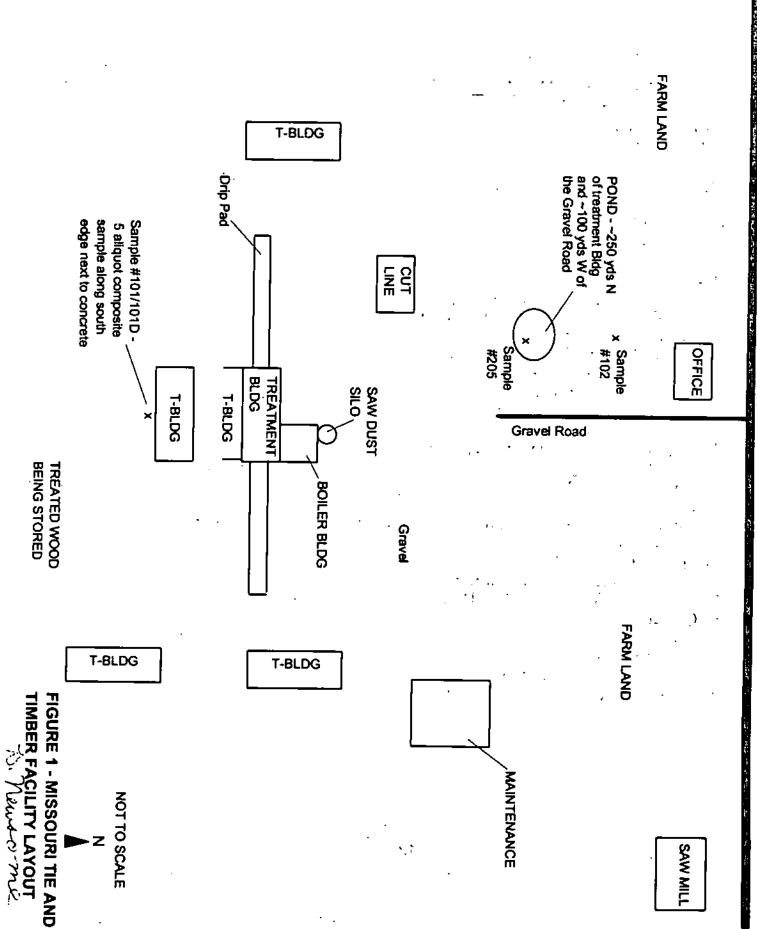
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Photo Log (1 page)

Photographs (13 pages/25 photos)

Video Tape (1 tape)



Forward To: E.T. TSCAEPCRA . CWA Westands UICO PWSO CAAD CFCO RCRA USTO SPCCO
REGION VII MULTIMEDIA SCREENING CHECKLIST
Facility Missouri Tiet Lumber Facility Ownership Tunior Flowers + Duve Brawley Street Highway 72 West Facility Contact Junior Flowers Primary Media RCRA City Reynolds 1990 Phone (573) 689-2126 SIC code 2491 Inspector Phone Ext. 7049 State MC Zip 6366 Number of Employees Work Hours/Shifts 24/m/7d/2 Date 3/7/01
1. What does the facility do? <u>wood treater</u>
2. Provide a brief process description: treat wood in one of two vessels using crossite
(Check all that apply): Painting/Coating (Water-based □, Solvent-based □); Printing □; Reacting □; Formulating □; Distilling □; Parts Washers/Degreasing (Water-based □, Halogenated-based □, Non-halogenated-based □); Combustion (boile) furnaces, oxidizers) ⊠ Electroplating (Chrome □, Other); Electro-less plating(Type)
ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE (EJ - Note: Only forward to EJ if a concern is also identified in one of the regulatory areas below)
1. Is the facility located in a low income area (e.g., with many abandoned and dilapidated properties)? No ☑(stop) Yes ☐ Is the facility located less then 1000 feet from the nearest routinely occupied property (house, school, etc.)? No ☐ Yes ☐ → Forward to EJ TOXIC-SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA) EMERGENCY PLANNING & COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW ACT (EPCRA)
1. Does the facility use more than 200 gallons or 1,500 pounds per month of the following (check all that apply): Acids [], Anhydrous Ammonia [],
Chlorine □, Chlorinated Solvents □, Solvent-Based Paints □, or Solvents □? No ☑ (stop) Yes □ (Available on Envirofacts)
2. Does the facility store more than 100 gallons or 1,000 pounds of the following (check all that apply): Acids □, Bases □, Bulk Chemicals □, Anhydrous Ammonia □, Chlorinated Solvents □, Fuels □, Gases □, Solvent-Based Paints □, or Solvents □? No □ (stop) Yes □ Have Hazardous Chemical Inventory Forms (Tier II) been submitted to local and state governments (Emergency Planning Committees or
State Emergency Response Commission)? Yes ☑ No ☐ → Forward to EPCRA (Available on Envirofacts)
Have Risk Management Plans been submitted to EPA under Section 112r of the CAA? Yes□ No ☐ Forward to EPCRA 3. Does the facility have any equipment that contains PCB's at concentrations >500 ppm? No ☐ (stop) Yes ☐
✓ Do you see any visibly leaking equipment(including wet or weeping equipment)? No □ Yes □ → Forward to TSCA (Get Photo)
 CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) - National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES), Industrial Pretreatment Does the facility discharge any water to storm sewers, surface water, or the land? No □ (stop) Yes □ STON WATER Are all of the water discharges permitted? Yes ☑ No □ → Forward to CWA Does the facility discharge process wastewater to the city POTW (Publically Owned Treatment Works)? No □ (stop) Yes □
Are the discharges permitted by: The state? □ (Stop here) The city? □ No □ → Forward to CWA;
Solution: Appearance of discharge: No or Don't Know □ → Forward to CWA 3. Do you see any wastewater discharges not identified by the facility? No ☑ (stop) Yes □ Location: Appearance of discharge:
Appearance of discharge: (Get Photo) → Forward to CWA CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) - Section 404 Wetlands
1. Does the facility have any wetland areas (e.g. streams, ponds, or temporarily wet areas)? No □ (stop) Yes □ Pond
Po you see any areas that have been filled, dredged, channelized, dammed, or had gravel removed from within the last 5 years? No ☑ Yes ☐ → FWD to Wedands When?
SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (SDWA) - Underground Injection Control (UIC) & Public Water System (PWS)
1. Does the facility discharge any <u>liquids</u> to the subsurface (septic systems, disposal wells, cesspools, etc.)? No ☑ (stop) Yes ☐→ <i>Forward to UtC</i> ■ Do these liquid wastes consist of sanitary wastewater only? Yes ☐ No ☐

2. Does the facility provide drinking water to 25 people or more from <u>its own source</u> (private well, pond, etc)? No ∠(stop) Yes → Forward to PWS ...

■ Does the facility test or monitor its drinking water in order to comply with state regulations? Yes □ No □ Version 05.18.00

GRAY SHADED AREAS INDICATE ITEMS YOU NEED TO LOOK FOR DURING VISUAL INSPECTION

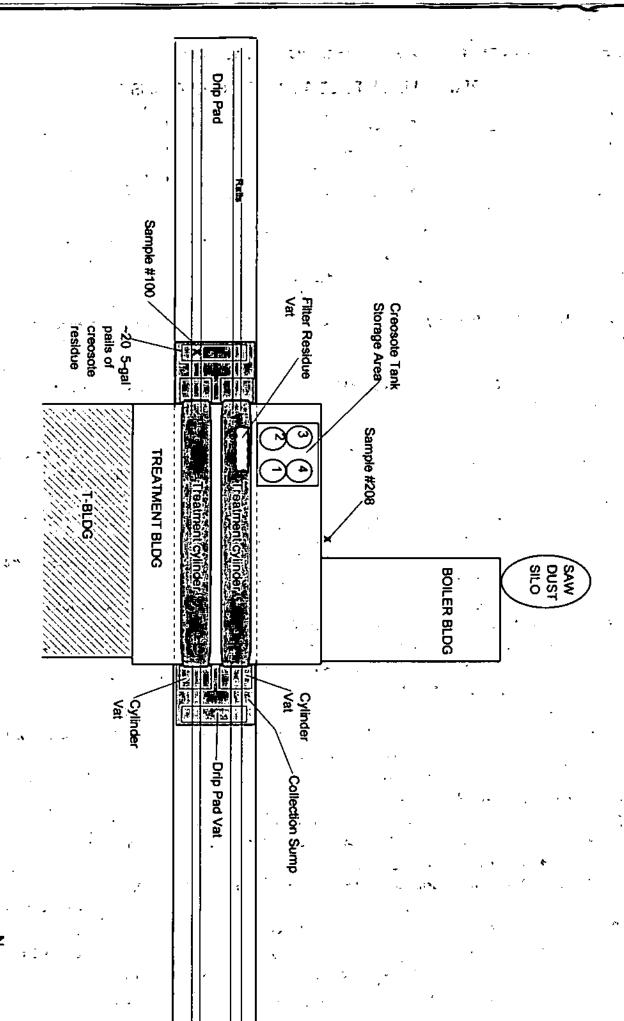


FIGURE 2 - MISSOURI TIE AND TIMBER FACILITY LAYOUT

NOT TO SCALE

CLEAN AIR ACT (CAA)
1. Do you see any dense, non-steam, smoke or dust emissions leaving the facility property? No,☑ Yes □ → Forward to CAA
Source(Get Photo)
2. Does the facility have any new air pollution emitting equipment that was constructed or installed in the past 5 years? No (stop) Yes
Is specific equipment permitted? Yes □ No □ → Forward to CAA (Describe:)
3. Does the facility have any <u>manufacturing process</u> cooling units that contain >50 lbs of refrigerant? No ☑ (stop) Yes ☐ → Forward to CFC
✓ Are these units: Self-serviced? □ Contract Serviced? □ Service Company:
4. Does the facility service motor vehicle air conditioning systems? No ☑ (stop) Yes □
Does the facility use more than one type of refrigerant? No □ Yes □
Types:
rer Does the facility have <u>separate</u> servicing and recovery equipment for <u>each type</u> of refrigerant? Yes □ No □ → Forward to CFC
5. Does the facility use any of these refrigerants: Duracool □? Envirosale □? OZ-12 □? HC-12a □? No □ Yes □ → Forward to CFC
RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA)
1. Does the facility generate more than 30-gallons (220 lbs/100kg) of hazardous waste per month or at any one time? No 🗹 (stop) Yes 🗆
FEPA Hazardous Waste Identification Number? # Non-notifier Generator Size CESQ ← None → Forward to RCRA
2. Does the facility treat \square , burn \square , landfill \square , or have surface impoundments \square , for on-site <u>hazardous waste</u> management? No \square (stop) Yes \square
Is facility permitted for above described activity? Yes □ No □ → Forward to RCRA
3. Does the facility generate, store, or ship off-site large quantities (>10 drums, roll-offs, waste piles, etc.) of waste material that they claim to be
non-hazardous (exclude clean office trash, cardboard, & packaging type wastes)? No □ (stop) Yes □
List Waste Type What information can the facility show you that demonstrates the waste is actually non-hazardous?
Testing, industry or manf. info., MSDS, etc. □; None available □ → Forward to RCRA
Testing, industry or manf. info., MSDS, etc. □; None available □ → Forward to RCRA
Testing, industry or manf. info., MSDS, etc. □ ; None available □ → Forward to RCRA
Testing, industry or manf. info., MSDS, etc. □; None available □ → Forward to RCRA
Testing, industry or manf. info., MSDS, etc. □; None available □ → Forward to RCRA
4. Do you see any hazardous waste containers, drums, or tanks <u>leaking</u> ? No ☑ Yes ☐ → Forward to RCRA
Describe:(Get Photo)
5. Do you see any signs of soils or releases (e.g., dead or stressed vegetation, stains, discoloration)? No □ Yes □ → Forward to RCRA
Describe: appeared to be > 1 lb which is the RQ [Get Photo]
6. Do you see any chemical or waste handling practices that concern you (access to children/public)? No □ Yes □ → Forward to RCRA
Describe: 5 al report (releaser) (Get Photo)
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS (UST part of RCRA)
1. Does the facility have any past or present underground petroleum product or hazardous material tanks? No ☑ Yes ☐ → Forward to UST
2. Does the facility have any underground fuel tanks for emergency generators? No 🗵 Yes 🗅 → Forward to UST
SPILL PREVENTION CONTROL AND COUNTERMEASURE PLAN (SPCC) See Dave She pent . This was a paret
1. Does the facility have any aboveground oil tanks (petroleum, synthetic, animal, fish, vegetable), with an aggregate volume >1320 gallons?
No □ (stop) Yes □ Is there and SPCC Plan? Yes □ No □ → Forward to SPCC . CCNA being
■ Do you see a secondary containment system for the tanks? Yes □ No □ → Forward to SPCC
□ Do you see any leaking tanks where oil could reach waters of the State or U.S.? No □ Yes □ (Get Photo) → Forward to SPCC
* PLEASE TAKE <u>PHOTOS</u> TO DOCUMENT POTENTIAL PROBLEMS .
Version 05 18 00 GRAY SHADED AREAS INDICATE ITEMS YOU MEED TO LOOK FOR DURING VISUAL INSPECTION

ATTACHMENT Page 2 of 2

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18.02		; ;
	3/7/013	
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	her been left on the drip pad until all	
	orippage has seased,	
第一次——这一种		
(à	Any documentation on how the drip pad will	The second second
	be cleaned (the procedures that will be used)	
	including the date and time of each clean	I
		J.4
(2	Any documentation of clean-up activities in	
	response to any infrequent incidental drippinge.	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	in the Storage Yard areas.	
		,
(1)	Any documentation of the date, time, &	, .
	quantity of any leakage collected in the dri	<u> </u>
37 - 1	psd's leak collection system	
(5	Any documentation of the dates, times, tou	intity
	of waste removed from the drip pad and	2350CIGTED
·	collection systems.	
<u> </u>	Any test results waste analyses on other	1er
	determinations made	
		- · · · ·
	Any Contingency Plans	
<u> </u>		1 .
<u> </u>	Any manifests	
	ATTACHMENT 2 Page 1 of 2	

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<u> </u>	@ Facility layout - note po	nds .	†
			
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P. O. BOX 730 REYNOLDS, MISSOURI 63666 PHONE 573-689-2040

RECEIVED
MAR 2 6 2001
ARCM/ENSV

March 21, 2001

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region VII Attention: Ms. Diedriel Newsome 901 North 5th Street Kansas City, Kansas 66101

Dear Diedriel:

I am writing you in response to your request for some information during your site visit on March 07, 2001. I am sorry I was unable to produce the information during your visit, I had to take my wife for a medical outpatient procedure.

Please find enclosed the following:

- (1) Waste Material Profile Sheet
- (2) Ceased Drippage Inspection Log
- (3) Drip Pad Cleaning Log
- (4) Storage Yard Cleanup Activities Log
- (5) Leak Collection System Log

The contingency plan, and assessment of the drip pad will be forthcoming under a separate letter. Please let me know if you have any questions concerning this matter.

Sincerely

David F. Brawley

1) Any documentation that all theated wood has been left on the drip pad until all drippage has ceased.
@ Any documentation on how the drip pad will be cleaned (the procedures that will be used). including the date and time of each cleaning)
B. Any documentation of clean-up activities in response to any infrequent incidental dripping in the Storage Yand arises.
@ Any documentation of the date, time of grantity of any leakage collected in the drip
(5) Any documentation of the dates, times, & quantity of waste removed from the drip pad and associated collection systems
6 Any test results, waste analyses, on other
1) Any Contingency Flans
(3) Any Manifests
ATTACHMENT 3 Page 2 of 3 1

 	1) PE-centified assessment of drip pad. Also any inspections during constitution.
	(w) Facility layout - note ponds
	1 Drip pad drawing showing layers
	@ Any inspection logs of the drip pad surface or any other area
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
·	

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Operating Practices Ceased Drippage Inspection Log Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

Date!	Type of Inspection	Inepector	Comments ¹		Action Taken
1/1/2000	Visual	GM			None
1/2	u ·	GM	1		11 .
1/3	1.1	GM			11
1/4	11	GM		•	r t
1/5	1.1	GM			11
1/6	<i>t</i> ('	GM	N.	4	<i>'</i>
1/7	i,	GM			11
1/8	11	GM			ŧ į
1/9	r t	GM	•	·	(I
1/10	(1)	GM.			11
1/11	(1)	DB			11
1/12	, q	DB			11
1/13/12000		GM			11

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Date of the inspection or when a problem is first observed.
- Type of inspection is one of the following:
 - Visual inspection (problems noticed during normal work activities)
 - Monthly Inspection
 - Tank Inspection
- Comments should describe any problem detected during visual or other inspections
- 4) Action taken should describe how a problem was corrected or should read "None" if no problems were detected.

The above inspection Log is documentation that all treated wood has been left on the Subpart W drip pad until all drippage has ceased (Section 264.573(k)/Section 265.443(k)).

Operating Practices · Ceased Drippage Inspection Log Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

Type of the south and seed and	S from the second second second second	port concernation of the report of second co	BANGARAN AMERIKAN MERINAN MERINAN MENENGAN MENEN
Date!	Type of Inepection ³	Inepector	Transport of the second
1114/2000	Visual	GM	None
1/15	1 ;	GM	
1/16	11	DB.	
1/17	ł (DB	1
1/18	11	GM.	
1/19	· (()	GM.	
1/20	Č(GM.	
1/21	<i>(</i> (GM	TI.
1/22	(C)	DB.	
1/23	. (1	013	
1/24	. (1	OB	11
1/25	((03	
1/26/2000		OB	

Date of the inspection or when a problem is first observed,

Type of inspection is one of the following:

Visual inspection (problems noticed during normal work activities)

Monthly Inspection

Tank Inspection

3) 4) Comments should describe any problem detected during visual or other inspections

Action taken should describe how a problem was corrected or should read "None" if no problems were detected,

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Operating Practices Ceased Drippage Inspection Log Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

		Type of Inspection'	. Inspector	Comments*	Action Taken
- 1/27/2	1000	Visual	GM		None
1/2	9	11	GM		11
1/2	9	<i>I</i> 1	GM	*	11
1/3	0	11	GM		(A .
1/3	31	tí -	GM		/ 1
21	1	<u> ří</u>	GM		, 1 (
2/2	2	Pv ⁻ :	GM		tv .
2/3	3	1 (**	GM		:11
2/1	+	11	GM		11
2/4	5	11	PB		11
2/0	0	(1)	DB	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11
2/-	7	11 22	DB		/1
2/8/20		h	GM		/(

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 - Tank Inspection
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			and the second s	
Date!	Type of Inspection'	Inspector	Comments :	Action Taken
2/9/2000	Visual	GM		None
2/10	10	GM		115
2/11	10	GM		11 2
2/12	11	GM		34
2/13	11	00		11
2/14	11	OB		11
2/15	, i	DB		
2/16	11	GM		11 . 1
2/17	(1)	DB		(1.,
2/18	11	GM		11
2/19	1.1	GM		7 Tr 1
2/20	11	GM		11
2/21/2000	11	GM		11

INSTRUCTIONS:

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Date*	Type of	Inepector	Comments?	Action Taken
2/22/2000	Visual	GM	***	None
2 23	13	GM	\$	/1
2/24	()	GM	-	/1
2/25	11	GM		11
2/26	<i>ξ</i>	GM		((
2/27	(1	GM	1	. , 11
2/28	t]	GM		11
2/29	11	GM		()
3/1	H.	GM		11
3/2	11	BM		11
3/3		GM		11 ,
3/4	<u> </u>	GM		11 .
315/2000	/1	GM		/ 1

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- Type of inspection is one of the following:
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 - Monthly inspection
 - Tank Inspection
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	Date!	Type of Inspection	Inspector	Comments ²	Action Taken
31	b 2000	Visual	GM		None
7	3/7	11	PB	1	11
-	3/8	17	DB		11 %
	3/9	1.1	GM		<u>(</u>
	3/10	11	GM		/1,
	3/11	14	GM		41
13	3/12	11	GM		11
13	13	!	GM		((* ',
3	174	H	GM		tr
13	15	N	GM		i
3	116	11	GM		- (1
3	17	u u	GM		11
3/1	_{ව්} /2ගට	1 d	6M		1 /1

INSTRUCTIONS

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- Type of inspection is one of the following:
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 - Tank Inspection
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Data 1	Type of Inspection!	bapector	Comments.	Action Taken*
3/19/2000	Visual	PB	`	None
3/20	10	DB		H to the
3/21	11	DB		71
3/22	r •	0B		<i>p</i> .
3/23	Ü	GM		
3/24	, tr'	GM		(1)
3/25		GM		u = k
3/26	<u>t</u> †	GM		11 -
3/27	" Ir	OB		, 10 j
3/28	. 11	DB	-1	1.0
3/29	li .	DB		11
3/30	11	GM		11 %
3/31/2000	tt	GM		10

- Date of the Inspection or when a problem is first observed.
- Type of inspection is one of the following:
 - Visual inspection (problems noticed during normal work activities)
 - Monthly Inspection
 - Tank Inspection
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- Action taken should describe how a problem was corrected or should read "None" if no problems were detected,

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Date*	Type of inepection?	Insepector	Commente		Action Taken*
41/2000	Visual	PB	3 3		None
4/2		DB	(1)		11
4/3		OB			1 V
414	11	6M	71		4
45	11	GM	344	1	10
4/6	, G	GM			11 1
4/7	Ti Ti	GM	1.		/1
4/8	H	PB	1 1		11
4/9	11	OB			11
4/10		DB		1	: 11
4/11	7 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	GM	, 1		l)
4/12	Tr gran	6M	i A		u = v
H13/2000	~~ <i>(</i>) ***	GM		on the second of	71

INSTRUCTIONS:

Date of the inspection or when a problem is first observed.

Type of inspection is one of the following:

Visual inspection (problems noticed during normal work activities).

Monthly Inspection

Tank Inspection

Comments should describe any problem detected during visual or other inspections

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Date!	Type of knepection!	inepactor :	Commenta!	Action Taken
4/14/2000	Visual	GM		None
4/15	11	GM		11
4/16	н	GM		/1
4/17	f 1	DB		11
4/18	71	DB		/1
4/19	11	PB		(1
4/20	11	OB		(1)
4/21	11	OB		i i
4/22	<i>i</i> (0B		n
4/22	11	OB		11
4/24	(1	DB		// .
4/25	11	DB		/1
4/26/2000	11	OB		11

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	•!	Type of Inspection	anspector	Action Teken
4/27/2	1000)	Visual	GM	Noue
4/2	28	(1)	GM	1 2
4/	29	i (i	GM	r_1
41	30°	10	GM	
5	İ	~~ (I	DB	
5	2	/1	OB	Section 1 Section 1
5	3		GM	
5	4	į ii	GM	
5	5	it	GM	
5	6	11	PB	
5	7	711	DB	
5	8	c = c	DB	
5/9/200	D -	i	PB	

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Date of the inspection or when a problem is first observed.
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 - Tank Inspection
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"Date"	Type of Inspection.	Inspector	Comments ¹	Action Taken*
5/10/2000	Visual	GM		Non-e
5/11	11	PB		11
5/12	11	DB		/1 1
5/13	11	DB		/1
5/14	11	DB		• 1
5/15	14	DB		11
5/16	11	OB		t i
5/17	11	DB		· · · · ·
5 18	11 :	OB		, ,,
5/19		GM		//
5/20	11	OB		.11
5/21	11	6M		(1
5/22/2000	, 1	GM		/ (

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Date'	Type of Inspection!	inepector	Comments!	Action Taken'
5/23/2000	Visual	GM		None
5/24	11	GM	1	//
5/25	Ü	GM		11
5/26	11	GM		tî.
5/27	† !	GM		11
5/28	11	GM		171
5/29	11	GM	, ,	ų į
5/30	11	GM		ti n
5 31	10	GM		11
6/1	i u	GM		11
6/2	£ Er	GM		11
6/3	1.1	GM	•	J. A.
6 /4/2000	(1	OB	;	/1

INSTRUCTIONS:

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Date	Type of inspection!	inspector	Comments!	Action Taken
1/1/2001	Visual	PFB		Vone
1/2/2001	11	GM		11
1/3/2001		GM	•	71.
1/4	()	GM		11
1/5	1,	GM.		1.1
1/6	11	6M		11
1/7	• f	GM		/ (· · ·
1/8	,1	GM.	-	· ï,j
1/9	,1	OFB	-	11
1/10	11	073	•	/1
ilu -	<i>f</i> 1	OB		11
1/12	()	GM		11 .
1/13/201	11	GM		, ,

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Dete'	Type of the the transfer of th	anspector	Comments ²	Action
1/14/2001	Vislal	GM	2.4.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	Nove
1/15	11	GM		-11
1/16	H	GM		71
1/17	- 'tt	GM		11.
1/18.	11"	GM.		11
1/19	to	GM		ti
1/20	4	GM		U
1/21	et *	GM		11
1/22	~ - 71 - 1	GM		11
1/23		GM		11
1/24	. ti	GM		·
1/25	- *! (GM		','
1/26/2001	1 1	GM		. (,

INSTRUCTIONS:

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- Action taken should describe how a problem was corrected or should read "None" if no problems were detected.

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Date'	Type of Inspection!	Inspector	Comments	Action
1/27/2001	Usual	DB	1	None
1/28	/1	DB		11
1/29	((GM		(1
1/30	10	GM	1	11,
1/31	((GM		. 11
2/1	10	GM		· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2/2	11	GM		ls
.2/3	((OB		1(
2/4	11	DB		r.
2/5	f (OB		<u>'</u>
2/6	t (GM		(1
2/7	ti -	GAI		1,
2/8/200	, (*	0+B		′ /

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 Action taken should describe how a problem was corrected or should read bloods.
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		eng et Lesco Lescoste	WWW. Charles are specified as a second of the second of th	
Dete!	Type of Inspection ²	Inspector	Commente ¹	Action Teken*
2/9/2001	Visual	DFB		None
2/10	11	GN		<i>u</i> . '
2/11	i.	DB		71
2,12	d	DB		14.
2/13	(1	GM		(i
2/14	- 10	GM		u ¦
2/15		GM	into a second	us
2/16	ñ.	OB		16, 1
2/17	11	DB		11 1
2/18	rt	GM		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2/19	(1	GM		Des l
2/20	q	GM		11
2/21/2001	G.	GN		1,

INSTRUCTIONS:

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 - Visual inspection (problems noticed during normal work activities):
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Date'	Type of	Inepector	Commente?	Action Taken
2/22/2001	Visual	BN		None
2/23	11	DFB	- ,	71
2/24	Ц	PB		9
2/25	ιί	DB		(1)
2/26	11	OB		. 1
2/27	<u>u</u>	GM		LI
2/28	. (1	GM		11 -
3/1	ic	GM		1,
3/2	((BM		111
3/3	. ti	OD		1,
3/4	(1	PB		//
3/5	· Cr	PB	- \	′/
3/6/2001		GM		,,

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1880 se resultanto de la compansión de l	Memorial av Lindski.	To a state state at the self-reference of the	Ent. Septembrane and California and California	<u> </u>
Date	Type of Inspection	Inepector	Commente!	Action Taken
3/1/2001	Unual	GM		None
3/8	<i>t</i> 1	GM		и
3/9	t_0	GM		
3/10	f (0773		
3/11	10	013		· 24 .
3/12	11	PB		. "
3/13	1 (1	GM		. (1
3/14	u	GM		· // ',
3/15	· ti	GM		· Li
3/16	· .	GM		
3/17	((GM		//
3/18	, a	GM		, ' 11 _
3/19/2001	ti	GM		"

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Date of the inspection or when a problem is first observed.
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 - Monthly inspection
 - Tank Inspection
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Dete!	Type of Inspection 2	Inspector	Comments ³	Action
71000	Red Craning	GM	l .	Clayhool
1/10/2000 7100 AM	η .	GM	11	/\
7/2000	- 11	DFB	((11
1/24	£1	DFB	+ f t.	11.
1/3(u	GM	C),	//
2/7	l t	GM	(1	11.
2/14	ч	DFB		, //
2/21	tt	6M	/ \	/(
2/25	11	G-M	(1	11
3/6 4	~ t ₁	GM	(1	11
3/13	¹t .	GM	11	α.
3/20	٨	GM	"	/1
3/27/7/90	11	GM	(1	(` .

Instructions:

- Date and Time of the inspection.
- 2) Type of inspection Pad Cleaning
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

Processor Salar	Bissexiculturessessione	5 Yemmanamilians assistant	(Inverse)	
Date'.	Type of Inspection	Inspector	Comments ³	Action
4/3/2000	Pad Clayning	DFB	used squegge scraped	Cleaned
4/10/2000	, , ,	DFB		2. 11
4/17	11	GM	(1)	1
4/24	tc .	GM	(1)	- 1
5/1	/(GM	•	/1
5/8	10	GM	/(α`
5/15	Tr.	GM	(()	//
5/22	tı .	GM	H	/1 -
5/29	II.	GM	**	(1
6/5	0	OPB	1 (1	(1
6/12	t)	DFB	11	r (
6/19	10	GM	et e	/1
6/26/2000 6:50 AM	t_1	GM	97 - 5	/\

Instructions:

- 1) Date and Time of the inspection.
- 2) Type of Inspection Pad Cleaning
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

English in the second			<u>-</u>	
Dete'	Type of Inspection 1	Inepactor	.Commente*	Action >> Taken*
7/6/2000 6190 Am	Ped againg	GM	used speegre (scraped	Claned
7/10/2000	4	GM	11	1
7/17	n i	GM	: 11	~
7/24	"	OFB	- 1	11
7/31	10	DPB	(1)	tt -
8/7	/1	GM	r ₁	/1
8714	/1	GM	1 11 -	11
8/21	/1	GM	11 2 2	A ,
8/28	4	GM		1 (1
9/4	4	DPB	11.	- 1
9/11	TI TI	OPB	et)	11
9/19	11	GM	(A)	n
9/26/2000	n n	GM		

Instructions:

- Date and Time of the inspection.
- Type of Inspection Pad Cleaning
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

Date	Type of Inspection!	Inspector	Comments.	Action Taken*
10/2/2000 7:00 AM	Pud Claying	DFB	used square / scaped	Clained
10/10 6:50AM		DFB		in.
10/17	u · ·	OFB	in the	(1).
10/23	i i	GM		. /1
10/30	$\frac{1}{\kappa}$	GM		//
11/6	<u>, </u>	GM		n.s
11/13	- ' '()	GM	ラルラス	C R
11/20	· · · // · · · ·	G-M	1,11	11.
11/27	W	GM	;	-f1 -
12/4	the Heat	GM	C M	-11
12/11	6	DFB	Sec	*1
12/18	** 41	PB	4.1	1
12/28/200	11	OFB	11	

Instructions:

- 1) Date and Time of the inspection.
- Type of Inspection Pad Cleaning
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

The above cleaning log is documentation that the Subpart W drip pads were cleaned to provide for the weekly inspection of the drip pad without hindrance from accumulated residues (Section 264.573(i)/Section 265.443(i)).

ATTACHMENT 3 Page 25 of 31

Operating Practices Leak Collection System Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

Date!	Type of Inspection!	Inspector	Comments 2	Action Action
1/5/1499 7:30 AM	Visual	DFB	No Crosote	None
2/1/99 7:00 AM	Visual	DFB	/ (1.17
311/99 B:00AM	C	DFB	11	11
4/1/99 7:30 AM		DEB	10 ,	t i
5/3/99 7:00 AM	· · · · · ·	DFB	$IX^{\prime} \rightarrow I$	/1
611/99 7:00 MM	/ 1	DF13	in the second	. 11.
7/1/99 3:00 pm		DFB	1.5	/ (
8/2/99 3:30 PM		OFB	100	u.
9/1/99 Z:00 PM	()	DFB		/ (,
10/1/99 2:30 pm	" (DFB	11	/1
11/1/99 3:00 PM	11	DFB	r _C	
121199 400 PM	11-	DFB	11	ft ,
1/3/2000 3;00 PM	1,	DFB	1 (1,

Instructions:

- 1) Date and Time of the inspection.
- 2) Type of Inspection
- 3) Comments
- 4) Action Taken

The above log is documentation that the Leak Collection System residues are removed from the associated collection system at least once every 90 days. This process will help ensure that owners/operators do not accumulate hazardous wastes for longer that the 90 days allowed by Federal regulations (Section 262.34(a)(iii)(A)).

Operating Practices Leak Collection System Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

Date	Type of Inspection!	Inspector	Comments ²	
211/2000 7:45 AM	·Visual	DFB:	NO CIPOSOLE	None
3/1/2000 7:30 AA	Visual	OFB	. 41	:None
4/3/2000 3:00 PM	Visual	DFB	1 High states	None.
5/1/2000 4:00 AU	Visual	DFB	(ti	Non-e
6/1/2000 3:00 AM	Visual	DFB	tr., ,	None
7/3/2000 2:00 PM	Visual	DFB	The Charles	None
8/3/2000 3:30 PM	Visual	DFB	G.	None
9/4/2000 4:30 PM	Visual	DPB	ε,	None
10/9/2000 3:00 PM	Visual	DPB	i Cq	None
8:00 AM	Vigual	DPB	· (t)	None
7:00 AM	Visual	DPB	5 (N) (1)	None
1/8/2001 10:00AM	Visigl	DPB	α .	None
2/5/2001 12:00 PM	Vizual	OFB	T. C. C.	Non-e

Instructions:

- 1) Date and Time of the inspection.
- 2) Type of Inspection
- 3) Comments
- 4) Action Taken

The above log is documentation that the Leak Collection System residues are removed from the associated collection system at least once every 90 days. This process will help ensure that owners/operators do not accumulate hazardous wastes for longer that the 90 days allowed by Federal regulations (Section 262.34(a)(iii)(A)).

Operating Procedures Storage Yard Cleanup Activities Log Missouri Tie & Timber, Inc.

Date	Type of Inspection	Inspector	Commente!	Action Taken
1/17/2000 9:00 AM	Visual	DFB	crop upconsole on lude cranda put in pit to be re-	Clasurd
3/7/2000 7:30 AM	Visual	DFB	′′	Claure
4/25/2000 2:00 PM	Visua/	PFB	. / /	11
4/ +12000 1:00 pm	Visual	PFB		//
7/24/2000 7:30 AM	V15091	DF13	/1	• •
9/11/2000 4:00 PM	VISUR	PFB	"	//
10/24/2000 7:00AM	Visua 1	DFB	/ (* 1
12/11/2000 10:45 AM	UFSUAL	DFB	//	i
123/2000 7:30 AM	V13041	DFB	yord put in pits + bliens better	F ,,
27/2001 8:00 MM	V.> v41	DEB	pot in ptt to irrycle.	41
			·	· ·
•				

Instructions:

- Date and Time of the inspection.
- 2) Type of Inspection
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

The above Storage Yard Cleanup Activities Log is documentation of all cleanup activities in response to any infrequent incidental drippage in the storage yard. This documentation must be kept in the facility's files for at least three years. (Section 264.570(c)/Section 265.440(c))

التركيب المستوع التركيب المستوع التركيب المستوع المستوع المستوع المستوع المستوع المستوع المستوع المستوع المستو المستوع المستو المستوع المستو

Mar. 7, 200	01 12:39FM	a : lit	1.0					NL 733	:_ :.	:	
VI. SHIPPING II	NFORMATION	٧	, ,					Pı	ofile #:	0103-0	2067
}.	•				ER G	به مدن	. 121		•	·	
DOT Hazardous Mi		s Waste S	alid N O		EK UI	iide #:	171				
Proper Shipping Na	ine: Mazaroot	th warren	onu, iv.o				<u>;</u>				
Hazard Class and Div	ison: 9			Ţ	JN or 1	NA: U	N3077 Pac	ckaging Group: III			
RQ: Yes - If Y	(cs: F034 @ 1 lb		4,		Add	li: Info	ormation:				
	_										•
USEPA HAZARDO	F034	CS .									
		-		•	•		,				
Weste L.D. Numbers:											
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VII. INDICATE IF TO Check only if waste	HIS WASTE CO	NTAINS A r threshold	NY OF TE levels and	HE FOLI Linclude	LOWIN analysi	G CHA	ARACTERISTICS as a	defined by 40 CFR	261.24.		
		gulatory	TCLP	Total	Kame			Regulator	TCLP	Total	Клом
Constituent		vel PPM	PPM	PPM	ledge '	Constil	ivent	level PPM		PPM.	ledge
D004 Arsenic		5.0			_		m-Cresol	200.0			No
D005 Barium	(100.0	•	•			p-Cresol '	200.0			Na
D006 Cadmium		1.0					Cresol	200.0			Nd
D007 Chromium		5.0					1,4,Dichlorobenzene	7.5			Nd
D00\$ Lead D009 Mercury		5.0					1,2,Dichloroethane 1,1 Dichloroethylene	0.5			No
D010 Selenium		0.2 1.0			–		2,4 Dinitrotohiene	0.7			No
D011 Silver		5.0					Heptachlor	0.13			No No
D012 Edrin		0.02					Hexachlorobenzene	0.008		•	No No
D013 Lindane		0.4					Hexachlorobutadiene	0.5			No
D014 Methoxychlor		10.0					Hexachloroethane	3.0			No
D015 Toxephene		0.5				-	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	200.0	•		No
D016 2,4 Dichloroph	enoxysceric acid	10.0		. '	No	D036	Nitrobenzene	. 2.0			Nd
D017 2.4,5 TP Silvex	L	1.0	_		No	D037	Pentachlorophenol	100.0			Nd
D018 Benzene		0.5			No	0018	Pyridine	5.0		1	No
D019 Carbon Tetrach	iloride	0.5			No	D039	Tetrachloroethylene	0.7			Nq
D020 Chlordane	1	0.03			-		Trichloroethylene	0.5			. Nd
D021 Chlorobenzene		100.0					2,4,5 Trichlorophenol		-		Nd
D022 Chloroform D023 o-Cresol		6.0					2,4.6 Trichlorophenol				Nd
D023 0-Cresoi		200.0			No.	D043	Vinyl Chloride	0.2		_	Nd
VIΠ. Benzene Wa	aste Operations	NESHA	AP Gene	rator C	ertific	ation.	Complete only if	D018 and/ort10			
	ection 6 (shippi				- .						Ė
I. is this waste ger	nerated by an indu	BIG WAD .	inv of the	fo) lowing	SIC C	odes: 2	911,2800-2899,3312	nr 40437	No		ŀ
					-			OI 4755.			
	n have Benzene co			m or moi	τ?			• -	No		
3. Does this stream	n contain greater t	ban 10% n	noisture?				. . .		No		
4. Is this company	s Total Annual B	unzana (TA	(B) of tON	ig or gre	ater per	year?			No		l
			٠,		•	-		•			ł
AUTHORIZATION	TO CORRECT V	VASTE MA	ATERIAL	PROFIL	E SHE	er i	the event Rineco dete				
CONTECTION 1 ON UNLS W	ARC MALCON Pro	itile Sheet i	lo make th	e inform	etion N	rin co	neietant with the agent	m Af 1844 a samula Ab 4-			
applicable federal an Genérator does	ra sittle sittires an	KI TOPULDO	ms. Rinec	a will co	entact th	e Gen	crator and receive oral es pursuant to this par	authorization to me	ke such ce	orrections	.
		CICO, MIGH	or the Rule	LO IO IRa	Ke sucn	curui	cas punsuant to this par	agraph.			- 1
·	ENERATOR CE	RTIFICA	T10N- 11	HIS CEY	TIFIC	ΔΤΤΛ	N IS REQUIRED FO)D EACH \$50cm	e		
		-									
This a	cove information	949 bel	nela confi	idential a	and is t	ruc an	d accurate to the best	of my knowledge.			
Signature:	(XV Sorti	**************************************	1/44		Da	ie:	3-7-	Z00 (.
<i>J</i>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		$^{\prime\prime}$		-					_	
Print Name:	David 1	FBO	ماليه	J	Tit	le	Owher			•	- 1
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3/7/01 10:30:23	NUM			I						_ 	2

Rineco

Technical Contact:

819 Vulcan Road - Haskell P.O. Box 729, Benton, AR

Office (501) 778-9089 Fax (501) 778-8505

. Mar. 7. 1001, 11:399M

Prepared by: Rachel Whatley

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Account Rep: Jim Sparks

Region:

Profile #:

Walk Through: No

N05 Special Instructions: No

0103-02067

Create Date: 3/1/01 Last Cert Date: 3/1/01

Broker Rep #: Status: Approved Expiration Date: 3/1/02

I. WASTE MATERIAL PROFILE SHEET

In accordance with the Federal and State regulations, it is necessary for the Generator of hazardous waste to properly identify the waste for their. records as well as to supply the disposal facility with the information necessary to handle the waste. The information outlined below: must be complete, and signed by the generator. PLEASE PRINT LEGIBLY OR TYPE.

Generator Name: Missouri Tie & Timber

P.O. Box 730 Highway 72 West

USEPA I.D. No. MOD080003684

State I.D. No.

Phone:

573-689-2120

Reynolds, MO 63666

David Brawley

Title:

24 Hour Emergency Contact: David Brawley

24 hour Phone: 573-689-2040

Is this material located or generated in a foreign country? Foreign Address:

II. GENERAL INFORMATION

Material Name: Creosote Contaminated Soil & Debris

A. Does waste exhibit the characteristic of ignitability as defined in 40 CFR 261.21?

No B. Does waste exhibit the characteristic of corrosivity'as defined in 40 CFR 261.22?

· No C. Does waste exhibit the characteristic of reactivity as defined in 40 CFR 261,23?

No D. Is waste a spent solvent as defined in 40 CFR 261.31?

Νo E. is waste a discarded chemical product, off spec, container or spill residues as defined in 40 CFR 261.33?

Detailed description of process generating waste: From Creosote Plant

Anticipated Monthly Volume: ...

-Bulk: No Drum: Yes - Other: No

III. MATERIAL	COMPOSITION	-		•			IV. PHYSICA	LCHAR	ACT	ERISTICS	_
COMPONENT		· ,	Min	Concen Max	tration Actual	PP	Physical State: Free Liquid:	Solid No		**.	
Creosote contaminat	cd w/solids containing soil,	PPE, &			100.00		Viscosity:	High		•	
Creosote			_		50.00		Layers:	Single			
Soil, PPE, Wood			_		30.00		Odor:	Mild			ı
,			_				Flash Point:	> 200F			
	-		~	,			BTU:	na		;	
1 35			•		٠ .	-	pH Level:	, <u> </u>		-	
	•		or extra	•	• •• -	•	Actual pH: Density:	na na		• •	
	7.14	<u> </u>	. ? · .	St.			V. OTHER CH	ARACTE	RIS	TICS	_
	• •		•	Ç		^ . -v	No Explosi No Radios No Sulfide	ttive	No No No	Dioxin Shock Sensit PCB	ive
		·			جنب. چان	. ••	No Etiolog	ical	No	Cyanid Water React	in a

Date*	Type of inspection!	Inspector	Comments ³	Action
1/4/200 i 7:00 AM	Predicting Visual 1	and the second	Vsed Sqeagee /saaped	aken
18/2001 8:00 AM	11		11	11
1/16/2001 9:30 AM	,,		t i	f1
423/2001 2:00 PM	.,		11	/I ·
1/29/2001 3:25 AM			17	/1
2/5/2001 4:00 AM	. (<i>(</i>)	
2/12/2001 1:00 /M	/ (<i>n</i>
2/20/2001 7:30 AM	• •		11	/1
2/20/2001 2:30 PM	,, ·		11	/1
3/5/2001 4:30 pm	• ((1	
3/14/2001 1:25 PM			11.	
3/19/2001 12:00 PM	1.		11	"

Instructions:

- 1) Date and Time of the inspection.
- Type of Inspection Pad Cleaning
- 3) Comments How was it cleaned?
- 4) Action Taken Cleaned

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE

Facility Name	-
Missouri Tie & Timber Facility Address	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
Reynolds, MO	•
Inspector (print)	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
Dedriel Newsome	4 × * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
U.S. EPA, Region VII, 901 N. 5th St., Kansas City, KS 66101	Date 3/7/01
 The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is obligated, under the Freed to release information collected during inspections to persons who submit requests for to of Information Act does, however, have provisions that allow EPA to withhold certain coinformation from public disclosure. To claim protection for information gathered during request that the information be held CONFIDENTIAL and substantiate your claim in with information meets the requirements in 40 CFR 2, Subpart B. The following criteria in 1. Your company has taken measures to protect the confidentiality of the information take such measures. No statute specifically requires disclosure of the information. Disclosure of the information would cause substantial harm to your company's Information that you claim confidential will be held as such pending a determination of 	hat information. The Freedom onfidential business this inspection you must riting by demonstrating that a Subpart B must be met: tion, and it intends to continue competitive position.
I have received this Notice and <u>DO NOT</u> want to make a claim of confidential Facility Representative Provided Notice (print) Signature	·
I have received this Notice and <u>DO NOT</u> want to make a claim of confidentia	·
I have received this Notice and <u>DO NOT</u> want to make a claim of confidential Facility Representative Provided Notice (print) Signature	·
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I have received this Notice and <u>DO NOT</u> want to make a claim of confidential Facility Representative Provided Notice (print) Signature 10000 Finular 5	Date - 3/7/11
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ATTACHMENT 4 Page 1 of 1.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY RECEIPT FOR DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES

Missouri Tie & Timber
Reynolds MO
Documents Collected? YES / (list below) NO
Samples Collected? YES (list below) NO Split Samples: YES NO 1269.
Documents/Samples=were: 1)Received no charge 2)Borrowed 3)Purchased
Amount Paid: \$ Nethod: Cash Voucher To Be Billed
The documents and samples described below were collected in connection with the administration and enforcement of the applicable statute under which the information is obtained.
Receipt for the document(s) and/or sample(s) described below is hereby
Creasote Bill of Lading (2 pages)
Trentment Log (2 pages)
Creceote MSD 5 (9 pages)
Crecesta MISDS (9 pagins)
Samples
100 Drip Pad Waste From Drip Pad Collection System
01/1010 T-Building Wood Storage Area
102 Background
208 Arinking Water Well
205 Collection Pond
Facility Representative (print) Signature/Date
Juvior Flowers Que Trous 3/2/6
Dodriel Newsome Dodriel Newsome 3/7/01
U.S.EPA, Region VII, ENSV Division, 25 Funston Road, Kansas City, KS 66115
(rev:1/20/93)
ATTACHMENT S Page 1 of 1

Notice of Violation Pursuant to Requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)

TO: Facility Name: Missouri	Tie 9 Limber
Address: HWY 72 Reynolds	M C
EPA ID Number: N/A	Date: 3/7/01
ETATIO Number. NTT	Date: 3/1/0
This notice is provided to call your attention. This notice does not constitute a compliance and may not be a complete listing of all violations.	on to the following areas of noncompliance with state and federal regulations. ce order (Administrative Civil Complaint) pursuant to Section 3008 of RCRA clations resulting from the the inspection.
Citation	Description of Violation
- В 40 CFK 262.	Make a hazardous waste determina
	<u> </u>
You are requested to submit a written respinclude a description of all corrective action The response should be submitted to:	onse within 14 calendar days of receipt of this notice. Your response should ns taken and/or a schedule for completing the necessary corrective actions.
	N. 5th Street SGS City KS 66101
	Dedriel Newsome
If you have any questions about this Notice (913) 551-7649, or 5	or wish to discuss your response, you may call me at (Compliance Officer) at
This Notice prepared by <u>Deduce</u>	Meurone Date: 3/7/01
The undersigned person acknowledges that	he/she has received a copy of this Notice and has read same.
Printed N Signature Title:	

Attachment 6 Page 1 of



AlliedSignal Inc. P.O. Box 1053 Morristown, NJ 07962-1053

January 31, 1997

Scott Tie Co. Inc. P.O. Box 278 Ellington, MO 63638

Dear Sir / Madam:

The purpose of this letter is to inform you that a product that we sell to you, Coal Tar Creosote (Creosote Distillate, Creosote Solution, Creosote 24CB, LV Creosote), contains a chemical (s) which is listed under Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986. Under this Act, we are required to notify you of the presence of these chemicals in our products. This law requires certain manufacturers to report on annual emissions of specified toxic chemicals and chemical categories.

This product contains the following chemical(s) regulated under Section 313:

ChemicalCAS No.ConcentrationCreosote8001-58-9100.0% (wt.)

If you are unsure if you must report or require more information, call the EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Hotline: (800) 535-0202 or (202) 479-2449 (in Washington, DC or Alaska). Your other suppliers should also be notifying you if Section 313 chemicals are in the mixtures and trade name products they sell to you.

Please also note that if you repackage or otherwise redistribute this product to industrial customers, a notice similar to this one should be sent to those customers.

Also attached is the following:

- Important letter regarding states where AlliedSignal creosote may be sold or used
- 2. Current Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for creosote

Questions on the above notification should be directed to my attention at 201-455-5908.

Sincerely,

Manager - Technical & Environmental Services

Carbon Materials & Technologies

Attachment: Product Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) - Coal Tar Creosote



AlliedSignal Inc. P.O. Box 1053 Morristown, NJ 07962-1053

January 31, 1997

Re: FIFRA Registered Creosote Use

Dear Creosote Customer:

The following is provided to alert you to the requirements for the sale and use of AlliedSignal's Creosote products registered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA). We are providing you with a complete list of states in which our Creosote materials are registered for sale and use. Please note that the use and/or sale of our Creosote products into any other state is not permitted.

AlliedSignal Creosote products are registered in the following states:

Alabama	Kentucky	Oregon
Arkansas	Louisiana	Pennsylvania
Arizona .	Mississippi	Texas
Connecticut	Missouri	Viccinia
Georgia	New Jersey	West Virginia
Illinois	New York	Wisconsin
Indiana	North Carolina	•

We trust that this information will guide you should questions arise concerning the use of these products or their shipment between states. If you have any questions on this matter, please contact me at 201-455-5908.

Sincerely,

Samuel A. Visnic

Manager - Technical & Environmental Services

Carbon Materials & Technologies

Material Safety Data Sheet

CREOSOTE

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:

CREOSOTE

OTHER/GENERIC

Coal Tar Creosote

NAMES:

PRODUCT USE:

Wood preservative

MANUFACTURER:

AlliedSignal Inc.

Carbon Materials & Technologies

101 Columbia Road P.O. Box 1053

Morristown, NJ 07962-1053

FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL:

(Monday-Friday, 9:00am:4:30pm) (EST)

Product Safety Department

201-455-4157

IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL:

(24 Hours/Day, 7 Days/Week)

201-155-2000

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT NAME

Creosote *

CAS NUMBER

WEIGHT %

* Mixture of 2, 3, & 4-ringed polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons, including some substituted compounds

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above may also appear in Section 15. These materials may be listed for local "Right-To-Know" compliance and for other reasons.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Creosote is a brown to black oily liquid with a penetrating smoky odor. Vapor causes moderate to severe irritation of eyes, nose, throat and respiratory tract. Liquid can cause burning and itching with reddening of the skin, which is accentuated by sunlight.

POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

SKIN:

Contact with skin can result in irritation, which when not washed off or when accentuated by sunlight, can result in minor burns.

MSDS Number: TARS-0024 Current Issue Date: April, 1996

iedSignal

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CREOSOTE

EYES:

Overexposure to product vapors can result in irritation. Eye contact with product will result in irritation, which in the absence of recommended first aid can result in effects ranging from minor burns to severe corneal injury, including keratitis, conjunctivitis and corneal abrasion.

INHALATION:

Overexposure to vapor may result in irritation to respiratory tract. Prolonged exposure in significant excess of permissible air concentrations can result in acute toxic effects, such as dizziness, respiratory difficulty, convulsions and possible cardiovascular collapse.

INGESTION:

Irritation of the gastrointestinal tract followed by nausea and vomiting, abdominal discomfort, rapid pulse, etc. Cardiovascular collapse may occur.

DELAYED EFFECTS:

Prolonged and repeated skin exposure over many years in the absence of recommended hygiene practices may lead to changes in skin pigmentation, benign skin growths and may, in some cases, result in skin cancer.- Additionally, inhalation may present a lung cancer hazard.

Ingredients found on one of the OSHA designated carcinogen lists are listed below.

INGREDIENT NAME

Creosote

NTP STATUS Carcinogen

IARC STATUS 2A - Probable

OSHA LIST

FIRST AID MEASURES

SKIN:

Wash thoroughly with waterless hand cleaners, olive oil or soap and water. Avoid solvents.

EYES:

Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water or olive oil for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

INGESTION:

If conscious, first induce vomiting, then take 2 tablespoons of activated charcoal - (USP-drug grade) in water. Get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting, or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

ÁDVICE TO PHYSICIAN: '

No additional instructions.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

FLASH POINT:

> 93 °C (> 200 °F) / > 93 °C (> 200 °F)

FLASH POINT METHOD: Closed Cup / Open Cup

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURÉ:

336 °C (637 °F)

UPPER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):

Not Determined

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE

LOWER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):

Not Determined

FLAME PROPAGATION RATE (solids):

Not Applicable

OSHA FLAMMABILITY CLASS:

Not Determined

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Water/fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemicals, sand or steam.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Water/fog is recommended for the control of unconfined oil fires, but water may cause frothing or eruption in closed tank.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full protective clothing should be worn when fumes and/or smoke are present.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.)

Avoid breathing vapors and contact with skin and eyes. Avoid sources of ignition (sparks or open flame). Contain the spill or leak with solids, such as sand, earth, etc. Contaminated materials must be handled and managed as RCRA Hazardous Waste and treated before disposal in approved facilities. Do not allow to enter into sewers or waterways.

Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See Section 15.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

NORMAL HANDLING: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.)

Wear clothing closed at the neck, long sleeves and non-porous type gloves, e.g. neoprene, butyl rubber, nitrile, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS: Recommended temperature for storage is about 140 °F

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Use in areas with adequate natural or local exhaust ventilation.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

SKIN PROTECTION: Avoid skin contact, whenever possible by using non-porous type gloves. For outdoor work use a waterproof sunscreen (SPF 25 or greater).; reapply every 90 minutes while in direct sun. For exposed skin, use protective creams, (for example; MSA's Fend AE-2, Kerodex 51, Jergens SBS-46).

EYE PROTECTION:

Safety glasses, goggles and/or face shield.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Not required for properly ventilated areas. Use a NIOSH approved respirator with suitable organic vapor cartridge as necessary to control exposures above the TLV or PEL.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS: Do not take contaminated work clothing home. It is recommended that a complete soap and water shower and/or steam bath be taken at the end of each working day.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

INGREDIENT NAME

ACGIHTLY

OSHA PEL

THER LIMIT

Creosote (measured as Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles, CTPV)

0.2 mg/m³

 $0.2 \, \text{mg/m}^3$

OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR POTENTIAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

None

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE:

Dark brown to black oily liquid

PHYSICAL STATE:

Liquid

MOLECULAR WEIGHT:

130 - 210

CHEMICAL FORMULA:

Mixture of organic compounds

ODOR:

Penetrating smoky odor 🕝

- SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0):

1.03 - 1.18 (Avg.: 9.1 lbs/gal)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER (weight %):

Insoluble

pH:

Not Determined

BOILING POINT:

194 - 400 °C

MELTING POINT:

Not Determined

VAPOR PRESSURE (in mm Hg);

at 100 °C = 80 mm; at 125 °C = 225 mm; at 150 °C = 370 mm

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1.0): ___

< 1

EVAPORATION RATE:

COMPARED TO: Butyl Acetate = 1

% VOLATILES:

Not Determined

FLASH POINT:

Closed cup: > 93 °C (> 200 °F)

Open cup: > 93 °C (> 200 °F)

(Flash point method and additional flammability data are found in Section 5.)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY (CONDITIONS TO AVOID): Product stable under normal conditions.

Due to its low vapor pressure and extremely low evaporation rate, the volatility rate at 20 °C is almost zero. Upon heating, at extremely high temperatures, hydrocarbons will be emitted and some degradation will take place. Avoid loading or unloading near open flame.

INCOMPATIBILITIES: Mixing chlorosulfonic acid and creosote oil in a closed container can cause an increase in temperature and pressure [NFPA 491M, 1991]

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose under normal conditions of use. When heated to extreme temperatures creosote emits acrid smoke.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

CREOSOTE

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) EFFECTS: Oral LDso: 725 mg/kg (rat); 433 mg/kg (mouse)

DELAYED (SUBCHRONIC AND CHRONIC) EFFECTS: Several studies in mice have shown the formation of both local (i.e. skin) and distant (i.e. lung) tumor formation after dermal exposure to creosote. [Poel & Kammer, 1957; Roe et al, 1958]

OTHER DATA: Has caused mutations in 5. typhimurium strains TA98, TA100, TA1537, TA1538 and mouse lymphoma cell, L5178y. [Fed Reg., 1978. Bos et al, 1983] Death from large doses of creosote appears due primarily to cardiovascular collapse. Fatalities have occurred 14 - 36 hours after the ingestion of creosote (about 7 g for adults; about 1 or 2 g for children). [Clayton & Clayton, 3rd ed., 1981]

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

MARINE POLLUTANT. Toxic to fish and wildlife. Do not discharge into bodies of water.

TLso, Carassius auratus (goldfish); 3.51 ppm/24 hours [60:40 mixture of creosote & coal tar]

TLso, Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill): 4.42 ppm/24 hours [60:40 mixture of creosote & coal tar]

TL₅₀, Salmo gairdneri (rainbow trout); 3.72 ppm/24 hours [60:40 mixture of creosote & coal tar]

LD₅₀, Colinus virginianus (bobwhite quail): 1260 ppm/8 days [60:40 mixture of creosote & coal tar] LD₅₀, Anas platyrhynchos (mallard duck): 10.388 ppm/8 days [60:40 mixture of creosote & coal tar]

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA

Is the unused product a RCRA hazardous waste if discarded? YES If yes, the RCRA ID number is: U051

OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Other waste code designations for creosote containing wastes appear in the December 6, 1990 Federal Register as F034: Wastewater's, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes generated at plants that use creosote formulations. This listing does not include K001 bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of wastewater from wood preserving processes that use creosote and/or pentachloraphenol. Please consult with the appropriate state regulatory authorities to determine when the F034 designation is effective in the given state.

Creosote-containing wastes may also be characteristic hazardous wastes, even if not meeting the U051, K001, or F034 waste code designation

The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT HAZARD CLASS:

Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Creosote), 9

US DOT ID NUMBER:

UN 3082

US DOT SHIPPING NAME:

RQ, Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S. (Creosote), 9, UN3082, III

Marine Pollutant

For additional information on shipping regulations affecting this material, contact the number found in Section 1.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: Listed on EPA's TSCA Inventory

OTHER TSCA ISSUES: Substance of unknown or variable composition

SARA TITLE III/CERCLA

"Reportable Quantities" (RQs) and/or "Threshold Planning Quantities" (TPQs) exist for the following ingredients.

INGREDIENT NAME
Creosote

WEIGHT %

SARA/CERCLA RO (1b)

SARA EHS TPO (1b)

None

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802], State Emergency Response Commission and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

SECTION 311 HAZARD CLASS:

Immediate, Delayed, Fire

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

The following ingredients are SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals". CAS numbers and weight percents are found in Section 2.

INGREDIENT NAME

WEIGHT %

COMMENT

Creosote

100%

de minimus concentration is 0.1 %

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

In addition to the ingredients found in Section 2, the following are listed for state right-to-know purposes.

INGREDIENT NAME

WEIGHT % COMMENT

None

ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION: For some applications, Creosote is also regulated as a "Restricted Use" pesticide under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA).

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET CREOSOTE

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION (CANADA): Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A, very toxic material

FOREIGN INVENTORY STATUS:

Listed on the EINECS Inventory - ID# 2322875

Listed on Canadian Inventory Domestic Substance List (DSL)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

CURRENT ISSUE DATE: April 1996 PREVIOUS ISSUE DATE: April 1991

CHANGES TO MSDS FROM PREVIOUS ISSUE DATE ARE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING:

Updated DOT transportation information

Updated to include 16-section ANSI format for Material Safety Data Sheets

OTHER INFORMATION: NFPA Hazard Ratings:

Health (Blue): 2 Flammability (Red): 2 Reactivity (Yellow): 0

REFERENCES:

- 1. ACGIH (1995): "1995-1996 Threshold Limit Values"
- 2. USDOL/OSHA General Industry 29 CFR 1910.1000 Coal Tar Pitch Volatile (CTPV) Permissible Exposure Limit 3. USEPA 40 CFR Parts 112; 261; 268; 300
- USDOT 49 CFR Part 172
- 5. USEPA (1986): "Evaluation of the Potential Carcinogenicity of Creosote (8001-58-9)", Prepared by the Carcinogen Assessment Group, Office of Health and Environmental Assessment, Washington, DC for the Office of Emergency and Remedial Response and the Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Washington, DC
- 6. National Fire Prevention Association (1991): "Fire Protection Guide on Hazardous Materials", 10th ed. NFPA:Quincy,
- 7. USEPA (1980): "Health and Environmental Effects of Creosote", EPA # 53, pg: 53-12
- 8. Clayton & Clayton, eds. (1981): "Patty's Industrial Hygiene & Toxicology, Volume 2A, 2B, 2C Toxicology", 3rd ed.
- 9. NIOSH (1977): "Criteria for a recommended standard...Occupational Exposure to Coal Tar Products", USDHEW/NIOSH
- 10. Poel, W.E. and Kammer, A.G. (1957): "Experimental carcinogenicity of coal-tar fractions: The carcinogenicity of creosote
- 11. Roe, F.J.C., Bosch, D., Boutwell, R.K. (1958); "The carcinogenicity of creosole oil: The induction of lung tumors in mice"
- 12. Bos, R.P., Hulshof, C.T.J., Theuws, J.L.G., Hendershon, P.Th. (1983); "Mutagenicity of creosote in the Salmonella/microsome assay* MUT RES 119:21-25
- 13. FEDERAL REGISTER (1978), Vol 43 #200; October 18th, page 48199
- 14. IARC (1987): "Monographs on the Evaluation of the Carcinogenic Risk of Chemicals to Man", World Health Organization (WHO): Geneva p S7 177
- 15. NTP (1994): "National Toxicology Program's 7th Annual Report on Carcinogens 1994-Summary"

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SHIPPER PROVIDED SHORT FORM BILL OF LADING Original - NOT NEGOTIABLE

Carrier's Pro No. __ Shipper's Bill of Lading No. 34298 Comignos's Reference/PO No. KMG 28516 Carrier Name BULK EXPRESS, INC. Carrier's Code (SCAC) BKXC Chy HAMMOND 610-131ST PLACE _ Sun: <u>IN</u> Zip <u>46320</u> RECEIVED, KMG BERNUTH - 02/23/2001 مسد 19TH & EDWARDSVILLE ROAD Cop GRANITE CITY State IL zip 62040 the property discribed below, is opporous good order, except as sexual (contents and condition of contents of packages unknown) marked, consigned and destined as shown below, which said carrier agrees to carry to destination, if on its roots, or otherwise to deliver in another carrier on the roots to destination. All parties hereto and their andpus are familiar with, and agree that this bill of facing is subject to (1) the terms and conditions of the Uniform Straight Bill of Lading as set forth in the National Motor Freight Classification; and (2) the individually determined rotes or contracts agreed upon in writing between the carrier and shipper, if applicable, otherwise the rotes, classifications and rules that have been established by the carrier and are available to the shipper, on request, which are in riffect on the date of the shipment. MISSOURI TIR & TIMBER
On Collect on Delivery Shipments, the letters "COO" must appear before consignor's manne. ELLINGTON ___suzz MO zup 63638 Freight charges are PREPAID O DAY DELIVERY TIME (CPU) Container unless marked collect. CHECK BOX IF COLLECT Freight Terren Ship By Date 82/26/2001 Additional Shipment Information Delivery By Date #2/26/2001 Kind of Description of Articles, Special Marks and Exceptions Weight UOM FOR FREIGHT COLLECT Pedage (Subject to correction) مو وملشوي SHIPMENTS: If this chimment is so he delivered to Correction) 1 T/L RQ Environmentally bazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., igner, the consigner shall sign the following statement: (Contains Coal Tar & Creosote), 9, UN3082, PG III. 45320 The carrier may declare to an delivery of this shipment with Marine Pollutant (Contains Coal Tar & Creosote) delivery of this shipment without payment of freight and all other Shipper's Reference: 101384 - P2 Solution wild charges. Shipper's Delivery Number: 80042007 KMG 28516 SHIP FROM GRANTTE CITY Signature of Consignor DELIVER 2/26/01 BETWEEN 8AM & 4PM Tankear / truck number: FOR PAYMENT OF Ship Date: PREPAID BILLS. GROSS 74000 SEND TO: TARE 11680 KMG Bernuth NET Carrie Danielson 10611 Harwin Drive Suite 402 Houston, TX 77036 TEL (713) 988-9252 x 101 FAX (713) 777-0314 NOTE (1) Where the rate is dependent on value, shippers are required to state specifically in writing the agreed or declared value of the property as follows: "The agreed or declared value of the property is specifically stated by the shipper to be not exceeding \$2.15 per pound." IN CASE OF (for informational purposes easy) EMERGENCY FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY Shipper KMG BERNUTH SPILL, LEAK, FIRE EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT IN ALL SO STATES, Shipper Certification Carrier Certification U.S. YURGIN ISLANDS. PUERTO RICO & CANADA. Carrier acknowledges receipt of packages and regalized placards. Carrier certifies emergency response informacion was placed anythink and/or carrier has the DOT This is to certify that the above caused unsterials are properly classified, packaged, marked and labeled, and are in proper condition for transportation according to the applicable CALL CHEMTREC - DAY OR NIGHT 1-800-424-9300 elections of the DOT. Chestra: Emergency Internatio Number - 1-202-483-7616 Received in apparent good order Enteptions Noted

ATTACHMENT 10 Page 1 of 2

SHIPPER PROVIDED SHORT FORM BILL OF LADING. Original - NOT NEGOTIABLE Carrier's Pro No. Shipper's 20 of Lading No. 34062 Consigue's Reference/FO No. KMG 28500 Carrier Name BULK EXPRESS, Cerrier's Code (SCAC) BKXC 610-131ST PLACE Chy HAMMOND Sum IN zip 46320 RECEIVED. KMG BERNUTH Date: 02/20/2001 /rem Cay GRANITE CITY 19TH & EDWARDSVILLE ROAD State IL zip 62040 low, in apparent good order, except as noted (contents and cots of packages suknown) starked, ensuigned and destined as shown below, which said carrier agre to carry to destination, if on its roots, or otherwise to deliver to another carrier on the route to destination. All parties because and their nedges are familiar with, and agree that this bill of heling subject to (1) the terms and conditions of the Uniform Straight Bill of Lading as not forth in the National Motor Freight Classification; and (2) the individually described rates or constructs agreed to be carrier and chipper, if applicable, otherwise the rates, classifications and rates have been established by the carrier and are available to the shipper, on request, which are MISSOURI TIE & TIMBER Destination Street **RLLINGTON** State MO zip 63638 Freight charges are PREPAID O DAY DELIVERY TIME (CPU) unless marked collect. CHECK BOX IF COLLECT Ship By Date #2/21/2001 Delivery By Date #1/21/2001 Klad of Description of Articles, Special Marks and Exception LOM FOR FREIGHT COLLECT Prince | Prince (Subject to correction) (Sobject to SHIPMENTS: and to to be different to سيلطو طبث كا Correction) RO Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., T/L or, the causin (Contains Coal Tar & Creosote), 9, UN3082, PG III. Marine Pollutant (Contains Coal Tar & Creosote) The currier may decide Shipper's Reference: 101384 - P2 Solution of traight betal charges. Skipper's Delivery Number: 80041784 47 200 KMG 28500 SHIP FROM: GRANITE CITY Signature of Consignor DELIVER BETWEEN 8AM - 4PM GROSS 76260 FOR PAYMENT OF TARE 29 060 PREPAID, BILLS. SEND TO: KMG Bernuth Carrie Danielson 10611 Harwin Drive Suite 402 Houston, TX 77036 TEL (713) 988-9252 x 101 FAX (713) 777-0314 NOTE (1) Where the rate is dependent on value, shippers are required to state specifically in writing the agreed or declared value of the property as follows: "The agreed or declared value of the property is specifically stated by the shipper to be not exceeding \$2.15 per _pound_,"" IN CASE OF EMERGENCY FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY KMG BERNUTH SPILL, LEAK, FIRE EXPOSURE OR ACCIDIENT IN ALL SP STATES. Shipper Certification Carrier Certification U.S. VIRGIN ISLANDS, PUERTO RICO & CANADA. packages and required placards. Carrier certifies was made available and/or currier has the DOT ed, packaged, marked and labeled, on for transportation according CALL CITEMTREC - DAY OR NIGHT of the control of the 1-800-424-9300 m of the DOT. Chemtree Emergency Interactional Number - 1-202-483-7616

ATTACHMENT 10 Page 2 of 2

	2 2 0	720-6x8X8'6"GRADE,288-6X8X8'6"I.G.,700-7X9X8'6"GRADE 1008-6x8x8'6"GRADE,1300-7X9X8'6"GRADE	2/28/01
	0 0	720-6X8X8'6"GRADE,288-6X8X8'6"I,G,,700-7X9X8'6"GRADE	2/27/01
	0 0		
	0	NO TREATS	2/28/01
	C	NO TREATS	2/25/01
	>	NO TREATS	2/24/01
	2	864-6X8X8'8"GRADE, 144-6X8X8'6"I.G.	2/23/01
	2	324-6X8X8'6"GRADE,684-8X8X6'6"I.G.,700-7X9X8'6"GRADE	2/22/01
	2	1008-6X8X8'6"I.G.,700-7X9X8'6"GRADE	2/21/01
	2	144-6X8X8'6"GRADE, 884-6X8X8'6"I.G.,700-7X8X8'8"GRADE	2/20/01
	2	700-7X9X86*GRADE,700-7X9X86*I.G.	2/19/01
2604 7	2	700-7X9XB'6"GRADE	2/18/01
2804 7	2	700-7X9X86*GRADE	2/17/01
2604 7	2	700-7X9X8'8" .G. ~	2/16/01
0 7	0	NO TREATS	2/15/01
2804 - 7	2	700-7X9X86*GRADE	2/14/01
5256.88 7	2	1175-7X9X8'6"GRADE.38-8X8X6'6"I.G.,200-7X9X8'6"I.G.	2/13/01
5208 7	. 2	1400-7X9X88*GRADE	2/12/01
2852.64 7	2	108-6X8X8'61.G.,900-6X8X8'6"GRADE	2/11/01
2852.64 7	2	1008-6X8X8'8"I.G.	2/10/01
8060.64 7	2	1008-8X8X861.G.,900-7X9X861GRADE,500-7X9X8161.G.	2/9/01
5208 7	2	1400-7X9X8'6"GRADE	2/8/01
5458.64 7	2	396-6X8X816*GRADE,612-6X8X816*I.G.,675-7X9X816*GRADE,25-7X9X816*I.G.	27/01
5458.84 7	2	1008-8X8X8'6"GRADE,325-7X9X8'6"GRADE,375-7X9X8'6"I.G.	2/6/01
5208 7	2	1225-7X9X8'6"GRADE,175-7X9X8'6"I.G.	2/5/01
2604 7	2	700-7X9X8'6'GRADE	2/4/01
_	2	350-7X9X8'6'GRADE,350-7X9X8'6" I.G.	2/3/01
5029.43 7	2	578-6X8X8'6".G.,525-7X9X8'6"GR,330-7X9X8'6"I.G.,50-7X9X10"	2/2/01
2852.84 7	2	396-8X8X8'6"GRADE, 612-8X8X8'6"I.G.	2/1/01
CU/FT RE	# OF TREATS	DESCRIPTION	DATE
LG-INDUSTRIAL GRADE	WERS N-1349	EPA #218-136 FUNGI, INSECTS, DECAY JUNIOR FLOWERS N-1	PA #2
G-GRADE	Feb-01	TREATING CHART	

Page 3

- ,	TREATING CHART	Jan-01 G-GRADE	G-GRADE	
EPA #21	EPA #218-136 FUNGI, INSECTS, DECAY JUNIOR FLOWERS N-1349	WERS N-1349	LG-INDUSTRIAL GRADE	GRADE
DATE	DESCRIPTION	# OF TREATS	CU/FT	RET
1/26/01	100-7X9X10',432-6X8I.6.,700-7X9X8'6"GRADE,396-6X8X8'6"GRADE	2	5524.74	7
1/27/01	432-6X8X8'6"I.6.,576-6X8X8'6"6RADE	2	2852.64	7
1/28/01	108-6X8X8'6"1.6.,900-6X8X8'6"GRADE	2	2852.64	7
1/28/01	1008-6X8X8'6"6RADE,700-7X9X8'6"6RADE	2	5456.64	7
1/29/01	1008-6X8X8'6"6RADE,700-7X9X8'6"6RADE	2	5456,64	7.
1/30/01	576-6X8X8'6"GRADE,432-6X8X8'6" I.G.	2	2852.64	
10/16/1	612-6X8X8'6"GRADE.396-6X8X8'6"I.G.	2	2852,64	
TOTAL			113708.71	



413 North 4th Street * Dupo, Illinois 62239 618-286-3191 jsparks@rineco.com

Quote: 10,733

QUOTATION FOR DISPOSAL

March 02, 2001

David Brawley Missouri Tie & Timber P.O. Box 730 Highway 72 West Reynolds, MO 63666

Thank you for considering Rineco Chemical as your waste management company. Based on the information provided, Rineco is pleased to offer the following quotation for your approval. The disposal price is based on 55-gallon steel drums unless otherwise noted. Prices subject to change with 30 day notice.

The following are RINECO's Waste Category Codes (WCC) with a brief definition and the disposal price for material at that consistency. The WCC listed above is based on the information provided on the waste profiles. If the material arrives in any other consistency than what is quoted, please refer to the pricing schedule below.

WCC LI	Waste Consistency Thin Liquid - No Settled Solids. Solvent to oil viscosity. Examples: paint thinner, motor oil.	Disposal Price \$55.00	Low BTU* \$105.00
DI	High viscosity liquid can contain some settled or suspending solids; up to 50% settled solids in a drum. Examples: paint, honey, molasses, grease, ink, spent solvents with settled solids.	\$90.00	\$135.00
D2 .	Dispersible solids that contain 50% or greater solid content in a drum.	\$110.00	\$135.00
DS	Dispersible solid containing NO LIQUIDS. Dry crumbly solid. Examples: k-waste, pigment dust.	\$110.00	\$135.00

NCR RECYCLIG

S1 .	Solid material - metal free - glass free. Dry solid material that contains no metal debris or glass. Examples: dry rags, dry filters, dry paper.	\$0.50lb \$125 min	\$0.60lb \$125 min
S2	All other solids. Examples: metal cans, paint solids, oil dry, saturated debris, wet rags, wet filters, wet paper.	\$0.50lb \$125 min	\$0.60lb \$125 min
NH	Non Hazardous Solid Material	\$0.35/lb. \$90 min	

Material containing less than 5,000 Btu per pound is considered Low Btu.

Transportation Charges:

Per Drum Rate \$30.00 Less than 10 drums \$300.00

Additional Charges:

Over Packs Poly Drums \$25.00

\$25.00 (Hazardous Only)

At no extra charge, RINECO will prepare manifest and labels, which will be shipped overnight. We appreciate the opportunity to service your waste disposal needs. If you have any questions, please call 800-377-4692.

Jim Sparks

Jesse Spacks)
Midwest Territory Manager
JS:gj

^{*}Until the national fuel crisis subsides, Rineco has implemented a fuel surcharge based on the National Average Diesel price as published by the U.S. Department of Energy. For your reference, the matrix for the applicable fuel surcharge percentage is attached. Please note, the prices above do not reflect this surcharge.

National Average <u>Diesel Fuel Price</u>	Fuel Surcharge <u>Percentage</u>
\$1.20 - \$1.24	0%
\$1.25 - \$1.29	1%
^ \$1.30 - \$1.34	3%
\$ 1.35 - \$ 1.39	5%
\$ 1.40 - \$ 1.44	7%
\$1.45 - \$1.49 .	8%
\$1.50 - \$1.54	9%
\$1.55 - \$1.59	10%
\$1.60 - \$1.64	11%
\$1.65 - \$1.69	12%
\$1.70 - \$1.74	13%
\$1.75 - \$1.79	14%
\$1.80 - \$1.84	15%
\$1.85 - \$1.89	16%
\$1.90 - \$1.94	17%
\$1.95 - \$ 1.99	18%
\$2.00	19% .

This schedule is subject to change dependent upon the transportation industry.

Rineco will review the National Average Diesel Fuel Price with the U.S. Department of Energy on the last business day of each month. If you would like to check the rate, the number for the U.S. Department of Energy Hotline is 202-586-6966. The fuel surcharge percentage will be adjusted for the following 30 days based on the quoted price. For example, if the average fuel price for September 30th is \$1.55, the surcharge percentage until October 30th is 10%. The date the shipment is picked up at your facility will be the date recorded for the surcharge.

Fa	Facility: Missouri Tie + Timber Date: 3	7/G (Arrival time:
DR	DRIVE-BY	
1.	Drive-by conducted from public right-of-way? Ves No	Facility Orientation
2 .	 Determine the direction "North" with respect to the facility and provide a brief sk of the layout and orientation (as can be viewed from the public right-of-way): 	→
3.	3. Obvious concerns visible from public right-of-way (photos)?	,—, -, N
	- Containers - Tanks - Processing Equipmen - Loading Areas - Unloading Areas - Security Devices - Open Drums - Stressed Vegetation - Unusual Staining - Unusual Odors - Obvious Discharges - Improper Disposal - Safety Concerns - Other Concerns	1
<u>\$11</u>	SITE ENTRY AND INBRIEFING	
1.	Z Used main entrance	excessive delays (>15 minutes - denial of access?) - 🗷 No
2.	2. Facility Representative(s): Junior Flowers	Tide: Part-Owner
		Title:
3.	Does representative have intimate knowledge of all waste management practice	es? ☐ Yes ☐ No How long in position?
4.	. Introduction:	Except paper Nor K says have brawley nandle
	Control of the purpose at correct facility (checked address/l.D. #)	Explained responsibility to provide accurate information and provided copies of Section 1001 and 1002 U.S.C. to facility dentified personal safety considerations: Completed Multimedia screening checklist provided SBREFA handout
	photo's, notes, statements, etc Explained facility's right to claim CBI	Obtained GPS reading .
5.	GExplained facility's right to claim CBI	ame):
5.	GExplained facility's right to claim CBI	ame):
5.	[2] Explained facility's right to claim CBI Was full access granted? [2] Yes [2] Facility representative Other (no	ame):
	☐ Explained facility's right to claim CBI Was full access granted? ☐ Yes ☐ By facility representative Other (not not not not not not not not not not	ame):
	☐ Explained facility's right to claim CBI Was full access granted? ☐ Yes ☐ By facility representative Other (not in the interest of the int	ame):Time of denial:
<u>EXI</u>	Was full access granted? Wes Dely facility representative Other (not Dely No - Access denied Name of person denying access: Reason for denial, or limitations placed on access: XIT BRIEFING Reviewed all data collected and documented all concerns or violations? Yes - Location of the violation, type and amount of waste involved, time frame, frequentially units - unit location (diagram/picture), dimensions, conditions, construiting lilegal disposal - how, when (each occurrence), where sent or disposed of, how	Time of denial: Time of denial: I No Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred ction material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. W shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity
<u>EXI</u>	Was full access granted? Wes Dely facility representative Other (not Dely No - Access denied Name of person denying access: Reason for denial, or limitations placed on access: XIT BRIEFING Reviewed all data collected and documented all concerns or violations? Yes - Location of the violation, type and amount of waste involved, time frame, frequentially units - unit location (diagram/picture), dimensions, conditions, construiting lilegal disposal - how, when (each occurrence), where sent or disposed of, how	Time of denial: Time of denial: I No Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred ction material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. W shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity
<u>EXI</u>	Was full access granted?	Time of denial: Time of denial: I No Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred ction material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. W shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity
<u>EXI</u>	Explained facility's right to claim CBI Was full access granted?	Time of denial: Time of denial: Time of denial: Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred action material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. We shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity able) The control of the base (for spills), other information. The con
<u>EXI</u>	Was full access granted?	Time of denial: Time of denial: Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred cition material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. with shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity able) The control of the base (for spills), other information. The control of the bas
1.	Was full access granted?	Time of denial: Time o
1. N.	Was full access granted?	Time of denial: Time of denial: Dency, specific dates & when first started occurred cition material, gradient of the base (for spills), other information. with shipped, who shipped, when shipped/disposed of, quantity able) The control of the base (for spills), other information. The control of the bas

Missouri Tict Timber Reynold-, Mo 3/7/01 Enclosure to Attachment B

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form Wood Treatment Facility Sector

Revision No.: 0

Revision Date: 11/8/00

GENI	ERAL INFORMATION
i.	Do you want to participate in the Compliance Incentive Program? Yes No If no, why not?
2.	Please provide the following information concerning the facility:
	- What is the current name of the facility? WO Tiet Timber
	- When did the facility begin operations? 2199
	- Has the facility ever had any other names? Yes No
,	If yes, please provide the names and the dates that the facility operated under those names.
3.	Please provide the following information concerning the location of the facility:
	- Street address (911 emergency location) HWY 72 Rey Molds; MO 43466 Directions from the nearest major intersection, town, etc.
	- Directions from the hearest major merseeded, to the second of the seco
4.	Does your facility have an EPA identification number? Yes No If so, please indicate the EPA identification number
5.	Please provide the names and addresses for the present and previous owners of the facility if different than your previous answers.
•	- Present owner(s) Junior Flowers & Dave Brawley
<u>a</u> W	OTIE & Timber sum some of the land the facility occupies

Page 1 of 8

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form

Wood Treatment Facility Sector

Revision No.: 0 Revision Date: 11/8/00

	_	Previous owner(s)
6.	Pleas facili	se provide the names and addresses for the present and previous operators of the ty.
	-	Present operator(s) = ==================================
		1
	- }	Previous operator(s) _5 a m &
	:	
	•	
7.	Pleas form:	name(s) title(s)
	-	years employed at the facility
8.	Please either	e provide the following information concerning any past facilities that you have owned or operated:
	-	Street address (911 emergency location) Ellington, MC
	-	Directions from the nearest major intersection, town, etc.
	-	EPA identification number? Yes No If so, If so, please indicate the EPA identification number. MUDOSDOSDOSO 1036 S4 althour it is not wear how the facility obtained-this 10.# Page 2 of 8

ATTACHMENT 1 Page 3 of 9

Revision No.: 0 Revision Date: 11/8/00

9. Please attach a hand-drawn map, a scale map, diagram, engineering plan, and/or aerial photograph of the facility to your reply.

DESCRIPTION OF FACILITY'S WOOD TREATMENT PROCESS.

1.	Please indicate the types of preservative (chemicals) that are being used or have been used in the past at your facility. Please checkmark all that applyCCAother (please list)
2	Please indicate the dates you began using each type of preservative and when you stoppe using the preservative at your facility.
3.	Please provide a brief description of the treatment process you use at your facility.
<u>Lli</u>	inspripart
	<u> </u>
4. <i>j</i> v	If the treatment process that you described in your previous response has changed, please describe the changes that have taken place.

Page 3 of 8

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form Wood Treatment Facility Sector

Revision No.: 0
Revision Date: 11/8/00

•	Are the treatment tanks contained in any way?YesNo If yes, please describe
	A STATE OF THE STA
	Is any wood dried in the retort prior to treatment?YesNo If yes, please describe the process.
	100 mm 1
RII	PPAD
	Do you have a drip pad at your facility? Yes No Indicate the location of
•	the map.
•	If you do not have a drip pad, where is the wood placed after it is treated?
	If you do not have a drip pad, where is the wood placed after it is treated?
• ,	If you do not have a drip pad, where is the wood placed after it is treated? Please indicate how long treated wood is left on the drip pad or other locations at your ty. 12 +0 24 how
	If you do not have a drip pad, where is the wood placed after it is treated? WA Please indicate how long treated wood is left on the drip pad or other locations at your ty. 12 +0 24 And
acili	If you do not have a drip pad, where is the wood placed after it is treated? Please indicate how long treated wood is left on the drip pad or other locations at your ty. 12 +0 24

Page 4 of 8

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form Wood Treatment Facility Sector Revision No.: 0

Revision Date: 11/8/00

6.	Is the drip pad covered or inside a building?YesNo Describe
STO	PRAGE YARD
1.	Do you have a storage yard for treated wood/lumber?YesNo
2.	Where is the storage yard located? Please indicate on the map. are Figure /
4/40	d'in stored in T-Blogs (conside) on on gravel
WA	STE MANAGEMENT
1.	What types of residues are or have been generated at your facility? Please checkmark all that apply. sludgescrap bandingsplintersend tagssaw dustsanddirtstoneswood chipsdrippagewaste waterprotective clothingretort exhaustwaste treatment chemicalunused chemicalother
2.	Are any wastes or other materials that have been burned at your facility? If so, please identify the wastes or materials burned.
Sa	a Dust in boiler is humed
3.	On the facility map that you are providing in your response, please indicate the locations of where wastes or materials are burned.
7 av	one other
4.	Please indicate the time frame that materials were burned at the facility. be beiler always were burned at the facility.

Page 5 of 8

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form Wood Treatment Facility Sector

Revision No.: 0
Revision Date: 11/8/00

5.	Has there ever been a fire at your facility? If so, please indicate the date(s) of the fire and the material or building that burned and the location of the fire on the map that you are
	providing with your response. 52 pag word 1900 Journal of 1900
6.	Have you ever cleaned out your retort?Yes
La	healuled to be cleaned next week by Kinco
7.	Have you ever cleaned your drip pad?YesNo If yes, what were the dates that you cleaned your drip pad and where did the waste go?
<u> </u>	of agreedy to perved
8.	Have you ever cleaned out your tanks? Yes No If yes, what were the dates that you cleaned out your tanks and where did the waste go? Please indicate which tanks were cleaned out.
9.	Have you ever cleaned up debris such as wood chips, sawdust, packaging materials, etc. Yes No Please indicate the dates and types of materials cleaned up and where did the waste go?
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
10.	Have you ever dug up any soils where treatment chemicals may have been spilled, leaked, or disposed? Yes No If yes, what were the locations and dates that you dug up the soils and where did these soils go?

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Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form Wood Treatment Facility Sector Revision No.: 0

Revision Date: 11/8/00

	<u> </u>
•	
PON	DS/DITCHES/STREAMS
1.	Please indicate if you have had any of the following features at your facility (indicate past or present). Please checkmark all that apply.
2.	Have you placed or are you currently placing wood treatment chemicals in, or do these wood treatment chemicals end up in the following: pondsditchesimpoundmentsstreamssumpsholes in the ground (depressions)septic systembasementstorm water collection areapoolsother
TAN	iks
1.	What types of tanks do you have at your facility? Please checkmark all that apply. Please also mark the locations of each tank on the facility map that you are providing with your response. waste tank product tank diesel tank waste water treatment tank Other (please describe) Cisterns Other (please describe)
CON	ITAINERS
1.	Are containers (drums) used for storage at the facility? YesNo
2. (2) (2) (3) (3)	X If yes, please indicate the types of wastes or materials that are stored in the containers f (drums). Please checkmark all that apply.

Page 7 of 8

Wood Treatment Facility Sector Revision No.: 0 Revision Date: 11/8/00 splinters sludge scrap banding end tags saw dust sand dirt wood chips stones protective clothing drippage waste water unused chemicals retort exhaust waste treatment chem. other WATER What is the source of drinking water at the facility? Please checkmark all that apply. city water (describe) - rural water (describe) bottled water onsite well onsite spring other (please describe) one meni-beilen 2. Are there any water wells onsite? Very Yes. No. What are these wells used for? RECORDS Do you keep any records? 1. What types of records do you keep? Please checkmark all that apply. 2. preservative usage treatment logs manifests drip pad cleaning log drip pad inspection log contingency plan

Compliance Incentive Program Disclosure Form

test results

storage yard inspection log

container insp. log

Page 8 of 8

drip pad certification

other

tank inspection log

training records

drippage inspection log

preservative purchases

waste removal



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

REC'D

OCT 2 5 2000

OCT 26 2000

RESP

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT:

Revision of Generic QAPP for RCRA Compliance Sampling at Wood Treatment

Facilities, QAO#2001-015-Approved

FROM:

Diane Harris

Acting Regional Quality Assurance Manager

DISO/ENSV

TO:

Kevin Snowden, RESP/ARTD

Dedriel Newsome, ARCM/ENSV

As requested, we reviewed the subject document, dated October 2000, for compliance with the EPA Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans for Environmental Data Operations, EPA QA/R-5, November 1998.

Based on the comment presented below, the document is approved. The document was found to address the key issues satisfactorily. If the procedures outlined in the plan are followed, the data resulting from the collection activity should be usable.

Comment

1. Section B2.1, Sediment: This section references SOP 4230.17A for Surface Water Sample Collection. Kevin indicated that this was the incorrect reference, and should be SOP No. 4230.8A for Sediment Sample Collection, as described in Section B.2.

If you have any questions, please contact me at x7258 or Margie St. Germain at x7209. RQAO Document Number: 2001-015





UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

REGION VIII 901 NORTH 5TH STREET KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66101

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Revision of Generic QAPP for RCRA Compliance Sampling at

Wood Treatment Facilities

FROM:

Kevin D. Snowden, Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator_

RCRA Enforcement and State Programs Branch.

THRU:

Dedriel Newsome, Environmental Engineer

Air and RCRA Compliance and Monitoring Branch

THRU:

Cecilia Tapia, Chief

RCRA Enforcement and State Programs Branch

THRU:

Betty Berry, Chief

Air and RCRA Compliance and Monitoring Branch

TO:

Ernest L. Arnold, Regional Quality Assurance Manager

Quality Assurance Office -

Attached is Revision No. 2 of the Generic Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) for RCRA Compliance Sampling at Wood Treatment Facilities, dated March 2000. This QAPP is a revision of the Generic QAPP for RCRA Compliance Sampling at Wood Treatment Facilities dated November 1999 (Revision 0) that was conditionally approved on November 18, 1999.

The following changes have been made.

- A3, A4, and Appendix A The RESP Branch Chief has changed from JoAnn Heiman to Cecilia Tapia.
- 2. A3, A4, and Appendix A The RLAB Branch Chief has changed from Andrea Jirka to Dale Bates.
- √3. A5 Change the fiscal year and number of facilities to be inspected. Also included a discussion of when PAH would be a concern and when dioxin would be a concern.
- A6 Added PAH analysis at creosote facilities and dioxin analysis of ash. Also, included sediment sampling and analysis.
 - 5. A7 Added PAH analysis at creosote facilities and dioxin analysis of ash. Also, included sediment sampling and analysis.

Page 1 of 2

- 6. A7.1.2 The sentence. "Representativeness will also not be an issue during sampling of soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water, as the data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern." replaces the sentence "Representativeness will also not be an issue during sampling of soil, groundwater, and surface water, as the data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern."
- 7. B1.2.1 Added a paragraph on ash generation.
- 8. B1.2.2 Added the sentence, "If the spill is in a wood preserving management area (such as the treatment area or the storage yard), then a grab sample may be randomly collected as opposed to a composite if the sample will be used to confirm waste content."
- 9. B1.2.3 Included sediment by changing the sub-title and the sentence, "In the event that the release of the waste stream resulted in the pooling or ponding of water, a surface water and sediment sample will be collected from the pool or pond where attainable." replaces the sentence "In the event that the release of the waste stream resulted in the pooling or ponding of water, a sample will be collected from the pool or pond."
- 10. B2 Changed the Surface Water Collection SOP No. from 2334.7A to 4230.17A. Also added SOP No. 4230.8A for Sediment Sample Collection.
- 11. B2.1 The paragraph, "Surface Water: Grab samples will be collected from surface water as outlined in R7 ENSV SOP No. 4230.17A "Surface Water Sample Collection" where attainable. If not attainable, then a grab sample will be randomly collected from the area that is attainable." replaced paragraph "Surface Water: Grab samples will be collected from surface water as outlined in R7 ENSV SOP No. 2334.7A "Surface Water Sample Collection" where attainable. If not attainable, then a grab sample will be randomly collected from the area that is attainable. Also, added a paragraph on sediment sampling.
- 12. Appendix C Added PAH analysis for creosote facilities, added dioxin analysis for ash samples and added sediment samples to Waste Spill Areas. Also added drinking water herbicide analysis for PCP MCLs and noted that MCLs should be requested on the ASRs.

Also, for your convenience, a redlined copy of the revised QAPP is attached for ease of reviewing specific changes.

Quality Assurance Project Plan for RCRA Compliance Sampling at Wood Treatment Facilities

> Prepared By, Kevin Snowden October 2000

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	18_18-05
Kevin Snowden, Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator	Date
RCRA Enforcement and State Programs Branch	Date
^ -	•
Jan ayerch for	10/11/2000
Cecilia (Japia, Chief	Date
RCRA/Enforcement and State Programs Branch	
Both Bern	10/18/00
Betty Berry, Chief	Date
Air, RCRA, and Compliance Monitoring Branch	•
April 1 and 1	a 160
Ernie Arnold, Regional Quality Assurance Manager	Date
Data Integrations and Support Operations Branch	

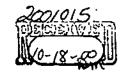


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A3. DISTRIBUTION LIST

EPA Region VII: ARCM RCRA Inspectors

Betty Berry, ARCM Branch Chief

Lynn Slugantz, RESP Enforcement Team Leader Kevin Snowden, Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator

Ernie Arnold, Regional QA Manager

Dale Bates, RLAB Manager

A4. PROJECT/TASK ORGANIZATION

The Project Organizational Chart is included as Appendix A. The individuals directly involved with these sampling projects and their specific responsibilities are outlined below.

ARCM RCRA Inspectors - Will serve as project managers for these sampling projects (one individual per sampling project). As project managers, they will direct, coordinate and implement the field activities. They will also implement, perform, and coordinate sampling operations. In addition, the project manager will review, document and ensure that the sampling activity is conducted in accordance with this QAPP. The ARCM RCRA Inspectors will be responsible for providing ENSV a table for the analyses/matrices, the site-specific Analytical Services Request (ASR) form, and site-specific Sampling Supplies Request (SSR) form. The project manager will ensure QAPP implementation and document any deviations from this QAPP. The project manager will also participate in the sample collection process, with the additional assistance of one or more ARCM RCRA Inspectors and/or RESP Compliance Officers. These individuals will be designated as project assistants.

<u>Field Staff</u> - Will serve as project assistants and assist the project manager during the collection and documentation of samples. Field staff will also be familiar with this QAPP and all available site information, including the potential hazards at the site.

Betty Berry, ARCM Branch Chief - Responsible for the overall coordination and decisions for the sampling projects and for assigning project managers. Reviews and approves this QAPP and any subsequent revisions in terms of expanding or limiting the project scope and objective.

<u>Cecilia Tapia, RESP Branch Chief</u> - Responsible for overall targeting and scheduling of wood treatment facility inspections covered by this QAPP. Assigns RESP Compliance Officers to the facilities scheduled for inspection.

<u>RESP Compliance Officers</u> - Responsible for providing available site-specific information prior to each sampling project, and for informing the ARCM Branch Chief and/or the Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator of any changed project data needs.

<u>RESP Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator</u> - Responsible for authoring and revising this QAPP. Informs ARCM personnel of changed project data needs.

<u>Emie Arnold, Regional Quality Assurance Manager</u> - Responsible for the review and approval of this QAPP and any subsequent revisions in terms of quality assurance aspects.

<u>Dale Bates, Regional Laboratory Branch Chief</u> - Responsible for the coordination and scheduling of lab analyses, data review and data validation.

A5. PROBLEM DEFINITION/BACKGROUND

During FY2001, EPA Region VII will be conducting RCRA compliance evaluation inspections (CEIs), including sampling as a component, at approximately 13 wood treatment facilities in the region's four States of Iowa, Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska. Most of the wood treatment facilities are located in Missouri. Most of these facilities are small, employing fewer than 20 persons. Many of these facilities have not notified EPA and/or the authorized state that they generate regulated quantities of hazardous waste, and little to no file information is available. The purpose of these inspections is to obtain independent evaluations of the facilities' compliance with RCRA. In particular, EPA will be focusing on the validity of the facilities' hazardous waste determinations, the appropriateness of the facilities' management practices with regard to their wood treatment waste streams, and the environmental impact of their waste management practices.

There are two basic types of preservative processes utilized at wood preserving facilities; those that use oil-borne preservatives (creosote, pentachlorophenol, and copper naphthenate) and those that use water-borne preservatives (ammoniacal copper arsenate, chromated copper arsenate, oxine copper, ammoniacal copper zinc arsenate, acid copper chromate, borates, ammoniacal copper quat). The primary focus of these inspections will be facilities that utilize the pentachlorophenol (PCP), creosote, and chromated copper arsenic (CCA) treatment processes, although facilities that utilize other wood treatment processes may also be inspected. It should be noted that the creosote preservative used, may be a coal tar creosote that is a mixture of 2,3, and 4-ringed polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) as opposed to cresol. Wastes that are typically generated at wood treatment facilities include wood preserving waste waters, spent preservatives, preservative drippage, and process residuals. Also, some wood treaters may burn wood on-site. If any PCP treated wood is burned, then there would be a dioxin concern as it is a byproduct of PCP combustion.

A variety of waste management practices will also be encountered, including storage (containers, tanks, sumps, and/or drip pads), recycling, and both on-site and off-site disposal. Areas of spillage are also likely to be found during these inspections.

There are several potential waste codes associated with waste streams at wood treatment facilities. Depending on the wood treatment process utilized at the facility, RCRA-listed and/or characteristic wastes may be generated. Potential RCRA characteristic waste codes associated with wastes at wood treatment facilities may include:

- D002 (corrosive),
- D004 (arsenic),
- D007 (chromium),
- D008 (lead),
- D023 (o-cresol),
- D024 (m-cresol),
- D025 (p-cresol),
- D026 (cresol), and
- D037 (PCP).

Potential RCRA listed waste codes associated with wastes at wood treatment facilities may include:

- F027 (discarded unused formulations containing PCP),
- F032 (waste waters, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes at facilities that currently use or have previously used chlorphenolic formulations),
- F034 (waste waters, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes at facilities that use or used creosote formulations),
- F035 (waste waters, process residuals, preservative drippage, and spent formulations from wood preserving processes at facilities that use or inorganic formulations containing arsenic or chromium),
- K001 (bottom sediment sludge from the treatment of waste waters from wood preserving processes that use creosote and/or pentachlorophenol), and
- U051 (off-specification commercial chemical product-creosote).

Even though some of the wood treatment facilities may have analyzed some or all of their waste streams at some time in the past, sampling is still necessary to ensure the accuracy of their waste determinations and to ensure that determinations have been made on fully representative samples.

A6. PROJECT/TASK DESCRIPTION

The objective of these sampling projects is to determine whether (1) the facility is in compliance with RCRA, (2) the facility is not in compliance with RCRA which will require compliance/enforcement response to return the facility to compliance, or (3) the facility must further monitor and analyze its waste streams, waste management units, soils, sediment, groundwater and/or surface water. To make these determinations, samples will be collected at the facilities and the resulting data compared to the applicable action levels. However, the PAH and dioxin data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern. Therefore, there will be no action levels, although any detection of these constituents will be used to make these determinations.

Waste and environmental samples will be collected at each facility. Media sampled may include wastes, soils, surface water, sediment, and/or groundwater. Typical analyses expected will include Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) volatile organic compounds (VOC), TCLP semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOC), TCLP metals, corrosivity (pH), and flashpoint (ignitability). Also, total PAH, a subset of SVOC, will be included when creosote is a concern and total dioxin will be included when ash is being analyzed at PCP facilities. Any waste exceeding a regulatory threshold will be classified as a hazardous waste. Waste samples may be comprised of wastewater treatment unit sludge, sump sludge, filter sludge, wastewater, process residuals, storage yard cleanup material, discarded treated wood end (user/customer), preservative drippage, spent preservative, discarded unused preservative, ash, and/or tank clean-out bottoms. Waste samples will also be collected of any materials spilled onto the ground at waste management areas. Waste samples will not be collected for those wastes which have already been classified as hazardous by the facility, based on sample testing that the facility certifies is both current and based on representative sampling. If the facility utilizes process knowledge (as defined by 40 CFR 262.11(c)(2)), a sample will be collected of the waste stream.

Waste samples will be collected from identified waste streams to determine the accuracy of the facility's waste determination. However, in the event that a facility has made a waste determination and that the facility's waste determination indicates that the waste is listed (F027; F032, F034,F035, K001, and/or U051), a sample will not be collected. The waste samples collected will be analyzed for flashpoint (ignitability), corrosivity (pH), total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). In the event that any of the analytical results for the total analyses exceed the regulatory threshold by a factor of 20, these samples will be analyzed for TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, and/or TCLP metals. The analytical results for the characteristics of ignitability and corrosivity will be compared to the regulatory levels found in 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. The TCLP results will be compared to the RCRA TCLP regulatory levels found in Table 1 of 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern and total dioxin will be requested when ash is being analyzed at PCP facilities. The total PAHs and dioxins data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

Soil samples will be collected from significant spill areas to determine whether a release of hazardous waste has occurred. A significant spill area is defined as one which has a diameter of greater than two (2) feet. These samples will be analyzed for total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). In the event that any of the analytical results for these total analyses exceed the TCLP regulatory threshold by a factor of 20, these samples will be analyzed for TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, and/or TCLP metals. Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. This sampling will be conducted to determine if any hazardous constituents and/or waste have been released on-site, and to determine if the soil itself has been contaminated to such a level that it requires management as a hazardous waste. A background soil sample will be collected from a nearby unaffected area (such as a non-adjacent public park) and analyzed for total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. The TCLP results will be compared to the RCRA TCLP regulatory levels found in Table 1 of 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. In the event that the analytical results do not exceed RCRA TCLP levels, EPA Region III values for soils will be utilized to determine whether any health risks are present at the facility. The total PAH data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

Surface water samples will be collected from water bodies that have been or potentially have been impacted by wastes from the facility. This sampling will be conducted to determine if any hazardous constituents and/or waste have been released to the on-site surface water pathway, and to determine if the surface water itself has been contaminated to such a level that it requires management as a hazardous waste. The surface water samples collected will be analyzed for corrosivity (pH), total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). Since these are liquid samples, TCLP analyses will not be required. Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. A background surface water sample will be collected from upstream or from a nearby unaffected area and analyzed for corrosivity (pH), total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. The analytical results for the characteristic of corrosivity will be compared to the regulatory levels found in 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. The surface water results will be compared to the RCRA TCLP regulatory levels found in Table 1 of 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. In the event that concentrations are less than RCRA TCLP regulatory levels, the concentrations will be compared to NOAA Screening Quick Reference Table values and/or EPA's Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories concentrations. The total PAH data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

Sediment samples will be collected from water bodies that have been or potentially have been impacted by wastes from the facility. This sampling will be conducted to determine if any hazardous constituents and/or waste have been released to the on-site surface water pathway, and to determine if the surface water itself has been contaminated to such a level that it requires

management as a hazardous waste. These samples will be analyzed for total VOCs (RCRA. VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). In the event that any of the analytical results for these total analyses exceed the TCLP regulatory threshold by a factor of 20, these samples will be analyzed for TCLP VOCs, TCLP SVOCs, and/or TCLP metals. Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. This sampling will be conducted to determine if any hazardous constituents and/or waste have been released to the on-site surface water pathway, and to determine if the sediment itself has been contaminated to such a level that it requires management as a hazardous waste. A background sediment sample will be collected from nearby unaffected water bodies where attainable (such as upstream) and analyzed for total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is . a concern. The TCLP results will be compared to the RCRA TCLP regulatory levels found in Table 1 of 40 CFR 261 Subpart C. In the event that the analytical results do not exceed RCRA TCLP levels, the concentrations will be compared to NOAA Screening Quick Reference Table values. If no NOAA Screening Quick Reference constituents of concern values are available, then the sediment data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous. constituents. Also, in the event a background sediment sample is not attainable, the data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

Groundwater samples will be collected from the taps of on-site and nearby private wells. The groundwater samples collected will be analyzed for corrosivity (pH), total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). Since these are liquid samples, TCLP analyses will not be required. Also, total PAH will be requested when creosote is a concern. This sampling will be conducted to determine if any hazardous constituents and/or waste have been released to the on-site and nearby groundwater private wells. If available, a background groundwater sample will be collected from upgradient of a potentially affected area and analyzed for total VOCs (RCRA VOCs only), total SVOCs (RCRA SVOCs only), and total metals (RCRA TCLP metals only). The results will be compared to EPA's Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories concentrations.

These sampling projects are scheduled to begin during the first quarter of FY2001, and will be conducted throughout the remainder of the fiscal year. Samples will be delivered to the EPA laboratory upon return from the sampling project (more than one sampling project may be conducted during a trip).

A complete equipment list is provided as Appendix B. Appendix C indicates the sample containers required during this project. Personnel requirements are listed in section A8 of this QAPP.

A7. DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES AND CRITERIA FOR MEASUREMENT DATA

The project data quality objective is to provide valid data of known and acceptable quality for waste streams, soil, surface water, sediment and groundwater samples. Sample data will be compared to the regulatory threshold for ignitability, corrosivity, TCLP Metals; TCLP cresol; TCLP o-, m-, and/or p-cresol; and TCLP PCP. Any sample analysis that exceeds the regulatory level is classified as a hazardous waste. The total PAH and dioxins data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern. Soil, sediment and surface water sample data will be compared against the background sample data. A release of contaminants (with the exception of metals) to the soil, sediment and surface water will be deemed to have occurred if the sample concentration level exceeds background, assuming reasonable background levels. A release of metal contaminants to the soil, sediment and surface water will be deemed to have occurred if the sample concentration level exceeds a background concentration level by more that a factor of two, assuming reasonable background levels. A soil background sample is reasonable if it does not exceed the soil actions levels established by EPA Region III. Surface water and sediment background samples are reasonable if they do not exceed the action levels established in the NOAA Screening Quick Reference Table and/or EPA's Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisories concentrations. Groundwater data will be compared to EPA's Drinking Water regulations and Health Advisories concentrations: If no sediment or surface water background sample is available, then the data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

A7.1 Data Quality Indicators

A sample summary table which includes the location and type of each sample, sample matrix, estimated number of samples, container type, preservation method, constituents of interest, analytical method, and level of interest is included as Appendix C. The data quality indicators to be measured are identified below.

A7.1.1. Precision and Accuracy

The goals for analytical precision and accuracy are described in Region 7 (R7) Environmental Services (ENSV) Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) and specified in the analytical methods. If a contract laboratory is utilized, the contracted laboratory shall meet or exceed the goals for analytical precision and accuracy described in R7 ENSV SOPs and the analytical methods.

Duplicate sample data will be utilized to assess precision. The acceptance limit for the precision assessed via field duplicate samples will be less than or equal to 50 percent relative standard deviation.

There will be no field measurements taken during this sampling activity.

Prior to each sampling visit, VOC trip blanks will be prepared by R7 ENSV in accordance with R7 ENSV SOPs. The VOC trip blanks will be filled with ASTM Type II water, preserved, transported to the site, kept with routine samples throughout the sampling event, packaged for shipment with routine samples, and sent with each shipping container to the laboratory. Analytical data from trip blank analyses will be utilized to determine the absence or presence of contamination during sample shipment.

There will be no rinsate blanks collected as only dedicated sampling equipment will be used.

At least one time during the project, performance evaluation (PE) samples will be prepared by R7 ENSV QA personnel. PE samples will be utilized to audit each laboratory analyzing the samples collected during the project. PE samples are a type of audit in which the quantitative data generated by the measurement system are obtained independently and compared with routinely obtained date to evaluate the proficiency of an analyst or laboratory. It is anticipated that the constituents to be measured in the PE sample will include RCRA TCLP metals, RCRA TCLP VOCs, and RCRA TCLP SVOCs. The target concentration ranges will be greater than the regulatory levels of the TCLP constituents (listed in 40 CFR 261 Subpart D) but less than 1,000 mg/L. The measurement quality to be assessed should only include bias.

A7.1.2. Representativeness

Representativeness will not be an issue during project sampling as worst-case conditions are being determined, these worst-case conditions being that portions of the waste stream sampled would be a hazardous waste. Therefore, samples will be collected from visually contaminated areas or areas most likely to contain the hazardous constituents of concern.

Representativeness will also not be an issue during sampling of soil, sediment, groundwater, and surface water, as the data will be used to identify the presence and not the extent of the hazardous constituents of concern.

A7.1.3. Completeness

The completeness of the project will be assessed by comparing the number of sample results to the number of samples submitted for analysis. The completeness goal is 100%. Should the completeness goal not be met, the project manager will determine if additional sample collection is needed.

A7.1.4. Comparability

Comparability will be addressed by collecting, analyzing, and reporting the data as described in this document. It is anticipated that standard methods or EPA methods will be implemented. Analytical results for TCLP analysis of waste and soil media should be reported in mg/L and the results for total analyses for these same media should be reported in mg/Kg. Analytical results for groundwater and surface water samples should be reported in mg/L for total metals analyses and μ g/L for VOCs and SVOCs. Analytical results for flashpoint will be reported in degrees Celsius (°C).

A8. SPECIAL TRAINING REQUIREMENTS/CERTIFICATION

Prior to conducting this sampling activity, each inspector will have completed at a minimum the following training:

- Hazardous Waste Operations (Hazwoper) (40 hours)
- RCRA Program Training
 - Inspector Orientation (10 hours)
 - Regulatory Framework (40 hours)
 - RCRA Compliance Evaluation Inspections; 100 hours (30 hours must be on-the-job training with an experienced inspector), and at least two of these inspections must be at treatment, storage and disposal facilities.
- Participation in at least 2 sampling activities conducted by an experienced inspector
- Annual 8 hour safety Refresher Training
- CPR certification.

In addition, each inspector will be provided with (or provided access to) the following reference materials:

- EPA Region 7 Standard Operating Procedures
- EPA inspection guidance manuals
- Current edition of 40 CFR (260-299)
- State Hazardous Waste Regulations
- Hazardous materials reference
- . SW-846
- Historical collection of rule changes (from 1980)
- EPA Standard Safety Operating Guides
- Wood Preserving Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Compliance Guide (EPA Document 305-B-96-001)

Each inspector will participate in a medical monitoring program. This monitoring will occur prior to conducting sampling activities, and on an annual basis thereafter. Inclusion in a respiratory protection program will be a part of this medical monitoring. All field staff will have equivalent safety and sampling training.

A9. DOCUMENTATION AND RECORDS

This information is covered by the current versions of R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 2410.1. "LABO Analytical Data Management Procedures" and 2410.10 "Analytical Data Submission Packages."

RCRA non-laboratory project records are maintained at the EPA Regional Records
Center (RRC). It is the responsibility of the Records Information Manager at the RRC to
maintain these records. At present time, RCRA non-laboratory project records are maintained on a continual basis.

The Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator will disseminate copies of the QAPP to the people listed in the distribution list (see section A3) once it is approved. Any revisions to the QAPP will be numbered sequentially. It will be the responsibility of the Wood Treatment Sector Coordinator to see that each person on the distribution list receives copies of any revisions.

B1. SAMPLING PROCESS DESIGN

B1.1. Health and Safety

The inspector must ensure that the sampling can be performed in accordance with accepted safety procedures. The inspector should refer to the Health and Safety section of the applicable sampling SOP for unit or method specific guidance and to EPA PB92-963414, "Standard Operating Safety Guides", for additional guidance. In the event that the inspector has any reservations as to the safety of the sampling operations, sampling will not occur under this plan.

The primary safety hazards during this sampling activity will be from physical hazards and possibly TCLP heavy metals (arsenic and chromium) dust and organic vapors from TCLP cresol and TCLP PCP. A safety survey will be conducted before any samples are collected. At the project leader's judgement, taking into account the weather, the surrounding conditions and the physical state of the waste streams, Level D is expected to be worn and possibly a respirator. Level D clothing consists of: tyvek gear, safety shoes, hard hat, safety glasses and gloves. A dust mask or a full-face respirator with appropriate dust cartridges may be worn.

B1.2 Samples

5:

B1.2.1. Waste Streams at Point of Generation

Sump Sludge: Each facility will utilize a sump to collect preservative drippage from the drip pad. It is expected that the sump sludge is collected in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum) at the sump. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container. In the event a container is not present for collection of the waste and at the sump contains sludge that has not been cleaned out, a grab sample will randomly be collected from the sump.

<u>Process Residuals</u>: Process residuals include small pieces of wood, sludge, dirt, sand, stones, and polymerized oils that have been contaminated by contact with the wood preservative. Process residual wastes may be generated during cleaning of retorts, drip pads, or tanks. It is expected that process residuals are collected in small containers (such as a 55-gallon drum) near the retorts, drip pads, or tanks. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container.

Filter or Screening Sludge: It is anticipated that each facility will utilize filter or screening units between the retort, sump, oil/water separator unit, and the preservative storage tank. It is expected that filter or screening sludge is collected in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum) near the filter or screening unit. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container.

Wastewater: Boulton and steam conditioning retort processes generate the most wastewater at wood treating facilities. These processes generate between 0.5 and 9 gallons of wastewater per cubic foot of wood treated. Wastewater may also be generated when water comes into contact with formulation during recovery and/or treated wood, during equipment cleaning, and/or when rainwater is accumulated. In the event that the facility generates contact wastewater, a sample will be collected at the point of generation. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the point of generation. Wastewater samples will not be collected from units exempted by 40 CFR 261 Subpart A.

Wastewater Treatment Unit Sludge: It is anticipated that wastewater treatment unit sludge will be generated during clean out of the wastewater treatment tank. It is expected that the sludge will be collected in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum) at the point of generation. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container.

Storage Yard Clean-up Material: It is expected that each facility will have a storage yard separate from its drip pad. Incidental drippage from the treated wood may occur in the storage yard. Clean up of drippage must occur within one working day of discovery of the drippage or the release would be considered illegal disposal. It is anticipated that drippage wastes may be present on the ground and in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum) at the storage yard. In

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the event that drippage is on the ground, a grab sample will be collected from the ground surface. If the storage yard clean-up material has been collected into a container, a grab sample will be randomly collected from the container.

<u>Discarded Unused Preservative (Concentrate)</u>: It is anticipated that some of the facilities may have changed wood treating preservative processes and may have the former preservative in storage. It is expected that the unused preservative may be stored in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum). A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container. If the container is labeled appropriately and the container is sealed, a sample will not be collected.

<u>Tank Clean-out Bottoms</u>: Tank bottom sludges will be generated during clean out of process and waste tanks containing wood preservative solutions. It is expected that the sludge will be collected in a small container (such as a 55-gallon drum) at the point of generation. A grab sample will be randomly collected from the container.

Ash: It is anticipated that each PCP facility will have a burn pile and that ash may be present on the ground. In the event that ash is on the ground at the PCP facilities, a composite sample will be randomly collected from the ash 0 to 6 inches deep (or the depth of the ash). The ash sample from the burn pile area will consist of one composite sample of up to four aliquots depending on size of the area. The aliquots will be collected from an imaginary line randomly visualized in the burn pile area. Ash may also be in a boiler at the PCP facilities. In the event that ash is in the boiler and attainable, a grab sample will be randomly collected from the ash.

B1.2.2. Waste Spill Area

It is expected that some of the waste streams may be spilled onto the ground, either intentionally or unintentionally. These waste spills are expected to be small, no more than a few feet in diameter; however, large spill areas may also be encountered. A surface soil/waste sample will be collected from the soil in the waste spill area (may be more than one at the facility). For this project, surface soil is defined as the top 0-2 inches of soil.

The soil/waste sample from the spill area will consist of one composite sample of up to four aliquots depending on size of the area. The aliquots will be collected from an imaginary line randomly visualized in the spill area. If the spill is in a wood preserving management area (such as the treatment area or the storage yard), then a grab sample may be randomly collected as opposed to a composite if the sample will be used to confirm waste content. The aliquots or grab will be randomly selected from the area most likely to be hazardous based on visual observations or based on process information received by the facility representative during the inspection.

A surface soil background sample will be collected from an unaffected area on-site if such an area can be located. If an unaffected area cannot be located on-site, a background sample will be collected from an unaffected area off-site.

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B1.2.3. Surface Water and Sediment

The topography and drainage of each site is unknown. Potentially, wastes may be released to the surface water pathway. The surface water pathway may include pooling or ponding of water on-site and/or releases into streams and/or rivers.

Where applicable, surface water samples will be collected upgradient of the release and at the point of entry of the waste stream to the surface water pathway. In the event that the release of the waste stream resulted in the pooling or ponding of water, a surface water and sediment sample will be collected from the pool or pond where attainable.

B1.2.4. Groundwater

Given the remote location of most of the wood treatment facilities, it is anticipated that each facility will have a private well utilized for drinking water. Potentially, other private wells may be nearby. If possible, the potential for on-site and nearby groundwater wells will be determined prior to the sampling visit by utilizing topographic maps of the site area.

A groundwater sample will be collected from a tap located nearest to the well. Permission will be obtained from the well owner prior to sampling any well.

B1.3. Waste Generated During Sampling

If any hazardous or potentially hazardous waste is generated from these sampling procedures, it will be left at the site, if possible or double bagged, labeled, and returned to EPA.

B1.4. Additional Design Information

For this project, the inspector shall complete a more detailed sampling process design onsite, prior to conducting the sampling operations. The more detail sampling process design shall consist of noting sample locations on the site sketch, photographing the sample location, documenting the sampling method and sampling equipment.

The inspector will document any unusual site conditions or potential interferences.

For each sampling visit, the total number of samples expected to be collected and submitted for analysis under this plan, including duplicates is shown in Appendix C.

B2. SAMPLING METHODS REQUIREMENTS

EPA will collect waste, soil, surface water, and groundwater, according to the rationale presented in Section B1. Samples will be collected in accordance with EPA R7 ENSV SOPs. The EPA R7 SOPs applicable to sampling that may be conducted during the project include:

- SOP No. 2130.2A Field Chain of Custody for Environmental Samples
- SOP No. 2130.3B Identification, Documentation and Tracking of Samples
- SOP No. 2130.4B Sample Container Selection, Preservation and Holding Times
- SOP No. 2231.9A (ERT #2009) Drum Sampling
- SOP No. 2231.10A (ERT #2010) Tank Sampling
- SOP No. 2231.12A (ERT #2012) Soil Sampling
- SOP No. 4230.17A Surface Water Sample Collection
- SOP No. 4230.8A Sediment Sample Collection
- SOP No. 2334.10A Drinking Water Sample Collection

B2.1. Sampling

Waste Streams at Point of Generation: Wastes may consist of retort wastes, sump wastes, tank liquids, drip pad wastes, or containerized wastes. It is anticipated that these wastes will be containerized in tanks or drums. Therefore, field personnel will follow R7 ENSV SOP No. 2231.9A (ERT #2009) - Drum Sampling or R7 ENSV SOP No. 2231.10A (ERT #2010) - Tank Sampling. If more than one tank or container at the point of generation, then a tank or container will be randomly selected for sampling. Depending on the consistency of the waste, samples will be collected using a thieving rod, disposable bailer, or stainless steel spoons. A sample may also be collected by immersing the sample container, filling the sample container directly, or by filling the sample container by using a second decontaminated container. Grab samples will be collected near the point of generation. Samples collected for VOC analysis will be immediately placed into the appropriate VOA containers. The remaining sample containers will be filled following the VOA containers. If the wastes are not liquid, the remainder of the grab samples will be homogenized in aluminum pie pans and placed into appropriately labeled 8 oz. glass sample containers. If any of the wastes consist of large pieces, the larger pieces will be broken with a stainless steel spoon prior to placement in the sample container.

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Waste Spill Area: Waste spill areas will consist of surface soil contaminated by the intentional or unintentional spillage of wood preservative or associated wastes. These waste spill area samples will be collected as discussed in Section B1 above in accordance with R7 ENSV SOP No. 2231.12A "Soil Sampling" (the section addressing the collection of surface soil samples).

Surface Water: Grab samples will be collected from surface water as outlined in R7 ENSV SOP No. 4230.17A "Surface Water Sample Collection" where attainable. If not attainable, then a grab sample will be randomly collected from the area that is attainable.

Sediment: Grab samples will be collected from water body as outlined in R7 ENSV SOP No. 4230.17A "Surface Water Sample Collection" where attainable. If not attainable, then a grab sample will be randomly collected from the area that is attainable.

Groundwater: Grab samples will be collected from groundwater as outlined in R7 ENSV SOP No. 2334.10A "Drinking Water Sample Collection." Low detection limits are requested for VOCs. Therefore, 4-40 mL VOA vials will be utilized during sample collection.

B2.2. Additional Requirements

Sampling points will be identified in the field notes by their directional distance from landmarks that are likely to be preserved over time. The field observations will be recorded in a bound notebook and/or on the field sheets. Photographs of sampling locations will be taken.

The estimated total number of samples expected to be collected during each sampling project is 30. This number includes 11 waste samples, 10 soil samples, three (3) surface water samples, two (2) groundwater samples, three (3) duplicate samples and one (1) trip blank sample.

B3. SAMPLE HANDLING AND CUSTODY REQUIREMENTS

Sample containers, preservation, and holding times will be those found in R7 ENSV SOP No. 2130.4B, "Sample Container Selection, Preservation, and Holding Times."

Chain-of-custody and field documentation will be in accordance with R7 ENSV SOP No. 2130.2A, "Field Chain-of-Custody for Environmental Samples" and R7 ENSV SOP No. 2130.3B "Identification, Documentation, and Tracking of Samples," respectively. The time of collection, location, sample section size, number of aliquots, and the sample depth will be recorded on field sheets.

B4. ANALYTICAL METHODS REQUIREMENTS

The samples will be analyzed by the EPA Laboratory in accordance with the methods and levels of interest listed in Appendix C. Routine laboratory turnaround is requested for these projects. The overall implementation of the quality assurance program by the Regional Laboratory is addressed in the R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 1640.1, "Region 7 Laboratory Quality Assurance Project Plan" and 1610.1C, "Regional Laboratory Quality Control Policy".

B5. QUALITY CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

<u>Duplicate Samples</u>: The duplicate samples identified in Appendix C of the QAPP will be collected as split samples for all analyses with the exception of those samples that will be analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOC). Duplicate samples that will be analyzed for VOCs will consist of grab samples. At least one duplicate per media (waste, soil, and water) will be collected during each sampling in accordance with the R7 ENSV SOPs listed in section B2.1. If more than 10 samples are collected of a media, additional duplicate samples will be collected at a rate of one duplicate sample per ten samples for each media. The duplicate samples will be utilized to assess variance of the total method including sampling and analysis.

Trip Blank Samples: Prior to each sampling project, a VOC trip blank sample will be prepared by the R7 laboratory. This trip blank sample will be kept with the routine samples throughout the sampling event, packaged for shipment with the routine samples, and sent to the R7 laboratory with the samples. The VOC trip blank sample is necessary to determine the presence or absence of contamination during shipment.

Field Blanks: No field blanks are planned for this project.

Split Blank Samples: Split samples will be offered to the facility representative and provided by EPA if requested.

<u>PE Sample</u>: At least one time during the project, a PE sample will be prepared by R7 ENSV QA personnel. PE samples will be utilized to audit each laboratory analyzing the samples collected during the project. PE samples are a type of audit in which the quantitative data generated by the measurement system are obtained independently and compared with routinely obtained date to evaluate the proficiency of an analyst or laboratory.

<u>Laboratory quality control elements</u>: Laboratory quality control elements including spikes and blanks, will be performed in accordance with the above referenced analytical R7 ENSV SOP and R7 ENSV SOP No. 1610.1C.

B6. INSTRUMENT/EQUIPMENT TESTING, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

No field equipment requiring testing, inspection, and maintenance will be used.

For the analytical instrumentation, the testing, inspection, and maintenance will be performed in accordance with the above-referenced analytical SOP and manufacturer's recommendations.

B7. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION AND FREQUENCY

No field instruments requiring calibration will be used for this project.

For the analytical instrumentation, the calibration will be performed in accordance with the above-referenced analytical SOP and manufacturer's recommendations.

B8. INSPECTION/ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR SUPPLIES AND CONSUMABLES

The Project Manager will be responsible for inspecting sample containers before leaving for the field. Only new sample containers accompanied by the manufacturer's certification of pre-cleaning will be used. The sample containers will also be inspected for cracks, ill-fitting lids, and other obvious defects before use and will be discarded if defects are found to be present.

B9. DATA ACQUISITION REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-DIRECT MEASUREMENTS

No data will be used from other sources.

B10. DATA MANAGEMENT

Data management will be in accordance with R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 2120.2A, "Document Control" and 2410.1B "LABO Analytical Data Management Procedures."

C1. ASSESSMENTS AND RESPONSE ACTIONS

Assessments and response concerning the analytical aspect of the project are addressed in the R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 1610.1C and 1640.1A. The information covers examples of conditions indicating out-of-control situations, who is responsible for initiating the corrective actions, and what steps may be taken.

Due to the limited duration of each sampling project, no field assessment is planned for this activity due to the short time period of each project.

C2. REPORTS TO MANAGEMENT

Once the project is complete and the resulting data obtained, the EPA project manager will prepare a final inspection report. The report will include a summary of the activities performed during the project and the resulting data (along with any statements about problems, concerning data quality). The inspection report shall identify any results that indicate non-compliance with regulatory requirements, or that indicate potential release of regulated materials to the environment.

D1. DATA REVIEW, VALIDATION, AND VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

The data will be peer reviewed by a qualified analyst and the lab Section Manager as identified in R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 1640.1A and 1610.1C. The EPA project manager will be responsible for overall validation and final approval of the data in accordance with project purpose and use of the data.

D2. DATA VALIDATION AND VERIFICATION METHODS

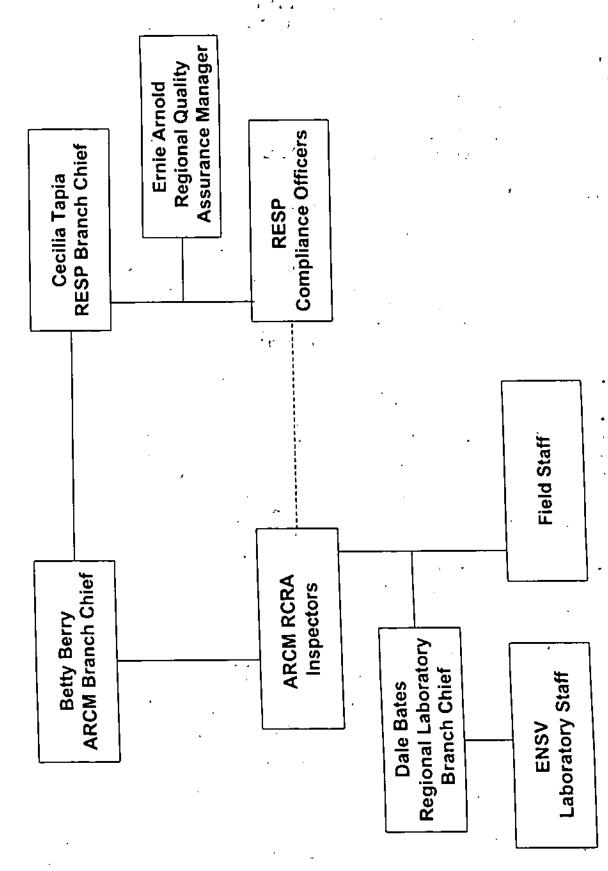
The data will be validated in accordance with R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 1610.1C and 1640.1A. QC spot checks will be performed by the R7 laboratory following the frequency and criteria outlined in R7 ENSV SOP Nos. 1640.1A and 1610.5A, "Quality Control Spot Checks of Regional Laboratory Data Packages."

The EPA project manager will perform the final review and approval of the data prior to it being entered into the LIMS LITE system as valid. The EPA project manager will look at field duplicates to ensure they are acceptable. The EPA project manager will also compare the sample descriptions with the field sheets for consistency and will ensure that any anomalies in the data are appropriately documented.

D3. RECONCILIATION WITH USER REQUIREMENTS

Once the data results are compiled, the EPA project manager will review the field duplicates to determine if they fall within the acceptance limits as defined in this QAPP. Completeness will also be evaluated to determine if the completeness goal for this project has been met. If data quality indicators do not meet the project's requirements as outlined in this QAPP, then the data may be discarded and re-sampling may occur. The EPA project manager will evaluate the cause of the failure (if possible) and make the decision to discard the data and re-sample. If the failure is tied to the analysis, calibration and maintenance techniques will be reassessed as identified by the appropriate lab personnel.

RCRA Compliance Sampling at Wood Treatment Facilities Appendix A: Project Organizational Chart



APPENDIX B SAMPLING EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES LIST

Project Equipment

- tape measure
- camera
- bung wrench
- Crescent wrench (2)
- sample coolers (5 per sampling event 60 total)

Site-Specific Disposable Equipment

- survey flags (12 per sampling event 1 gross total)
- disposable aluminum pie tins (20 per sampling event 240 total)
- 8 oz. sample jars* (128 per sampling event 1,536 total for project)
- 40 mL VOA vials* (228 per sampling event 2,736 total for project)
- 128 oz. Amber jugs* (12 per sampling event 144 total for project)
- 1-Liter cubitainers* (88 per sampling event 1,056 total for project)
- nitric acid (1 bottle per sampling event)
- hydrochloric acid (1 bottle per sampling event)
- sample labels
- field sheets
- chain of custody forms (2 per sampling event 24 total for project)
- chain of custody seals (20 seals per sampling event 240 total for project)
- ice (purchased as needed during sampling event)
- sample cooler bags (5 per sampling event 60 total for project)
- stainless steel spoons (25 per sampling event 300 total for project)
- film (2 rolls per sampling event 24 rolls total for project)
- disposable glass drum thieves (10 per sampling event 100 total for project)
- disposable bailers (5 per sampling event 60 total for project)
- tyvek (4 pairs per sampling event 48 total for project)
- booties (4 pairs per sampling event 48 total for project)
- sampling gloves (2 boxes of 100 per sampling event 24 total for project)
- work boots
- safety glasses
- hard hats
- duct tape (1 roll per sampling event 12 rolls total for project)
- paper towels (2 rolls per sampling event 24 rolls total for project)
- 2-inch cellophane tape (1 roll per sampling event 12 rolls total for project)
- 1-inch packing tape (1 roll per sampling event 12 rolls total for project)
- 30-gallon trash bags (2 boxes total for project)
- plastic sheeting (1 roll total for project)
- * Numbers of containers include containers for facility's split samples.

APPENDIX C EPA SAMPLE SUMMARY TABLE FOR WOOD TREATMENT FACILITIES ONE SAMPLING EVENT

Location and Type of	Sample Matrix	Estimated Number of	Container Type	Preservation Method	Constituents of . Interest	Analytical Method (SW-846)	Levels of Interest
Sample Waste	- preservative	12 includes one	4-40 mL VOA vials	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP VOCs and TCLP VOCs	8260 and 1311	· MDL · regulatory threshold found at 40 CFR 261
Point of Generation	sludge - wood - dirt - sand - stones	duplicate	1-8 oz. jars	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP SVOCs and TCLP SVOCs (PAH is a subset of SVOCs - for creosote concerns only)	8270 and 1311	Subpart C
	- ouls - ash		1-8 oz. jar	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP Metals and TCLP Metals	6010 and 1311	
•			1-8 oz. jar	Cool to 4°C	Ignitability (flashpoint) and Corrosivity (pH)	1010, 1020, or 9040	
	•	i	1-8 oz. jar	Cool to 4°C	Dioxin (for ash only at PCP facilities)	1613	
Waste Spill	- contaminated	11	4-40 mL VOA vials	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP VOCs and TCLP VOCs	8260 and 1311	- MDL - regulatory threshold found at 40 CFR 261
Arcas	soil sediment	duplicate	1-8 oz. jar	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP SVOCs and TCLP SVOCs (PAH is a subset of SVOCs - for creosote concerns only)	8270 and 1311	Subpart C
	-		1-8 oz. jar	Cool to 4°C	Total TCLP Metals and TCLP Metals	6010 and 1311	

Page, 1 of

APPENDIX C EPA SAMPLE SUMMARY TABLE FOR WOOD TREATMENT FACILITIES ONE SAMPLING EVENT

Levels of Interest	- MDL - regulatory threshold [1] found at 40 CFR 261	Subpart C - NOAA Screening Quick Reference Table values			EPA Drinking Water Regulations and Health Advisory levels (a.k.a.	MCLs)* - regulatory threshold found at 40 CFR 261 Subpart C		
Analyticsi Le Method (SW-846)	- R260 - MDL - regula	8270 · Subp • NOA Quick values	0109	1010, 1020, or 9040	8260 - EP/ Regu	8270 MCLs)* (Herbicide - regulati Analysis for found at PCP MCL) Subpart	0109	or 9040
Constituents of Interest	Total TCLP VOCs	Total TCLP SVOCs (PAH is a subset of SVOCs - for creosote concerns only)	Total TCLP Metals.	Ignitability (flashpoint) and Corrosivity (pH)	LDL VOCs	Total TCLP LDL SVOCs (PAH is a subset of SVOCs - for creosote concerns only)	Total TCLP Metals	Ignitability (flashpoint) and Coπôsivity (pH)
Preservation Method	HCI to pH<2 Cool to 4°C	Cool to 4°C	HNO, to pH<2 Cool to 4°C	Cool to 4°C	HCI to pH <2 Cool to 4°C	Cool to 4°C	HNO, to pH<2 Cool to 4°C	Cool to 4°C
Container Type	2-40 mL VOA vials	1-128 oz. . amber glass bottles	i-Liter cubitainer	1-8 oz. jar	4-40 mL VOA	1-128 oz. amber glass bottles	1-Liter cubitainer	i -8 oz. jar
Estimated Number of	Samples 4 includes one	duplicate per sampling activity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, '	7			
Sample Matrix	- water				- Water	(groundwater)		
Location and Type of	Sample Surface Water	<u> </u>			Drinking	Water Wells		

- Page 2 of 3.

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ATTACHMENT 12 Page 28 of 19

EPA SAMPLE SUMMARY TABLE FOR WOOD TREATMENT FACILITIES ONE SAMPLING EVENT APPENDIX C

Location and Type of	Sample Matrix	Estimated Number of	Container Type	Preservation Method	Constituents of Interest	Analytical Method (SW-846)	Levels of Interest
Sample VOC Trip	- Water	- I	4.40 mL VOA	HCI to pH<2 Cool to 4°C	LDL VOCs	8260	N/A
Bjank			2				

·KEY:

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure TCLP-

Volatile Organic Compound VOC-

Semi-volatile Organic Compound

Minimum Detection Limit SVOC-MDL.

Safe Drinking Water Act Maximum Contaminant Level Low Detection Limit MCL-LDL-

Not Applicable

* The ASR, field sheets and tags will indicate that the lower detection limit (MCLs) analyses are requested for these analytes.

US EPA Region VII Kansas City, KS

ASR Number:	827 Sample Number	(\mathcal{C}) QC Code: _	Matrix: Hazardous	1000 Tag ID: 827-学 _
Activity Number:	DLN14	Activity Leader: Newson	ome, Dedriel	
Activity Desc:	Missouri Tie and Timber		-	
Location:	Bunker	State: Misso	uri Type: f	RCRA .
Location Desc:	Drip Pad Waste	- From Drip Pa	nd Collection	System,
STORET ID:		External Sample Numb	er:	
Expected Conc:	Circle One: Low Medium	n (High) PAH	· Date	Time (24 Hr)
Latitude:		Sample Collection	on: Start <u>3/ 7/ </u>	01 13:46 2
Longitude:			End <u>3,7,4</u>	13:46.
Laboratory Analys	es:		,	And 150 - 7503
Container	Preservative	_	Analysis .	
✓ 1 - 4 oz glass	4 Deg C		otal Semivolatiles of TCLP azardous Waste	compounds in
2 - 40mL"VOA	vial		CLP VOCs in Hazardous by	GC/MS
2 40mL VOA	vial 4 Deg C	/14 Days V	O Cs in Solid Hazardous Ma	atrices by-GC/MS
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C		otal Metals of TCLP in Haz AP	ardous Samples by
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C	· ·	CLP Semi-Volatiles in Haza	rdous
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C	180 Days To	CLP Metals in Haz. Waste	· ·
1 - 8 oz glass	None	\	ashpoint of Hazardous Sar	nples
1 - 8 oz glass <u>) - জনত নেধিক</u> '	None	Days pl	I of Hazardous Sample A님	
Sample Comments	s :	,		
Tala	a mon unt	i (south wal	1) mean rack	inal tracks
دس ۱	new side.			
Miacle t	urry poste	. Hear un	i_(c)	
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Sample collected t	ox: Trever lind			
		— мент <u>13.</u> Раде _—	<u>l</u> of <u>le</u>	in-kys

US EPA Region VII
Kansas City, KS

ASR Number:	827 Sample Number: 101 OC Code: Matrix: Soil Tag ID: 827-101-
Activity.Number:	DLN14 Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel
Activity Desc:	Missouri Tie and Timber
Location:	Bunker 2 State: Missouri Type: RCRA 17 12
Location Desc:	T-Building wood storage area (duplicate taken here)
STORET ID:	
Expected Conc:	Circle One: Low Medium High Marals Date Time (24 Hr).
Latitude:	Sämple Collection: Start 3,7,01 [4:00
Longitude:	End 3,7,01 14:05
aboratory Analys	es:
Container	Preservative : Holding Time Analysis
-2 - 20mL ∀OA	•
2 -40mL VOA	vial 4 Days TCLP VOCs in Soil by GC/M9
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C 14 Days Total Semivolatiles:of:T.CtP-compounds in Solids
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Deg C a 180 Days Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP
1 - 8 oz gloss	+ Deg C 180 Days TCLP Metals in Soil.
ample Comments	TOTAL Semi Vergriles et Telle companie
nd wiste	Sample taken in drip areas (composite).
	T-building runs east-west, sample
	com aliquots taken south of stored wood.
speaks -> A	E pens - sample sur
	NA
•	Treatment cylinders
	T-Building (Stored wood)
	aliquots x
emple collected to	Trevor Urban

- ATTACHMENT 13 Page 2 of 6

US EPA Region VII Kansas City, KS

ASR Number:	827	Sample Nur	ექ nber: 194	· QC Code:	ED N	Aatrix: Sc	oil '	Tag.ID:	10) = f(f) 827-104
Activity Number:	DLN14		Activi	ty Leader: Ne	wsome,	Dedriel			
Activity Desc:	Missour	i Tie and Timbe	er						
Location:	Bunker	f + .		State: Mi	ssouri		Type: RO	CRA	,
Location Desc:	<u>T - 13</u>	wilding	Wood	Stomy	< Ar	e e k			
STORET ID:			Exter	nal Sample Nu	ımber: _				
Expected Conc:	Circle O	ne: (Low) (Me	dium High	metals			Date	Tin	ne (24 Hr)
Latitude:				Sample Colle	ction:	Start	3,7,01	14 :	0 i:
Longitude:							3,7,01		
Laboratory Analys	es:							·	
Container		Preservative		Holding Time	Analys	is	٠.		
-2 20mL-VOA.	vial	4-Deg-C	_ -	14 - Days	- VOCs i r	r-Solid-M	strices-by-GG	/MS	4
42 - 40mL VOA	vial ·—	4-Deg C		14-Days -	-TCLP-V	O€s⁻in⁻\$∂	πb∳GC/MS		
18-oz-glass		4-Deg-C		14"Days"	TCLP'S	emi-∀olat	iles in Soil	CHITE STORY	-
1 - 8 oz glass		4 Deg C		180 Days	TCLP M	letals in S	ioil		
1 - 8 oz glass		4 Deg C		180 Days	Total M ICAP	etals Ana	lysis of TCLP	Metals in	Soil by
1 - 8 oz glass ∖ ⊶≲ e∗		4 Deg C	c+ ,	14 Days	てない	Ň	es-of-TCLP-co	-	
Sample Comments	::	-	•		TOTA	1 5 m	· vois tiles	e Te	P.C. supromilig

See Sample Sheet 101

Sample collected by: Trever Unban

US EPA Region VII '
Kansas City, KS

ASR Number:	827 Sample Number: 102 QC Code:* Matrix: Soil / Tag ID: 827-102
Activity Number:	DLN14 Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel
Activity Desc:	Missouri Tie and Timber
Location:	Bunker T State: Missouri Type: RCRA
Location Desc:	Background sample.
STORET ID:	External Sample Number:
Expected Conc:	Circle One: (Low) Medium High Date Time (24 Hr)
Latitude:	Sample Collection: Start 5770 14:20
Longitude:	End 317101 14:25
Laboratory Analys	### The state of t
Container	Preservative Holding Time Analysis
2 20mL VOA	vial 4 Days VOCs in Solid Matrices by GC/MS
-2-40mL VOA	viel — 4 Deg C 14 Days TCLP VOCs in Soft by GC/MS
-1-8 oz glass	4 Deg C 14 Days TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil
1 - 8 oz glass	4 Dag C 14 Days Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Solids
1 - 8 oz glass.	4 Deg C 180 Days Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP
-1-0 oz glass	4 Deg C 180 Days TCLP Metals in Soil
Sample Comment	Taken approx. 100 yds south and 100 yds west of gravel entry road. Jeff brick office building fragravel entry road.
Sample collected	by: Trevor Urban.

ATTACHMENT, 13 Page 4 of 6

US EPA Region VII Kansas City, KS

ASR Number: 827	Sample Number: 205	QC Code: _	Matrix:: Water	Tag ID: 827-205
Activity Number: DLN14	Activit	y L'eader: Newsom	e, Dedriel	•
Activity Desc: Missouri	Tie and Timber			
Location: Bunker		State: Missouri	Type:	RCRA
	•			
Location Desc: Colle	ction Pond)		
STORET ID:		al Sample Number	:	
Expected Conc: Circle On	e: Low Medium High	metals	Date	Time (24 Hr)
Latitude:		Sample Collection	Start 3/7/	01 16:05
Longitude:	_ <u>_</u>		End 3/7/	01 16:627 1071
boratory Analyses:				16:18
-	Preservative F	lolding Time Ana	lysis -	
1 - 1 Liter Cubitainer 4	Deg C	-	f Water	
1 - 1 Liter Cubitainer	HNO3 acidify, 4 Deg C	180 Days Meta	Is in Water by ICP	بالنامين
1 - 128oz amber glass 4	Deg C	7 Days Semi	-Volatile Organic Com	pounds in Water (PHI
2-40mt-VOA vial . 4	Deg C, HCL to pH < 2			*
	a 12800 borr	4) = d r-c	u ing mula optholines	En The containing
			mirs Lups	A read 2250.
mple collected by: <u>「ヽ゚</u>			,an. Bailt	cition 73
•	ATTACHMEN	Г <u>. 13</u> Раде _	5 of <u>6</u>	

US EPA Region VII Kansas City, KS

*ASR Number:	827 Sample Numb	209 er: 206 QC Cod	e: Matrix: Wate	er Tag (D: *	<u>つ</u> しら 827- 208
Location:	Missouri Tie and Timber Bunker , ,	State: I	. , Missourí	Type: RCRA	
STORET ID: Expected Conc: Latitude:	Circle One: (Low) Medi	External Sample	Number:	Date Time 15,7,01 15,3,7,01 15	:57
	Preservative ainer 4 Deg C ainer HNO3 acidify; 4	Day Deg C. 180 Day 7 Day	s pH of Water s Metals in Water by s Semi-Volatile Organ s VOCs in Water by	HEP (INC is) nic Compounds in W	per Be
Person	water of mile 5:min	n. 4 colice		Li in 109	(02) an.
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ATTACHMENT 13 Page 6 of 6

Sample collected by: Treven Urban

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION VII.

DEX JOA

ACTIVITY LEADER(P	rint)		NAME	OF SUR\	EY OR ACTIVIT	Υ			•	٦	DATE OF COLLECTION	SHEET
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CONTENTS OF SHIP	MENT										-	•
SAMPLE	16-	171 今で2	PE OF CONTAIN	ني ER\$		5	AMP)(A Other	RECEIVING LABORATORY REMARKS OTHER INFORMATION	
NUMBER	CUBITAINEA	BOTTLE	BOTTLE	801TU		à	,	sediment	2	CAIRC	(condition of samples upon recept other sample numbers, etc.)	4
	NUME		TAINERS PER S	AMPLE NUI	MBER	┤┋	3	3	9			 .
827- 10V		3:				<u> </u>		L	Ц		20thirde	
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RELINQUIENED BY	(SAMPLER)	DAT	EINTIME	R	ECEIVED BY		. (7	,	Λ	REASON FOR CHANGE OF CU	TODY
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United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region 7 Laboratory 25 Funston Road Kansas City, KS 66115

Date: 4/6/2001

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 827

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Description: Missouri Tie and Timber

From: Michael Thomas, Associate Laboratory Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome

ENSV/ARCM

This is the sample analysis results transmittal for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR). The data contained in this transmittal have been approved by the Regional Laboratory. This transmittal contains all of the sample analysis results for this ASR. The Regional Laboratory should be notified within 14 days if any changes are needed to the contents of this report. If you have any questions, comments or data changes, please contact the Laboratory Customer Service Department at 913-551-5295.

cc: Analytical Data File

ASR Number: 827

Summary of Activity Information

4/6/2001

Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: (913) 551-7049

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Location: Bunker

State: Missouri

Type: RCRA

Purpose: Enforcement

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report.

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of

FD

sample for quality control

= Field Sample

= Field Duplicate

Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

Deg C = Degrees Celsius

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram mg/L = Milligrams per Liter SU = Standard Units (pH)

= Micrograms per Kilogram ug/kg ug/L = Micrograms per Liter

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank) * Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

K = Actual value of the sample is less than the value reported.

L = Actual value of the sample is greater than the value reported.

U = Not detected at or above the reportable level shown.

Activity Number: DLN14 --- , ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Sample Information Summary

4/6/2001

ample QC lumbe Code	MARITIN	Location	External Sample No.	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt \Date
100	Hazardous	Drip pad waste from drip pad collection system taken near South wall near RR tracks on West side	- 1 :	03/07/2001	13:45	03/07/2001	13:46	03/08/2001
101	Soil	T-Building wood storage area sample taken in drop areas		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
101 -FD	Soll	T-Building wood storage area/Duplicate of sample 101		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
102	Soil	Background soil sample taken approx. 100 yds. South of office bidg.	7:05:05	, 03/07/2001	14:20	03/07/2001	14:25	03/08/2001
205	Water	Collection Pond water sample -	1 11	03/07/2001	16:05	03/07/2001	15:18	03/08/2001
208	Water	Drinking water from on-site well near boiler	•	03/07/2001	15:50	03/07/2001	15:57	03/08/2001

ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Analysis Comments 3

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis

Comments About Results For This Analysis

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP

Slight chromium contamination was found in the laboratory method blank. Only samples containing this compound at a level greater than five times the contamination level of the blank are reported without being qualified. All samples that contained this compound but at a level less than five times the contamination in the blank have the result "U-coded" indicating the method reporting limit has been raised to the level found in the sample. Samples affected were 827-101 and 827-101FD.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Hazardous Waste

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Solids

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100	• '	101	101-FD	102
Flashpoint of Hazardous Samples						
Flashpoint	Deg C	79	Ľ	•	•	
pH of Hazardous Sample					R .	
рН	SU	6.7	<u>.</u> .			
` •	, QQ	, u.r	- '		2	
TCLP Metals in Haz. Waste	•					e . •
Arsenic	mg/L	0.025	U			
Barium	mg/L	0.08	'	•	•	
Cadmium	mg/L	0.005	υ,		-	
Chromium	. mg/L	0.005	U	•		
Lead	mg/L -		Ü	•		
Selenium	mg/L	0.05				•
Silver	mg/L	0.005	V.	к.	•	
TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous					•	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0.00064	U		-	• • •
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L	0.00073	O, ,		ı	
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0005	U	•	· · ·	
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L	0.00059	U			
Hexachloroethane	mg/L	0.00071	บ			
2-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.014	U			
4-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.18				
Nitrobenzene	mg/L	0.00075				
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	0.0012	U			
Pyridine	mg/L	0.0021	U		•	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	rng/L	0.0017	U			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.0017	U	•		-
Total Metals of TCLP in Hazardous Sar	nples by ICAP					
Arsenic	mg/kg	125	U			
Barium	mg/kg	50	U			
Cadmium	mg/kg	25	บ			
Chromium	mg/kg	25	U			
Lead	mg/kg	125	U			
Selenium	mg/kg	250	U			
Silver	mg/kg	25	U			
Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compound:	s in Hazardous W	aste				
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	11.8	U			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg	9.1				
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/kg	13.6				
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/kg	10.9				
Hexachloroethane	mg/kg	15				
2-Methylphenol	mg/kg	43.1				
4-Methylphenol	mg/kg	35.2				
Nitrobenzene	mg/kg	12.9	_			
Pentachlorophenol	mg/kg	24.1				
Pyridine	mg/kg	198				
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	21.7				
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/kg	21.1				
• -			_			

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ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100	101	_	101-FC	•	102	- .
Arsenic	mg/L		5.0	к	5.0	к	· ·	Ť
Barium	mg/L		100	K	100	ĸ		
Cadmium	mg/L		1.0	K	1.0	κ		
Chromium	mg/L		5.0	κ	5.0	ĸ		
Lead	mg/L		5.0	ĸ	5.0	ĸ		
Selenium	mg/L		1.0	ĸ	1.0	ĸ		
Silver	mg/L		5.0	ĸ	5.0	ĸ		
TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil		٠.			•			•
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	.mg/L		0.00064	U	0.00064	U		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L		0.00073	U	0.00073	U		
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L		. 0.0005	Ų	0.0005	U		
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L		0.00059	U	0.00059	U		
Hexachloroethane	mg/L		0.00071	U	0.00071	U		
2-Methylphenol	mg/L		0.0014	υ	0.0014			
4-Methylphenol	mg/L		0.0013	Ü	0.0013	U		
Nitrobenzene	mg/L		0.00075	U	0.00075	υ		
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L		0.0012	U	0.0012			
Pyridine	mg/L		0.0021	U	0.0021			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L		0.0017	U	0.0017	U		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L		0.0017	υ	0.0017	U		
Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Me	etals in Soil by ICAP							
Arsenic	mg/kg	<u> </u>	2.6	U	2.6	U	5.2	
Barium	mg/kg	•	15		15.2		124	
Cadmium	mg/kg		0.52	U	0.52	U	0.67	
Chromium	mg/kg	•	5.5	U	4.2	U	11,4	
Lead	mg/kg		3.1		6.1		27.6	
Selenium	mg/kg		5.2	U	5.2	U	6.7	ι
Silver	mg/kg		0.52	U	0.52	U	. 0.67	Į
otal Semivolatiles of TCLP comp	oounds in Solids							
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		200	U	200	υ	26	(
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	па/ка	ì	160	U	160	U	20	. (
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/kg		230	U	230	U	30	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/kg	. •	190	U	190	U	24	ı
Hexachloroethane	ug/kg		260		260		33	Į
2-Methylphenol	ug/kg		740	U	740	U	96	1
4-Methylphenol	ug/kg		610	U	610		78	
Nitrobenzene	ug/kg	•	220	U	220	U	29	
Pentachlorophenol	ug/kg	•	410	U	410		54	
Pyridine	, ug/kg		3400	U	3400	U ·	440	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg		370	U	370	U	48	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/kg		360	U	360		47	

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5.5. RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results.

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205	208	****
Metals in Water by ICP		<u>-</u>	_	. 1
Aluminum ' .	ug/L	10900	100 U	٠.
Antimony	¹ ug∕L	. 20 U	20 U	•
Arsenic	ug/L	25 U	* 25 U	•
Barium	ug/L	86.3	30	• 4
Beryllium	ug/L	· 1 U	1 U	•
Cadmium	' ug/L	5 U	5 U	
Calcium	mg/L	12.7	48.6	~
Chromium ,	ս ց/ Լ,	13.6	5.2	•
Cobalt	ug/L	5 U	5 U	
Copper	ug/L	10 U	· 10 U	-
Iron	ug/L	8980	50 U	• ,
Lead	ug/L	25 U	25 U	
Magnesium	mg/L	6.4	26.7	
Manganese	ug/L 3	130	, 5 U	
Molybdenum	ug/L,	10 U	10 U	
Nickel	ug/L	15 U	15 U	•
Potassium	mg/L	3.6	2 U	
Selenium .	ug/L	50 U	50 U	
Silver	ug/L	5 U	5 U	
Sodium	mg/L	5,4	3.2 .	
Thaflium	ug/L	30 U	30 ∪	
Titanium	ug/L	139	5 U	. *
Vanadium	ug/L	23.8	5 U	•
Zinc ?	ug/L	22.9	72	^
H of Water			•••	
рН	, SU	7.2	. 7.5	
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in \	Vater			
Acenaphthene	ug/L	0.16 U	0.16 U	
Acenaphthylene	ug/L	0.2 U	0,2 U	•
Anthracene	· ug/L	0.14 U	.0.14 U	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L	0.099 U	0.099 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L	0.1 U	0.1 U	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.13 U	0.13 U	• •
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/L	0.11 U	0.11 U	* .*
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.12 U	0.12 U	
Benzoic acid	ug/L	1.3 U	1.3 U	
Benzyl alcohol	ug/L	0.96 U	0.96 U	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ug/L	0.32 U	0.32 U	•
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	, ug/L	0.4 U	0.4° U	
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ug/L	0.33 U	0.33 U	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L	0.83 U	0.83 U	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.35 U	0.35 U	
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L	0.94 U	0.94 U	•
Carbazole	ug/L	2 U	2 U	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L	1.2 U	1.2 U	•
4-Chloroaniline	n ō/L	1.2 U	1.2 U	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L	0.69 U	0.69 U	
	~8~ ~	J.03 U	0.09 U	

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ASR Number: 827

RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205	,	208	-		
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.28	Ù	0.28	υ		
Chrysene	ug/L	0.11	U	0.11	U	•	
Di-n-butylphthalate	ug/L	0.31	U	0.31	υ		
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/L	0.31	U	0.31	U		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	0.13	U	0.13	υ		
Dibenzofuran	ug/L 🐪	0.6	U	. 0.6	Ų		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	· ug/L	0.86	U	0.86	Ú		
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	· ug/L	0.54	U	0.54	U		•
1,4-Dichlorobenzene '	¹ ug/L	0.64	U	` 0.64	U	:	
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/L	1.4	U	1.4	U		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L	1,2	U	1.2	U		
Diethylphthalate	ug/L (. 0.3	U	0.3	U		
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/L	1.5	υĖ	1.5	U		
Dimethylphthalate	ug/L .	0.23	U	0.23	U		
4,6-Dinitro-2-mathylphenol	Ug/L.	· · ·2	U	. 2	U		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/L	2.4	U	2.4	U.	•	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	υg/L	0.73	U i	, 0.73	U	.'	
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	0.89	υŤ	0.89		•	
Fluoranthene	ug/L	1.3	ε.	0.12	υ		
Fluorene	ug/L		U	0.17		•	
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/L	0.5	U	0.5	υ		
Hexachlorobutadiene	ug/L	0.59	Ų í	¹ 0.59	U		. •
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/L	0.6	U	0.6			
Hexachloroethane	ug/L		U	0.71		_	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L		Ù	0.15			
Isophorone	ug/L		U	0.81			_
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	0.72	Ū	0.72			•
2-Methylphenol	ug/L		Ū		Ū		
4-Methylphenol	ug/L	1.3		1,3			
Naphthalene	ug/L	0.18		0.18			
2-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.78		0.78			
3-Nitroanitine	ug/L	0.53		0.53			
4-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.86		. 0.86			
Nitrobenzene	ug/L	0.75		0.75		7	
2-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1.3		1.3			
4-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1.4		1.4			
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/L	0.41		0.41			
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/L	0.33		0.33			
Pentachlorophenol	ug/L	1.2		1.2			
Phenanthrene	ug/L	0.11		0.11		,	
Phenol	ug/L	. 1.1		1.1			
Pyrene	ug/L	0.092		0.092			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.7		0.7			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	1.7		1.7			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	1.7		1.7			



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES DIVISION REGION 7 25 FUNSTON ROAD - - -KANSAS CITY, KANSAS 66115

Date:

MAY 2 4 2001

Attached is the data transmittal for the above referenced site. This is a Modified Data Transmittal; these data are modified and differ from data previously transmitted. If you have any questions or comments, please contact Dee Simmons at 551-5129.

Attachment

cc: Primary Data File

MODIFIED DATA: Data were modified for the following reason(s):

At the Project Landows Request,

and boung reported in LIMS.

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Region 7 Laboratory 25 Funston Road Kansas City, KS 66115

Date: 5/24/2001

Subject: Transmittal of Sample Analysis Results for ASR #: 827

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Description: Missouri Tie and Timber, ...

From: Michael Thomas, Associate Laboratory Director

Regional Laboratory, Environmental Services Division

To: Dedriel Newsome ENSV/ARCM

This is the sample analysis results transmittal for the above-referenced Analytical Services Request (ASR). The data contained in this transmittal have been approved by the Regional Laboratory. This transmittal contains all of the sample analysis results for this ASR. The Regional Laboratory should be notified within 14 days if any changes are needed to the contents of this report. If you have any questions, comments or data changes, please contact the Laboratory Customer Service Department at 913-551-5295.

cc: Analytical Data File

ASR Number: 827

Summary of Activity Information

4/6/2001

Activity Leader: Newsome, Dedriel

Org: ENSV/ARCM

Phone: (913) 551-7049

Activity Number: DLN14

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Location: Bunker

State: Missouri

Type: RCRA

Purpose: Enforcement

Explanation of Codes, Units and Qualifiers used on this report.

Sample QC Codes: QC Codes identify the type of

sample for quality control

__ = Field Sample
FD = Field Duplicate

Units: Specific units in which results are reported.

Deg C = Degrees Celsius

mg/kg = Milligrams per Kilogram mg/L = Milligrams per Liter SU = Standard Units (pH) ug/kg = Micrograms per Kilogram

ug/L = Micrograms per Liter

Data Qualifiers: Specific codes used in conjunction with data values to provide additional information

on the quality of reported results, or used to explain the absence of a specific value.

(Blank) = Values have been reviewed and found acceptable for use.

K = Actual value of the sample is less than the value reported.

L = Actual value of the sample is greater than the value reported.

U = Not detected at or above the reportable level shown.

ASR Number: 827

Sample Information Summary

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Sample QC Numbe Cod	Matrix	Location	External Sample No.	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Receipt Date
100	Hazardous	Drip pad waste from drip pad collection system taken near South wall near RR tracks on West side		03/07/2001	13:45	03/07/2001	13:46	03/08/2001
101	Soil	T-Building wood storage area sample taken in drop areas		03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
101 -FD	· Soil	T-Building wood storage area/Duplicate of sample 101	Ŧ	03/07/2001	14:00	03/07/2001	14:05	03/08/2001
102	Soil	Background soil sample taken approx, 100 yds, South of office bldg.		03/07/2001	14:20	03/07/2001	14:25	03/08/2001
205	Water	Collection Pond water sample		03/07/2001	16:05	03/07/2001	16:18	03/08/2001
208	Water	Drinking water from on-site well near boiler		03/07/2001	15:50	03/07/2001	15:57	03/08/2001

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

Analysis

Comments About Results For This Analysis

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Hazardous Waste

The compounds previously reported in the original transmittal under the "Total Semi-Volatiles of TCLP Compounds in Hazardous" are not reported again in this data set. See the original transmittal for these compounds and associated results.

As requested by the EPA Project Leader, the laboratory was requested to analyze the above samples for the complete list of routine BNA compounds after they had previously been analyzed, and data reported, for the totals of TCLP semivolatiles and TCLP semivolatiles. The laboratory proceeded with the analysis as requested. Although no data were qualified based on holding times, it is possible that the actual concentrations may have been higher than the reported results.

Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in Soil

Sample 827-102 was not re-extracted with the other samples due to the fact that none of the target compounds exceeded the linearity in the initial analysis. The initial analysis of this sample (and all others) was analyzed in conjunction with a valid calibration for all target compounds. Therefore, the submitted data for this sample contained all target BNA compounds as requested. Also, the compounds previously reported in the original transmittal under the "Total Semi-Volatiles of TCLP Compounds in Solids" are not reported again in this data set. See the original transmittal for these compounds and associated results.

As requested by the EPA Project Leader, the laboratory was requested to analyze the above samples for the complete list of routine BNA compounds after they had previously been analyzed, and data reported, for the totals of TCLP semivolatiles and TCLP semivolatiles. The laboratory proceeded with the analysis as requested. Although no data were qualified based on holding times, it is possible that the actual concentrations may have been higher than the reported results.

Due to matrix interferences and very high native concentrations, MS/MSD recoveries of the phenolic compounds ranged from 0% - 7%. Based on the nature of the samples and the observed MS/MSD results, it is possible that the reported results for the phenolic compounds may be biased low.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Soil

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Metals Analysis of TCLP Metals in Soil by ICAP

Slight chromium contamination was found in the laboratory method blank. Only samples containing this compound at a level greater than five times the contamination level of the blank are reported without being qualified. All samples that contained this compound but at a level less than five times the contamination in the blank have the result "U-coded" indicating the method reporting limit has been raised to the level found in the sample. Samples affected were 827-101 and 827-101FD.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Hazardous Waste

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compounds in Solids

The laboratory reported 3-methylphenol and 4-methylphenol as an isomer pair. As a result, 3-methylphenol is not reported individually.

Activity Number: DLN14 - ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

🖙 : RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results: 🕠

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	100	101	_ 101-FD	102
Flashpoint of Hazardous Samples					
Flashpoint	Deg C	,79 L			
pH of Hazardous Sample			;		
•	SU	6.7			
pH		6.7			
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in	n Hazardous Waste	•	•		3
Acenaphthene	mg/kg	10670	, ,		
Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	64,6	•		
Anthracene	mg/kg	14710			
Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	3130			,
Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	957			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	1070			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg ·	233	-		
Benzo(k)fluorantherie	mg/kg	983			
Benzoic acid	mg/kg	149 U	l		
Benzyl alcohol	mg/kg	49.8 U	ı		•
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	mg/kg	16.8 U			
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	mg/kg	. 14,9 U			
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	mg/kg	21.8 U			
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	mg/kg	18.8 U			
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	· 13.2 U			
Butylbenzylphthalate	mg/kg	14.1 U	•		
Carbazole	mg/kg	11650			_
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	mg/kg	' 35.3 U			•
4-Chloroaniline	mg/kg	53 U			
2-Chloronaphthalene	mg/kg	25.4 U			•
2-Chlorophenol	mg/kg	63.3 U			
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	mg/kg	15.3 U			
Chrysene	mg/kg	3770			
Oi-n-butylphthalate	mg/kg	17.6 U			
Di-n-octylphthalate	mg/kg	15.9 U	•		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	8.1 U			
Dibenzofuran	mg/kg	8300	•		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	33.8 U		* · · · · ·	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	mg/kg	36.5 U			
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	mg/kg	186 U			
2,4-Dichlorophenol	mg/kg	55.5 U			
Diethylphthalate	mg/kg	11.6 U	-	•	
2,4-Dimethylphenol	mg/kg	296 U			
Dimethylphthalate	mg/kg	6.6 U			
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	mg/kg	63.9 U	-		
2,4-Dinitrophenol	mg/kg	112 U			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	mg/kg ,	. 33.9 U			
Fluoranthene	mg/kg	22330			
Fluorene	mg/kg	14240			
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	mg/kg	28.5 U			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	mg/kg	264			
Isophorone	mg/kg	27.6 U			
2-Methylnaphthalene	rng/kg	2080			
Naphthalene	. mg/kg	4170			_

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Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

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Analysis / Analyte	Units	_100	101- <u>/</u>	101-FD 102- <u>·</u>
2-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	29.9 U		· }
3-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	、71.9 U		, • -7
4-Nitroaniline	mg/kg	66.3 U	•	
2-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	50.4 U		- K
4-Nitrophenol	mg/kg	61.1 U		
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	mg/kg	24.8 U	e. Land	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	mg/kg	13.1 U		
Phenanthrene	mg/kg	53280	•	,
Phenol '	mg/kg	. 57.6 U		•
Pyrene .	mg/kg	15690	ī	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	mg/kg	24.5 U		•
TCLP Metals in Haz. Waste			•	•
Arsenic	mg/L	0.025 U		-
Barium	mg/L	0.08		•
Cadmium	mg/L	- 0.005 U	•	
Chromium	mg/L	' 0.005 U		
Lead	mg/L	' 0.025 U		
Selenium	mg/L	0.05 U	•	
Silver	mg/L	0.005 U		±
TCLP Semi-Volatiles in Hazardous	•	•		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L	0.00064 U	5	٠.
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	mg/L	0.00073 U		•
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L	0.0005 U		•
Hexachlorobutadiene	mg/L	.0.00059 .U		•
Hexachloroethane	mg/L	0.00071 U		
2-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.014 U		•
4-Methylphenol	mg/L	0.18	• •	•
Nitrobenzene	mg/L	0.00075 U		**************************************
Pentachlorophenol	mg/L	0.0013 U		3-
Pyridine	mg/L	0.0021 U	•	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	, 0.0017 U	V	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	mg/L	0.0017 U		u**4. ≠
		0,0011 0	-	•
Total Metals of TCLP in Hazardous Sa	mples by ICAP	, 2	•	•
Arsenic	mg/kg	125 U	n 📆	-
Barium	mg/kg	50 U	√ - - *)	•
Cadmium	mg/kg	- 25 U		- *
Chromium	mg/kg	√ 25 U	•	
Lead	mg/kg	125 U	•	•
Selenium .	mg/kg	' 250 U		*
Silver	mg/kg	25 U		
Total Semivolatiles of TCLP compound	is in Hazardous V	Vaste	,	•
Pyridine	mg/kg	198 U	•	
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in S	Soil	- इत		
Acenaphthene	ug/kg	.•	117000	86500 7.2 U
Acenaphthylene	ug/kg		3020 U	3020 U 🗽 5.2 U
Anthracene	ug/kg		127000	99200 4.9 U
Benzo(s)snthracene	ug/kg		50200	38400 3.7 U
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/kg		2940 U	2940 U 5.1 Ú

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RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

Activity Number: DLN14

ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

4/6/2001

nalysis / Analyte	Ųnit s	100	101		101-FD		102	_
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/kg	<u></u>	4720	U	4720		8.1	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	п д/k g			U		U	6.7	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/kg		3940	U	3940	U	6.8	
Benzoic acid	ug/kg	•	76500	U		U	• 132	
Benzył alcohol	ug/kg		25700	U		U	44.3	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	u g/ kg		8660	Ų		U	14.9	
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/kg		7650	υ		U	13.2	
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	, ug/kg ,		11200	U	11200	U	19.3	
bis(2-Ethythexyl)phthalate	ug/kg		9660	U .	9660	U	16.7	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg		6800		6800	U	11.7	
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/kg ·		7270	U	7270	U	12,5	
Carbazole	ug/kg		86400		60700		78.7	ı
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/kg		18200	U	18200	U	31.3	í
4-Chloroaniline	ug/kg		27300	U	27300	U	47.1	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/kg		13100	U	13100	U	22.5	ŕ
2-Chlorophenol	ug/kg		32600	U	32600	Ų Ì	56.3	i
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/kg		7890	U	7890	U	13.6	i
Chrysene	ug/kg		70500		62200		4.3	ļ
Di-n-butylphthalate	_ ug/kg		9050	U	9050	U	15.6	í
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/kg		8200	U	8200	Ų	14,1	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/kg	•	4180	U	4180	υ	7.2	?
Dibenzofuran	ug/kg		64300		37100		22.4	ļ
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		17400	U	17400	U	30)
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/kg		18800	υ	18800	U	32.4	ļ
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ug/kg		95900	U	95900	U	165	í
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/kg	•	28600	U	28600	U	49.3	ļ
Diethylphthalate	ug/kg		5950	U	5950	U	10.3	ļ
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/kg		152000	U	152000	U	263	J
Dimethylphthalate	ug/kg		3400	U	3400	U	5.9	}
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/kg		32900	U	32900	Ų	56.8	,
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/kg		57700	U	57700	U	99.5	į
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ug/kg		17500	U	17500	U	30.1	į
Fluoranthene	ug/kg		363000		297000	•	106	3
Fluorene	· ug/kg		159000		120000		6.5	5
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ug/kg		14700	U	14700	U	25.3	3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/kg		2550	U	2550	U	4.4	4
Isopherene	. ug/kg		14200	U	14200	Ų	24.5	j
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/kg		13400	U	13400	U	123.1	i
Naphthalene .	ug/kg		3250	U	3250	U	5.6	
2-Nitroanliine	ug/kg		15400	U	15400	U	26.5	
3-Nitroaniline	ug/kg		37000	U	37000	U	63.9	
4-Nitroaniline	ug/kg		34200	υ	34200	U	58.9)
2-Nitrophenol	∵ ug/kg		26000	U	26000	U	44.8	,
4-Nitrophenol	. ug/kg		31500	U	31500	U	54.3	
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ug/kg		12800	U	12800	U	22	2
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/kg		6730	U	6730	U	11.6	ŝ
Phenanthrene	ug/kg		648000		486000		195	5
Phenol	ug/kg		29700	U	29700	U	51.2	2
Pyrene	ug/kg		277000		233000		75	5
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/kg		12600	U	12600	U	21.7	7

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ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

. . . RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

4/6/2001

Activity Desc. Misso						_	**	4/6/2001		
Analysis / Analyte	\mathcal{E}^{n}	Units	100	101	-	101-F)	102	<u>-</u>	
TCLP Metals in Soil	•	* k							-	
Arsenic		mg∕L		5.0	κ	5.0	ĸ			
Barium		mg/L		100	K	100	ĸ		•	
Cadmium		mg/L		1.0	K	1.0	K			
Chromium		mg/L		5.0	K	5.0	ĸ			
Lead ,		, mg/L		5.0	K	5.0	K			
Selenium	-	mg/L		1.0	K	1.0	Κ 🗀	,		
Silver . ,		mg/L		5.0	K	5.0	٠Κ			
CLP Semi-Volatiles in S	oil	•								
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		, mg/L		0.00064	U	0.00064	U			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	-	mg/L		0.00073	U	0.00073	U			
Hexachlorobenzene	••	mg/L		0.0005	U	0.0005	U	- •		
Hexachlorobutadiene	•	mg/L		0.00059	U	0.00059	U			
Hexachloroethane		mg/L		0.00071	U	0.00071	U			
2-Methylphenol	•	¹ mg/L		0.0014	U	0.0014	U			
4-Methylphenol		mg/L	•	0.0013	U	0.0013	υ			
Nitrobenzene		mg/L		0.00075	U	0.00075	U			
Pentachlorophenol		mg/L		0.0012	U	0.0012	U			
Pyridine		mg/L		0.0021	U	0.0021	U			
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		mg/L		0.0017	U	0.0017	U			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	•	mg/L		0.0017	U	0.0017	U			
otal Metals Analysis of T	CLP Metals	in Soil by ICAP				٠	-			
Arsenic ·		mg/kg		2.6	U	2.6	υ `.	5.2		
Barium		mg/kg		15		15.2		124		
Cadmium		mg/kg		0.52	U	0.52	υ	0.67	υ	
Chromium		mg/kg		5.5	U	4.2	U	11,4	٠	
Lead		mg/kg		3.1		6.1		27.6		
Selenium		mg/kg		5.2	U	5,2	U	6.7	U	
Silver		mg/kg		0.52	U	0.52	U	0.67	U.	
otal Semivolatiles of TCL	P compound	ds in Solids								
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		ug/kg		200·	Ų	200	U	26	Ų	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	•	ug/kg		160	Ų	160	U	20	U	
Hexachlorobenzene ·		ug/kg		230	Ų	230	U		υ	
Hexachlorobutadiene		ug/kg		190	U	190	U	24	U	
Hexachloroethane	٠.	ug/kg*		260	U	260	Ų	33	Ų	
2-Methylphenol		ug/kg		740	U	740	U	96	Ų	
4-Methylphenol		⊃ ug/kg		610	U	610	U	78	U-	
Nitrobenzene		t, ug/kg		220	U	220	U	29	U.	
Pentachlorophenol	•	· ug/kg		410	U	410	U	54	U	
Pyridine 1	-	ug/kg		3400	U	3400	υ	440	υ	
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol		ug/kg		370	U	370	U	48	U	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		ug/kg' '		360		360		-	Ū	

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ASR Number: 827 RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

Activity Number: DLN14

. 4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205- <u>. </u>	208	٦
Metals in Water by ICP	- ,			,
Aluminum .	ug/L	10900	100 U	
Antimony	ug/L	20 U	20 U	
Arsenic	ug/L	25 U	· 25 U	
Barium	ug/L	86.3	30	
Beryllium	ug/L	່ 1 ປ	1 U	
Cadmium	ug/L	ີ 5 ປ	5 U	
Calcium	mg/L	. 12.7	48.6	
Chromium	ug/L	* 13.6	5.2	•
Cobalt	ug/L	5 U	5 U	
Copper	ug/L	10 U	, 10 U	•
Iron	ug/L	8980	50 U	
Lead	ug/L	' 25 U	25 U	
Magnesium	mg/L	6.4	26.7	
Manganese	ug/L	130	5 U	·
Molybdenum	ug/L	` 10 U	10 U	
Nickel	ug/L	15 U	.15 U	٠.
Potassium .	mg/L	3.6	2 U	
Selenium	ug/L	. 50 U	50 U	
Silver	ug/L	5 U	5 U	
Sodium	mg/L	5.4	3.2	·
Thailium	ug/L	30 U	30 U	
Titanium	ug/L	139	'5 U	
Vanadium	ug/L	23.8	5 U	
Zinc ·	ug/L	22.9	72	·*-
oH of Water	- -	٠,		
рН	su	7.2	7.5	
Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds in	n Water			
Acenaphthene	ug/L	0.16 U	0.16 U	•
Acenaphthylene	ug/L	0.2 U	0.2 U	
Anthracene	ug/L	0.14 U	0.14 U	
Benzo(a)anthracene	ug/L	0.099 U	0.099 U	
Benzo(a)pyrene	ug/L	0.1 U	0.1 U	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.13 U	0.13 U	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ug/L	0.11 U	0.1Î U	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ug/L	0.12 U	0.12 U	
Benzoic acid	ug/L	1,3 U	1.3 U	
Benzyl alcohol	ug/L	0.96 U	0.96 U	
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	. ug/L	0.32 U	0.32 U	
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ug/L	0.4 U	0.4 U	,
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ug/L	0.33 U	0.33 U	,
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ug/L	0.83 U	0.83 U	
4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.35 U	0.35 U	•
Butylbenzylphthalate	ug/L	0.94 U	0.94 U	••
Carbazole	ug/L	2 U	, 2 U	
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	ug/L	· 1.2 U	1.2 U	
4-Chloroaniline	ug/L	1.2 Ų	1.2 U	
2-Chloronaphthalene	ug/L	0.69 U	0.69 U	
2-Chlorophenol	ug/L '	1.3 U	1.3 U	•

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Activity Number: DLN14. Pro Control ASR Number: 827

Activity Desc: Missouri Tie and Timber

🕜 RLAB Approved Sample Analysis Results 🐣

4/6/2001

Analysis / Analyte	Units	205 <u></u>		208		
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	ug/L	0.28	υ	0.28	υ	
Chrysene	u g/L	0.11	υ	0.11	U	'
Di-n-butylphthalate	, ng/L	.0.31	U	0.31		
Di-n-octylphthalate	ug/L	0.31	Ų	0.31		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ug/L	ັ ຸ 0.13 ∃	U	0.13	U	
Dibenzofuran	ug/L	0.6	υ	0.6		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.86	U	0.86		•
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.54	บ	0.54	Ū	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	0.64	U	0.64	υ.	_
3,3'-Dichtorobenzidine	u g/L	. 1.4	U	1.4		
2,4-Dichlorophenol	ug/L	. 1.2	U	1.2		•
Diethylphthalate	ug/L	0.3		0.3		•
2,4-Dimethylphenol	ug/L	1.5		1.5		
Dimethylphthalate	ug/L.	0.23	-	0.23		
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	ug/L	, 2 (ū	
2,4-Dinitrophenol	ug/L	2.4		2.4		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ug/L	0.73		0.73	_	£
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ng/r	0.89		0.75		·
Fluoranthene U12C	na\rac{1}{r}	1,3	•	0.12		
Fluorene	ug/L	0.17	11	0.12		_
Hexachlorobenzene	ug/L		υ	0.17		F
Hexachlorobutadiene	na\r	0.59	_	0.59		
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ng/L	0.55	_			
Hexachloroethane	, ug/L	0.71	_	0.6		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ug/L	0.15	-	0.71		v
Isophorone			•	0.15		
2-Methylnaphthalene	ug/L	• •	U	0.81		
2-Methylphenol	ug/L	0,72 l - 1,4 l		0.72		•
4-Methylphenol	ug/L			1;4		
Naphthalene	ug/L	1.3		1.3		
2-Nitroaniline	ug/L	,0.18		0.18		
3-Nitroanillne	ug/L	0.78		0.78		
4-Nitroaniline	ug/L	0.53		0.53		•
Nitrobenzene	ug/L	0,86		0.86		
2-Nitrophenol	, ug/L	0.75		0.75		٠.
4-Nitrophenol	ug/L	1.3 1		1.3		
•	ug/L	, 1.4 (1.4		
N-nitroso-di-n-propytamine	ug/L	, 0.41	_	0.41		•
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	ug/L	0.33	_	0.33		•
Pentachlorophenol	ug/L	1.2		1,2		
Phenol	υg/L 	0.11	_	0.11		/ -
	ug/L	. 1.1		1.1		
Pyrene	ug/L	0.092		0.092		*
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ug/L.	0.7		0.7		.*-
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	. 1.7		1.7		
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ug/L	1.7	U	1.7	U	. ~

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SAMPLE #	101	101FD	REL STD DEV
	(mdd)	(mdd)	*
LEAD	3.1	1'9	46.12
LEAD TCLP		******	
BARIUM	15	15.2	0.94
BARIUM TCLP			
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	\$0.2	38.4	18.83
	,		
CHRYSENE	70.5	62.2	8.85
FLUORANTHENE	363	297	14.14

MISSOURI TIE AND TIMBER PHOTOS

Reynolds, MO March 7, 2001

Photos Taken by D. Newsome unless otherwise noted

D. Newsome





Mvc-0021x.jpg



Mvc-0022x.jpg M Disk #4



Mvc-0023x.jpg



Mvc-0024x.jpg



Mvc-0025x.jpg



Photo 1 -West side of Treatment Building (facing east) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump.



Photo 2 -West side of Treatment Building (facing east) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump. Close-up of the containment sump.



Photo 3 -West side of Treatment Building (facing southeast) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump. Close-up of the drip pad's collection vat in the containment sump.

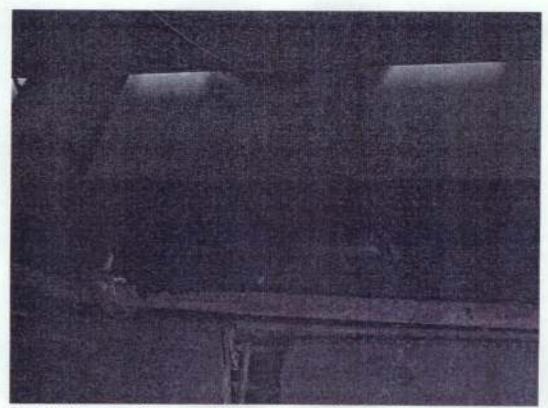


Photo 4 -West side of Treatment Building (facing southeast) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump. Close-up of the drip pad's collection vat in the containment sump.

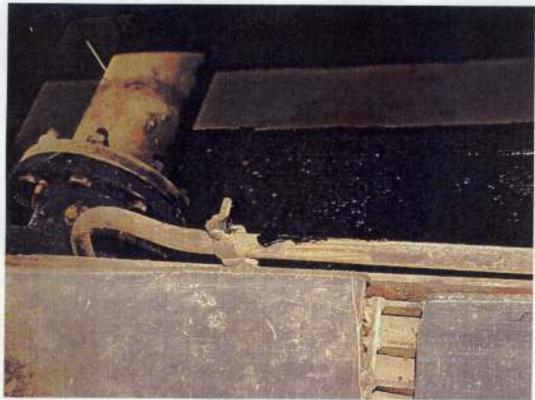


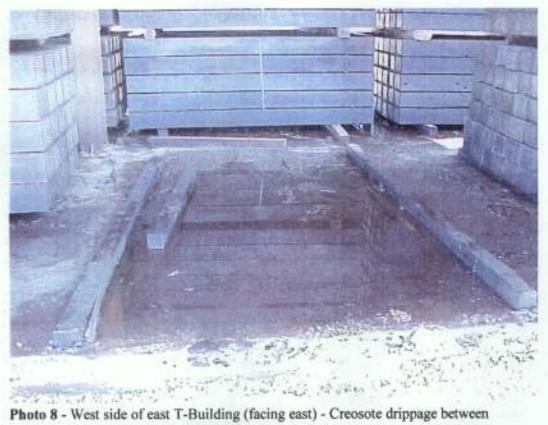
Photo 5 -West side of Treatment Building (facing southeast) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump. Close-up of the drip pad's collection vat in the containment sump.



Photo 6 -West side of Treatment Building (facing southeast) - Two treatment cylinders with the rail raised over the containment sump. Close-up of the drip pad's collection vat under the treatment cylinder door in the containment sump



Photo 7 -South side of east T-Building (facing north) - Creosote drippage between the two rows of treated wood being stored on the T-Building's concrete pad.



bundles of treated wood being stored on the T-Building's concrete pad.



Photo 9 - West side of south T-Building - Creosote drippage between bundles of treated wood being stored on the T-Building's concrete pad.



Photo 10 - Close-up of photo 9 along edge of T-Building



Photo 11 -West side of Treatment Building (facing west) -Treated wood sitting on the west drip pad along with two bundles of untreated wood.



Photo 12 -West side of Treatment Building (facing north) - Close-up of the drip pad's collection vat in the containment sump under the south rail bridge. Sample #100



Photo 13 -West side of Treatment Building (looking down into the containment sump near the south cylinder) - About 20 five gallon pails of various fullness being stored.



Photo 14 -South side of the south T-Building (facing north) - Sample #101/101D



Photo 15 -South side of the south T-Building (facing south) - About 1 ft diameter creosote drippage on ground.

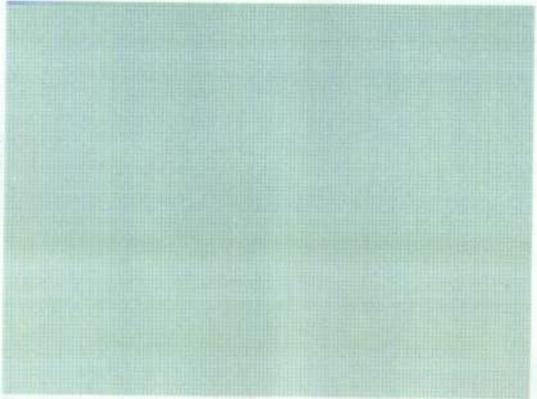


Photo 16 -South Storage Yard - Photo did not take

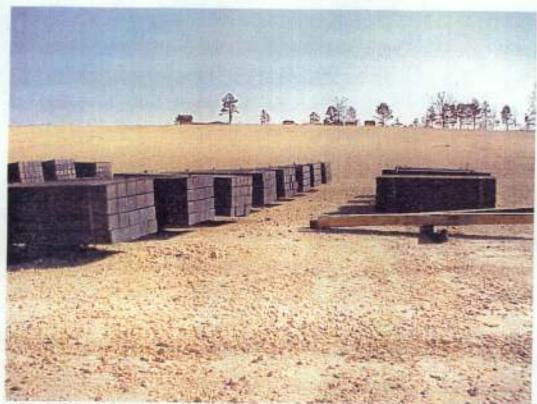


Photo 17 -South Storage Yard (facing south) - Treated wood being stored on ground.



Photo 18 -South Storage Yard (facing southeast) - Treated wood being stored on ground. Some drippage observed under bundles



Creosote Drippage

Photo 19 --Southeast Storage Yard (facing south) - Treated wood being stored on ground. Some drippage observed under bundles



Photo 20 -Southeast side of the south T-Building (facing west) - Sample #101/101D

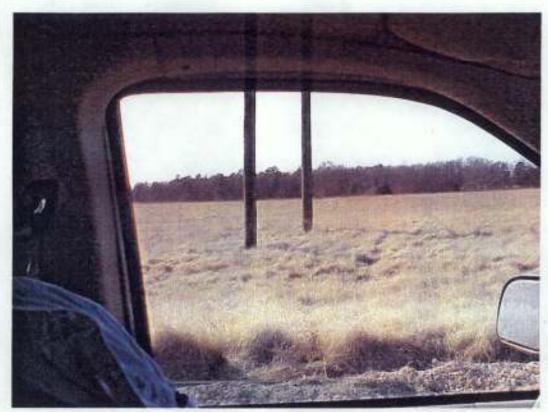


Photo 23 - Old farm area north of the collection pond. Background sample #102

Water faucet purging

Area of well head;pump inside wall behind faucet

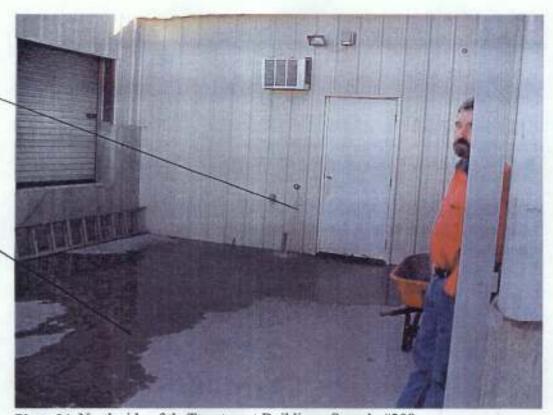


Photo 24 -North side of the Ttreatment Building - Sample #208



Photo 25 -Collection pond (facing northwest) Sample #205 Photo taken by Trevor Urban